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| FORM PTO-1390 | U.S. Department of Commerce | Attorney's Docket Number | | | | | | | |
| (REV. 5/93) Pate | ent and Trademark Office | | | | | | | | |
| | | 117-260 | | | | | | | |
| | R TO THE UNITED STATES | U.S. Application No. (if 10 9 see 0 9 R 1 5 38 | | | | | | | |
| | TED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) | 09/091999 | | | | | | | |
| CONCERNING A FIL | ING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 | (To Be Assigned) | | | | | | | |
| International Application No. | International Filing Date | Priority Date Claimed | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT/GB96/03221 | 23 December 1996 | 21 December 1995 | | | | | | | |
| Title of Invention | | | | | | | | | |
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| NOVEL POLYNUCLEOTIC | ES AND POLYPEPTIDES IN PATH | OGENIC MYCOBACTERIA AND THEIR USE AS DIAGNOSTICS, | | | | | | | |
| | | ETS FOR CHEMOTHERAPY | | | | | | | |
| Applicant(s) For DO/EO/US | | | | | | | | | |
| inplicating of the state of t | | | | | | | | | |
| | HERMON | TAVI OP at al | | | | | | | |
| HERMON-TAYLOR et al Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information. | | | | | | | | | |
| | sion of items concerning a filing und | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f) at any time rather than delay examination | | | | | | | | | |
| | cable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(| | | | | | | | |
| | | was made by the 19 th month from the earliest claimed priority date. | | | | | | | |
| | Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c | | | | | | | | |
| a. is transmitted herew | ith (required only if not transmitted b | by the International Bureau). | | | | | | | |
| i e u. 🔯 nas been transmitte | d by the International Bureau. | | | | | | | | |
| c. 🔲 is not required, as th | ne application was filed in the United | States Receiving Office (RO/US). | | | | | | | |
| A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). | | | | | | | | | |
| Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). | | | | | | | | | |
| a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). | | | | | | | | | |
| i : h Cl have been transmitte | ed by the International Bureau | | | | | | | | |
| in the been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. □ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. | | | | | | | | | |
| d. have not been made and will not be made. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). | | | | | | | | | |
| | of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). | | | | | | | |
| | | = XXXIIIII XXXIII XXIII XXIIIX | | | | | | | |
| 11. The above checked items are being transmitted: | | | | | | | | | |
| a before the 18 th month publication. | | | | | | | | | |
| b. after publication and the Article 20 communication but before 20 months from the priority date. | | | | | | | | | |
| c. after 20 months. | proper demand for International Dre | eliminary Examination was made by the 19 th month from the earliest | | | | | | | |
| alaimed priority data | proper demand for international Pre | similitary Examination was made by the 1955 month from the earliest | | | | | | | |
| claimed priority date. | | | | | | | | | |
| e. after 30 months. | ' (07 OFD 4 407() (1/1) ' - | 'COT 11 O O OTA ' | | | | | | | |
| l . | | essary if 35 U.S.C. 371 requirements submitted (1) after 20 months and | | | | | | | |
| no proper demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by 19 months from the earliest claimed priority date, or (2) after 30 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ation was made by 19 months from the earliest claimed priority date. | | | | | | | |
| | mendments to the claims under Artic | | | | | | | | |
| a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). | | | | | | | | | |
| b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau | | | | | | | | | |
| c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. | | | | | | | | | |
| d. have not been made and will not be made. | | | | | | | | | |
| 13. ☐ Certain requirements under 35 U.S.C. 371 were previously submitted by the applicant on, namely: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 14. ⊠ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. | | | | | | | | | |
| 15. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. | | | | | | | | | |
| 16. ⊠ A FIRST preliminary amendment. | | | | | | | | | |
| ☐ A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. | | | | | | | | | |
| 17. A substitute specification. | | | | | | | | | |
| 18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. | | | | | | | | | |

| 19. ⊠ Other items or information: International Search Report, Sequence Listing (Paper Form) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------|----------|--|----------|---|--|--|
| 20. ☐ The following fees are submitted: | | | | | | CALCULATION F S | | PTOUSEONLY | | |
| BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5) | | | | | | | | | | |
| BASIC NATIONAL F | .\$930.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO\$930.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.492)\$720.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.492) but international | | | | | | | | | | |
| search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2))\$790.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee | | | | | | l | ٠ | | | |
| (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$1,070.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims | | | | | | l | | | | |
| satisfied provision of PCT Article 33(1) to (4)\$98.00 | | | | | | \$ | | | | |
| ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT = | | | | | | | 930.00 | 2, 52 (1997) | | |
| Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the National fee or oath or declaration later than | | | | | | | | | | |
| . 20 ⊠ 30 mos. from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)). | | | | | | | 130.00 | | | |
| CLAIMS | MS NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA RATE | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Claims | 36 | -20 = | 16 | X | \$22.00 | \$ | 352.00 | | | |
| Independent Claims | 5 | -3 = | 2 | Х | \$82.00 | Ш | 164.00 | | | |
| Multiple Dependent Clair | ns(s) (if appl | licable) | | | 70.00 | \$ | 270.00 | | | |
| TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS = | | | | | | | 1846.00 | | | |
| Reduction by ½ for filing by small entity, if applicable. Affidavit must be filed also. | | | | | | | | | | |
| ɪfNote 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28). | | | | | | ا | 0.00 | | | |
| SUBTOTAL = | | | | | | \$ | 1846.00 | Section 1 | | |
| Processing fee of \$130.00, for furnishing the English Translation later than | | | | | | | 2.22 | | | |
| 20 30 mos., from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f). | | | | | | | 0.00 | Confidence Section | | |
| TOTAL NATIONAL FEE = | | | | | | \$ | 1846.00 | | | |
| Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be | | | | | | | 0.00 | | | |
| accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property + | | | | | | \$ | 0.00 | | | |
| Fee for Petition to Revive Unintentionally Abandoned Application (\$1,320 – Small Entity Fee = \$660) | | | | | | \$ | 0.00 | | | |
| E TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED = | | | | | | \$ | 1846.00 | | | |
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| A check in the amount of \$1846.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. □ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1140 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this | | | | | | | | | | |
| form is enclosed. | | | | | | | | | | |
| c. 🖂 The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deposit Account No. 14-1140. A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Uh K. Cul | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | <u> </u> | <u>. </u> | 7 | | | |
| SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO: Signature | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
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| NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1100 North Glebe Road, 8 th Floor | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arlington, Virginia 22201 Telephone: (703) 816-4000 Arthur R. Crawford | | | | | | | | | | |
| Telephone: (703) 816-4000 Arthur R. Crawford Name | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Registration Number | | | | | | Date | | | | |
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09/091538 12 Rec'd PCT/PTO 19 JUN1998

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

HERMON-TAYLOR et al

Atty. Ref.: 117-260

Serial No. (To Be Assigned)

Group:

Filed: 19 June 1998

Examiner:

For: NOVEL POLYNUCLEOTIDES AND POLYPEPTIDES IN PATHOGENIC MYCOBACTERIA AND THEIR USE AS DIAGNOSTICS, VACCINES AND TARGETS FOR CHEMOTHERAPY

June 19, 1998

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

In order to place the above-identified application in better condition for examination, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Claim 4, lines 2 and 3, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 -

HERMON-TAYLOR et al Serial No. (To Be Assigned)

Claim 8, line 3, change "any one of claims 4 to 7" to -- Claim 4 --.

Claim 9, line 2, change "any one of claims 4 to 7" to -- Claim 4 --.

Claim 10, line 2, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 ---

Please cancel claim 12 without prejudice.

Claim 13, lines 4 and 5, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 --.

Claim 14, line 2, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 --.

Claim 15, line 3, change "claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 --.

Claim 16, line 2, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 ---

Claim 18, line 3, change "claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2--.

Please delete Claim 19 without prejudice.

Claim 20, line 1, change "claims 18 or 19" to -- Claim 18 ---

Claim 21, lines 3 and 4, change "any one of claims 1 to 3" to -- Claim 1 or 2 --.

REMARKS

The above amendments are made to place the claims in a more traditional format.

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19 JUN 1998

Novel polynucleotides and polypeptides in pathogenic mycobacteria and their use as diagnostics, vaccines and targets chemotherapy.

This invention relates to the novel polynucleotide sequence we have designated "GS" which we have identified in pathogenic mycobacteria. GS is a pathogenicity island within 8kb of DNA comprising a core region of 5.75kb and an adjacent transmissable element within 2.25kb. GS is contained within Mycobacterium paratuberculosis, Mycobacterium avium subsp. silvaticum and some pathogenic isolates of M.avium. Functional portions of the core region of GS are also represented by regions with a high degree of homology that we have identified in cosmids containing genomic DNA from Mycobacterium tuberculosis.

Background to the invention

Mycobacterium tuberculosis (Mtb) is a major cause of global diseases of humans as well as animals. Although conventional methods of diagnosis including microscopy, culture and skin testing exist for the recognition of these diseases, improved particularly new immunodiagnostics methods and detection systems are needed. Drugs used to treat tuberculosis are increasingly encountering the problem of resistant organisms. New drugs targeted at specific pathogenicity determinants as well as new vaccines for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis are required. The importance of Mtb as a global pathogen is reflected in the commitment being made to sequencing the entire genome of this organism. This has generated a large amount of DNA sequence data of genomic DNA within cosmid and other libraries. Although the DNA sequence is known in the art, the functions of the vast majority of these sequences, the proteins they encode, the biological significance of these proteins, and the overall relevance and use of these genes and their products as diagnostics, vaccines and targets for chemotherapy for tuberculous disease, remains entirely unknown.

Mycobacterium avium subsp.silvaticum (Mavs) is a pathogenic 35 mycobacterium causing diseases of animals and birds, but it can

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also affect humans. Mycobacterium paratuberculosis (Mptb) causes chronic inflammation of the intestine in many species of animals including primates and can also cause Crohn's disease in humans. Mptb is associated with other chronic inflammatory diseases of humans such as sarcoidosis. Subclinical Mptb infection is widespread in domestic livestock and is present in milk from The organism is more resistant infected animals. pasteurisation than Mtb and can be conveyed to humans in retail milk supplies. Mptb is also present in water supplies, particularly those contaminated with run-off from heavily grazed pastures. Mptb and Mavs contain the insertion elements IS900 and IS902 respectively, and these are linked to pathogenicity in these organisms. IS900 and IS902 provide convenient highly specific multi-copy DNA targets for the sensitive detection of these organisms using DNA-based methods and for the diagnosis of infections in animals and humans. Much improvement is however required in the immunodiagnosis of Mptb and Mavs infections in animals and humans. Mptb and Mavs are in general, resistant in vivo to standard anti-tuberculous drugs. Although substantial clinical improvements in infections caused by Mptb, such as may result from treatment of patients with Crohn's disease, combinations of existing drugs such as Rifabutin, Clarithromycin additional effective drug treatments are or Azithromycin, Furthermore, there is an urgent need for effective vaccines for the prevention and treatment of Mptb and Mavs infections in animals and humans based upon the recognition of specific pathogenicity determinants.

Pathogenicity islands are, in general, 7-9kb regions of DNA comprising a core domain with multiple ORFs and an adjacent transmissable element. The transmissable element also encodes proteins which may be linked to pathogenicity, such as by providing receptors for cellular recognition. Pathogenicity islands are envisaged as mobile packages of DNA which, when they enter an organism, assist in bringing about its convertion from a non-disease-causing to a disease-causing strain.

Description of the Drawings

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Figure 1(a) and (b) shows a linear map of the pathogenicity island GS in Mavs (Fig 1a) and in Mptb (Fig 1b). The main open reading frames are illustrated as ORFs A to H. ORFs A to F are found within the core region of GS. ORFs G and H are encoded by the adjacent transmissable element portion of GS.

Disclosure of the invention

Using a DNA-based differential analysis technology we have discovered and characterised a novel polynucleotide in Mptb (isolates 0022 from a Guernsey cow and 0021 from a red deer). This polynucleotide comprises the gene region we have designated GS is found in Mptb using the identifier DNA sequences where the Seq.ID No2 is the complementary Seq.ID.No 1 and 2 sequence of Seq.ID No 1. GS is also identified in Mavs. complete DNA sequence incorporating the positive strand of GS from an isolate of Mavs comprising 7995 nucleotides, including the core region of GS and adjacent transsmissable element, is given in Seq.ID No.3. DNA sequence comprising 4435 bp of the positive strand of GS obtained from an isolate of Mptb including the core region of GS (nucleotides 1614 to 6047 of GS in Mavs) is given in Seq.ID No 4. The DNA sequence of GS from Mptb is highly (99.4%) homologous to GS in Mavs. The remaining portion of the DNA sequence of GS in Mptb, is readily obtainable by a person skilled in the art using standard laboratory procedures. The entire functional DNA sequence including core region and transmisable element of GS in Mptb and Mavs as described above, comprise the polynucleotide sequences of the invention.

There are 8 open reading frames (ORFs) in GS. Six of these designated GSA, GSB, GSC, GSD, GSE and GSF are encoded by the core DNA region of GS which, characteristically for a pathogenicity island, has a different GC content than the rest of the microbial genome. Two ORFs designated GSG and GSH are encoded by the transmissable element of GS whose GC content resembles that of the rest of the mycobacterial genome. The ORF GSH comprises two sub-ORFs $\rm H_1$ $\rm H_2$ on the complementary DNA strand linked by a programmed frameshifting site so that a single polypeptide is translated from the ORF GSH. The nucleotide

ORF C:

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sequences of the 8 ORFs in GS and their translations are shown in Seq. ID No 5 to Seq.ID No 29 as follows:

- ORF A: Seq. ID No 5 Nucleotides 50 to 427 of GS from Mavs
 Seq. ID No 6 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No
 5.
- ORF B: Seq. ID No 7 Nucleotides 772 to 1605 of GS from Mavs Seq. ID No 8 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 7.
- Seq. ID No 10 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No 9.

 Seq. ID No 11 Nucleotides 201 to 1232 of GS from Mptb Seq. ID No 12 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No
- 15 ORF D: Seq. ID No 13 Nucleotides 2785 to 3804 of GS from Mavs Seq. ID No 14 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 13.
 - Seq. ID No 15 Nucleotides 1172 to 2191 of GS from Mptb Seq. ID No 16 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 15.

Seq. ID No 9 Nucleotides 1814 to 2845 of GS from Mavs

- ORF E: Seq. ID No 17 Nucleotides 4080 to 4802 of GS from Mavs Seq. ID No 18 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 17.
- Seq. ID No 19 Nucleotides 2467 to 3189 of GS from Mptb Seq. ID No 20 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 19.
 - ORF F: Seq. ID No 21 Nucleotides 4947 to 5747 of GS from Mavs Seq. ID No 22 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 21.
- Seq. ID No 23 Nucleotides 3335 to 4135 of GS from Mptb Seq. ID No 24 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq. ID No 23.

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ORF G: Seq. ID No 25 Nucleotides 6176 to 7042 of GS from Mavs Seq. ID No 26 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No 25.

ORF H: Seq.ID No 27 Nucleotides 7953 to 6215 from Mavs.

5 ORF H_1 : Seq.ID No 28 Amino acid sequence encoded by nucleotides 7953 to 7006 of Seq.ID No 27

ORF H₂: Seq.ID No 29 Amino acid sequence encoded by nucleotides 7009 to 6215 of Seq.ID No 27

The polynucleotides in *Mtb* with homology to the ORFs B, C, E and 10 F of GS in *Mptb* and *Mavs*, and the polypeptides they are now known to encode as a result of our invention, are as follows:

ORF B: Seq.ID No 30 Cosmid MTCY277 nucleotides 35493 to 34705
Seq.ID No 31 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No30.

ORF C: Seq.ID No 32 Cosmid MTCY277 nucleotides 31972 to 32994 Seq.ID No 33 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No32.

ORF E: Seq.ID No 34 Cosmid MTCY277 nucleotides 34687 to 33956

Seq.ID No 35 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID

No34.

ORF E: Seq.ID No 36 Cosmid MTO24 nucleotides 15934 to 15203 Seq.ID No 37 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No36.

25 ORF F: Seq.ID No38 Cosmid MTO24 nucleotides 15133 to 14306 Seq.ID No 39 Amino acid sequence encoded by Seq.ID No38.

The proteins and peptides encoded by the ORFs A to H in Mptb and Mavs and the amino acid sequences from homologous genes we have

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discovered in Mtb given in Seq.ID Nos 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39, as described above and fragments thereof, comprise the polypeptides of the invention. The polypeptides of the invention are believed to be associated with specific immunoreactivity and with the pathogenicity of the host micro-organisms from which they were obtained.

The present invention thus provides a polynucleotide in substantially isolated form which is capable of selectively hybridising to sequence ID Nos 3 or 4 or a fragment thereof. The polynucleotide fragment may alternatively comprise a sequence selected from the group of Seq.ID.No: 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27. The invention further provides a polynucleotide in substantially isolated form whose sequence consists essentially of a sequence selected from the group Seq ID Nos. 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38, or a corresponding sequence selectively hybridizable thereto, or a fragment of said sequence or corresponding sequence.

The invention further provides diagnostic probes such as a probe which comprises a fragment of at least 15 nucleotides of a polynucleotide of the invention, or a peptide nucleic acid or similar synthetic sequence specific ligand, optionally carrying a revealing label. The invention also provides a vector carrying a polynucleotide as defined above, particularly an expression vector.

The invention further provides a polypeptide in substantially 25 isolated form which comprises any one of the sequences selected from the group consisting Seq.ID.No: 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39, or a polypeptide substantially homologous thereto. The invention additionally provides a polypeptide fragment which comprises a fragment of a 30 polypeptide defined above, said fragment comprising at least 10 amino acids and an epitope. The invention also provides polynucleotides in substantially isolated form which encode polypeptides of the invention, and vectors which comprise such polynucleotides, as well as antibodies capable of binding such 35 polypeptides. In an additional aspect, the invention provides

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kits comprising polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies or synthetic ligands of the invention and methods of using such kits in diagnosing the presence or absence of mycobacteria in a The invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising polynucleotides of the invention, polypeptides of the invention or antisense probes and the use of such compositions diseases caused by or prevention of the treatment The invention also provides polynucleotihe mycobacteria. prevention and treatment of infections due to GS-containing pathogenic mycobacteria in animals and humans and as a means of enhacing in vivo susceptibility of said mycobacteria to The invention also provides bacteria or antimicrobial drugs. viruses transformed with polynucleotides of the invention for use The invention further provides Mptb or Mavs as vaccines. which all or part or the polynucleotides of the invention have been deleted or disabled to provide mutated organisms of lower pathogenicity for use as vaccines in animals and humans. invention further provides Mtb in which all or part of the polynucleotides encoding polypeptides of the invention have been deleted or disabled to provided mutated organisms or lower pathogenicity for use as vaccines in animals and humans.

A further aspect of the invention is our discovery of homologies between the ORFs B, C and E in GS on the one hand, and Mtb cosmid MTCY277 on the other (data from Genbank database using the computer programmes BLAST and BLIXEM). The homologous ORFs in MTCY277 are adjacent to one another consistent with the form of another pathogenicity island in Mtb. A further aspect of the invention is our discovery of homologies between ORFs E and F in GS, and Mtb cosmid MTO24 (also Genbank, as above) with the homologous ORFs close to one another. The use of polynucleotides and polypeptides from Mtb (Seq. ID Nos 30,31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39) in substantially isolated form as diagnostics, vaccines and targets for chemotherapy, for the management and prevention of Mtb infections in humans and animals, and the processes involved in the preparation and use of these diagnostics, vaccines and new chemotherapeutic agents, comprise further aspects of the invention.

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Detailed description of the invention.

A. Polynucleotides

Polynucleotides of the invention as defined herein may comprise DNA or RNA. They may also be polynucleotides which include 5 within them synthetic or modified nucleotides or peptide nucleic A number of different types of modification to in the art. These oligonucleotides are known methylphosphonate and phosphorothicate backbones, addition of acridine or polylysine chains at the 3' and/or 5' ends of the molecule. For the purposes of the present invention, it is to be understood that the polynucleotides described herein may be modified by any method available in the art. Such modifications may be carried out in order to couple the said polynucleotide to a solid phase or to enhance the recognition, the in vivo activity, or the lifespan of polynucleotides of the invention.

A number of different types of polynucleotides of the invention In the broadest aspect, polynucleotides and are envisaged. fragments thereof capable of hybridizing to SEQ ID NO:3 or 4 form the invention. This includes the first aspect of polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 3 or 4. Within this class of polynucleotides various sub-classes of polynucleotides are of particular interest.

One sub-class of polynucleotides which is of interest is the class of polynucleotides encoding the open reading frames A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, including SEQ ID NOs:5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27. As discussed below, polynucleotides encoding ORF H include the polynucleotide sequences 7953 to 7006 and 7009 to 6215 within SEQ ID NO: 27, as well as modified sequences in which the frame-shift has been modified so that the two sub-reading frames are placed in a single reading frame. This may be desirable where the polypeptide is to be produced in recombinant expression systems.

The invention thus provides a polynucleotide in substantially isolated form which encodes any one of these ORFs or combinations

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thereof. Combinations thereof includes combinations of 2, 3, 4, 5 or all of the ORFs. Polynucleotides may be provided which comprise an individual ORF carried in a recombinant vector including the vectors described herein. Thus in one preferred aspect the invention provides a polynucleotide in substantially isolated form capable of selectively hybridizing to the nucleic acid comprising ORFs A to F of the core region of the Mptb and Mavs pathogenicity islands of the invention. Fragments thereof corresponding to ORFs A to E, B to F, A to D, B to E, A to C, B to D or any two adjacent ORFs are also included in the invention.

Polynucleotides of the invention will be capable of selectively hybridizing to the corresponding portion of the GS region, or to the corresponding ORFs of Mtb described herein. "selectively hybridizing" indicates that the polynucleotides will hybridize, under conditions of medium to high stringency (for example 0.03 M sodium chloride and 0.03 M sodium citrate at from about 50°C to about 60°C) to the corresponding portion of SEQ ID NO:3 or 4 or the complementary strands thereof but not to genomic DNA from mycobacteria which are usually non-pathogenic including non-pathogenic species of M.avium. Such polynucleotides will generally be generally at least 68%, e.g. at least 70%, preferably at least 80 or 90% and more preferably at least 95% homologous to the corresponding DNA of GS. The corresponding portion will be of over a region of at least 20, preferably at least 30, for instance at least 40, 60 or 100 or more contiguous nucleotides.

By "corresponding portion" it is meant a sequence from the GS region of the same or substantially similar size which has been determined, for example by computer alignment, to have the greatest degree of homology to the polynucleotide.

Any combination of the above mentioned degrees of homology and minimum sizes may be used to define polynucleotides of the invention, with the more stringent combinations (i.e. higher homology over longer lengths) being preferred. Thus for example a polynucleotide which is at least 80% homologous over 25, preferably 30 nucleotides forms one aspect of the invention, as

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does a polynucleotide which is at least 90% homologous over 40 nucleotides.

A further class of polynucleotides of the invention is the class of polynucleotides encoding polypeptides of the invention, the polypeptides of the invention being defined in section B below. Due to the redundancy of the genetic code as such, polynucleotides may be of a lower degree of homology than required for selective hybridization to the GS region. However, when such polynucleotides encode polypeptides of the invention these polynucleotides form a further aspect. It may for example be desirable where polypeptides of the invention are produced recombinantly to increase the GC content of such polynucleotides. This increase in GC content may result in higher levels of expression via codon usage more appropriate to the host cell in which recombinant expression is taking place.

An additional class of polynucleotides of the invention are those obtainable from cosmids MTCY277 and MT024 (containing Mtb genomic sequences), which polynucleotides consist essentially of the fragment of the cosmid containing an open reading frame encoding any one of the homologous ORFs B, C, E or F respectively. Such polynucleotides are referred to below as Mtb polynucleotides. However, where reference is made to polynucleotides in general such reference includes Mtb polynucleotides unless the context In addition, the invention is explicitly to the contrary. provides polynucleotides which encode the same polypeptide as the abovementioned ORFs of Mtb but which, due to the redundancy of the genetic code, have different nucleotide sequences. form further Mtb polynucleotides of the invention. Fragments of Mtb polynucleotides suitable for use as probes or primers also form a further aspect of the invention.

The invention further provides polynucleotides in substantially isolated form capable of selectively hybridizing (where selectively hybridizing is as defined above) to the Mtb polynucleotides of the invention.

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The invention further provides the Mtb polynucleotides of the invention linked, at either the 5' and/or 3' end to polynucleotide sequences to which they are not naturally contiguous. Such sequences will typically be sequences found in cloning or expression vectors, such as promoters, 5' untranslated sequence, 3' untranslated sequence or termination sequences. The sequences may also include further coding sequences such as signal sequences used in recombinant production of proteins.

Further polynucleotides of the invention are illustrated in the accompanying examples.

Polynucleotides of the invention may be used to produce a primer, e.g. a PCR primer, a primer for an alternative amplification reaction, a probe e.g. labelled with a revealing label by conventional means using radioactive or non-radioactive labels or a probe linked covalently to a solid phase, or the polynucleotides may be cloned into vectors. Such primers, probes and other fragments will be at least 15, preferably at least 20, for example at least 25, 30 or 40 or more nucleotides in length, and are also encompassed by the term polynucleotides of the invention as used herein.

Primers of the invention which are preferred include primers directed to any part of the ORFs defined herein. The ORFs from other isolates of pathogenic mycobacteria which contain a GS region may be determined and conserved regions within each Primers directed to such individual ORF may be identified. conserved regions form a further preferred aspect of the In addition, the primers and other polynucleotides invention. of the invention may be used to identify, obtain and isolate ORFs capable of selectively hybridizing to the polynucleotides of the invention which are present in pathogenic mycobacteria but which are not part of a pathogenicity island in that particular species of bacteria. Thus in addition to the ORFs B, C, E and F which have been identified in Mtb, similar ORFs may be identified in other pathogens and ORFs corresponding to the GS ORFs C, D, E, F and H, may also be identified.

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Polynucleotides such as DNA polynucleotides and probes according to the invention may be produced recombinantly, synthetically, or by any means available to those of skill in the art. They may also be cloned by standard techniques.

In general, primers will be produced by synthetic means, involving a step-wise manufacture of the desired nucleic acid sequence one nucleotide at a time. Techniques for accomplishing this using automated techniques are readily available in the art. polynucleotides will generally be produced using recombinant means, for example using a PCR (polymerase chain 10 reaction) cloning techniques. This will involve making a pair or primers (e.g. of about 15-30 nucleotides) to a region of GS, which it is desired to clone, bringing the primers into contact with genomic DNA from a mycobacterium or a vector carrying the GS sequence, performing a polymerase chain reaction under conditions which bring about amplification of the desired region, isolating the amplified fragment (e.g. by purifying the reaction mixture on an agarose gel) and recovering the amplified DNA. The primers may be designed to contain suitable restriction enzyme recognition sites so that the amplified DNA can be cloned into a suitable cloning vector.

Such techniques may be used to obtain all or part of the GS or ORF sequences described herein, as well as further genomic clones containing full open reading frames. Although in general such techniques are well known in the art, reference may be made in particular to Sambrook J., Fritsch EF., Maniatis T (1989). Molecular cloning: a Laboratory Manual, 2nd edn. Cold Spring Harbor, New York, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory.

Polynucleotides which are not 100% homologous to the sequences 30 of the present invention but fall within the scope of the invention can be obtained in a number of ways.

Other isolates or strains of pathogenic mycobacteria will be expected to contain allelic variants of the GS sequences described herein, and these may be obtained for example by probing genomic DNA libraries made from such isolates or strains

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of bacteria using GS or ORF sequences as probes under conditions of medium to high stringency (for example 0.03M sodium chloride and 0.03M sodium citrate at from about 50°C to about 60°C).

A particularly preferred group of pathogenic mycobacteria are isolates of *M.paratuberculosis*. Polynucleotides based on GS regions from such bacteria are particularly preferred. Preferred fragments of such regions include fragments encoding individual open reading frames including the preferred groups and combinations of open reading frames discussed above.

Alternatively, such polynucleotides may be obtained by site directed mutagenesis of the GS or ORF sequences or allelic variants thereof. This may be useful where for example silent codon changes are required to sequences to optimise codon which for a particular host cell in preferences polynucleotide sequences are being expressed. Other sequence changes may be desired in order to introduce restriction enzyme recognition sites, or to alter the property or function of the polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the invention. Such altered property or function will include the addition of amino acid sequences of consensus signal peptides known in the art to effect transport and secretion of the modified polypeptide Another altered property will include of the invention. metagenesis of a catalytic residue or generation of fusion proteins with another polypeptide. Such fusion proteins may be with an enzyme, with an antibody or with a cytokine or other ligand for a receptor, to target a polypeptide of the invention to a specific cell type in vitro or in vivo.

The invention further provides double stranded polynucleotides comprising a polynucleotide of the invention and its complement.

30 Polynucleotides or primers of the invention may carry a revealing label. Suitable labels include radioisotopes such as ³²P or ³⁵S, enzyme labels, other protein labels or smaller labels such as biotin or fluorophores. Such labels may be added to polynucleotides or primers of the invention and may be detected using by techniques known per se.

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Polynucleotides or primers of the invention or fragments thereof labelled or unlabelled may be used by a person skilled in the art in nucleic acid-based tests for the presence or absence of Mptb, Mavs, other GS-containing pathogenic mycobacteria, or Mtb applied to samples of body fluids, tissues, or excreta from animals and humans, as well as to food and environmental samples such as river or ground water and domestic water supplies.

Human and animal body fluids include sputum, blood, serum, plasma, saliva, milk, urine, csf, semen, faeces and infected discharges. Tissues include intestine, mouth ulcers, skin, lymph nodes, spleen, lung and liver obtained surgically or by a biopsy technique. Animals particularly include commercial livestock such as cattle, sheep, goats, deer, rabbits but wild animals and animals in zoos may also be tested.

Such tests comprise bringing a human or animal body fluid or tissue extract, or an extract of an environmental or food sample, into contact with a probe comprising a polynucleotide or primer of the invention under hybridising conditions and detecting any duplex formed between the probe and nucleic acid in the sample. Such detection may be achieved using techniques such as PCR or by immobilising the probe on a solid support, removing nucleic acid in the sample which is not hybridized to the probe, and then detecting nucleic acid which has hybridized to the probe. Alternatively, the sample nucleic acid may be immobilized on a solid support, and the amount of probe bound to such a support can be detected. Suitable assay methods of this any other formats can be found in for example WO89/O3891 and WO90/13667.

Polynucleotides of the invention or fragments thereof labelled or unlabelled may also be used to identify and characterise different strains of Mptb, Mavs, other GS-containing pathogenic mycobacteria, or Mtb, and properties such as drug resistance or susceptibility.

The probes of the invention may conveniently be packaged in the form of a test kit in a suitable container. In such kits the probe may be bound to a solid support where the assay format for

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which the kit is designed requires such binding. The kit may also contain suitable reagents for treating the sample to be probed, hybridising the probe to nucleic acid in the sample, control reagents, instructions, and the like.

The use of polynucleotides of the invention in the diagnosis of inflammatory diseases such as Crohn's disease or sarcoidosis in humans or Johne's disease in animals form a preferred aspect of the invention. The polynucleotides may also be used in the prognosis of these diseases. For example, the response of a human or animal subject in response to antibiotic, vaccination or other therapies may be monitored by utilizing the diagnostic methods of the invention over the course of a period of treatment and following such treatment.

The use of *Mtb* polynucleotides (particularly in the form of probes and primers) of the invention in the above-described methods form a further aspect of the invention, particularly for the detection, diagnosis or prognosis of *Mtb* infections.

B. Polypeptides.

invention include polypeptides Polypeptides of the substantially isolated form encoded by GS. This includes the polypeptides encoded by the positive length complementary negative strands of GS. Each of the full length polypeptides will contain one of the amino acid sequences set out in Seq ID NOs:6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 29. Polypeptides of the invention further include variants of such sequences, including naturally occurring allelic variants and synthetic variants which are substantially homologous to said polypeptides. In this context, substantial homology is regarded as a sequence which has at least 70%, e.g. 80%, 90%, 95% or 98% amino acid homology (identity) over 30 or more, e.g 40, 50 or 100 amino acids. For example, one group of substantially homolgous polypeptides are those which have at least 95% amino acid identity to a polypeptide of any one of Seq ID NOs:6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 29 over their entire length. Even more preferably, this homology is 98%.

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Polypeptides of the invention further include the polypeptide sequences of the homologous ORFs of Mtb, namely Seq ID Nos. 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39. Unless explicitly specified to the contrary, reference to polypeptides of the invention and their fragments include these Mtb polypeptides and fragments, and variants thereof (substanially homologous to said sequences) as defined herein.

Polypeptides of the invention may be obtained by the standard techniques mentioned above. Polypeptides of the invention also include fragments of the above mentioned full length polypeptides and variants thereof, including fragments of the sequences set out in SEQ ID NOs:6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39. Such fragments for example of 8, 10, 12, 15 or up to 30 or 40 amino acids may also be obtained synthetically using standard techniques known in the art.

Preferred fragments include those which include an epitope, especially an epitope which is specific to the pathogenicity of the mycobacterial cell from which the polypeptide is derived. Suitable fragments will be at least about 5, e.g. 8, 10, 12, 15 or 20 amino acids in size, or larger. Epitopes may be determined either by techniques such as peptide scanning techniques as described by Geysen et al, Mol.Immunol., 23; 709-715 (1986), as well as other techniques known in the art.

The term "an epitope which is specific to the pathogenicity of the mycobacterial cell" means that the epitope is encoded by a portion of the GS region, or by the corresponding ORF sequences of Mtb which can be used to distinguish mycobacteria which are pathogenic by from related non-pathogenic mycobacteria including non-pathogenic species of M.avium. This may be determined using routine methodology. A candidate epitope from an ORF may be prepared and used to immunise an animal such as a rat or rabbit in order to generate antibodies. The antibodies may then be used to detect the presence of the epitope in pathogenic mycobacteria and to confirm that non-pathogenic mycobacteria do not contain any proteins which react with the epitope. Epitopes may be linear or conformational.

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Polypeptides of the invention may be in a substantially isolated form. It will be understood that the polypeptide may be mixed with carriers or diluents which will not interfere with the intended purpose of the polypeptide and still be regarded as substantially isolated. A polypeptide of the invention may also be in a substantially purified form, in which case it will generally comprise the polypeptide in a preparation in which more than 90%, e.g. 95%, 98% or 99% of the polypeptide in the preparation is a polypeptide of the invention.

10 Polypeptides of the invention may be modified to confer a desired property or function for example by the addition of Histidine residues to assist their purification or by the addition of a signal sequence to promote their secretion from a cell.

Thus, polypeptides of the invention include fusion proteins which comprise a polypeptide encoding all or part of one or more of an ORF of the invention fused at the N- or C-terminus to a second sequence to provide the desired property or function. Sequences which promote secretion from a cell include, for example the yeast α -factor signal sequence.

A polypeptide of the invention may be labelled with a revealing The revealing label may be any suitable label which allows the polypeptide to be detected. Suitable labels include radioisotopes, e.g. 125I, 35S enzymes, antibodies, polynucleotides Labelled polypeptides of the such as biotin. and ligands invention may be used in diagnostic procedures such 25 immunoassays in order to determine the amount of a polypeptide Polypeptides or labelled of the invention in a sample. polypeptides of the invention may also be used in serological or cell mediated immune assays for the detection of immune reactivity to said polypeptides in animals and humans using 30 standard protocols.

A polypeptide or labelled polypeptide of the invention or fragment thereof may also be fixed to a solid phase, for example the surface of an immunoassay well, microparticle, dipstick or biosensor. Such labelled and/or immobilized polypeptides may be

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packaged into kits in a suitable container along with suitable reagents, controls, instructions and the like.

Such polypeptides and kits may be used in methods of detection of antibodies or cell mediated immunoreactivity, to the mycobacterial proteins and peptides encoded by the ORFs of the invention and their allelic variants and fragments, using immunoassay. Such host antibodies or cell mediated immune reactivity will occur in humans or animals with an immune system which detects and reacts against polypeptides of the invention.

The antibodies may be present in a biological sample from such humans or animals, where the biological sample may be a sample as defined above particularly blood, milk or saliva.

Immunoassay methods are well known in the art and will generally comprise:

(a) providing a polypeptide of the invention comprising an epitope bindable by an antibody against said mycobacterial polypeptide;

(b) incubating a biological sample with said polypeptide under conditions which allow for the formation of an antibody-antigen complex; and

(c) determining whether antibody-antigen complex comprising said polypeptide is formed.

Immunoassay methods for cell mediated immune reactivity in animals and humans are also well known in the art (e.g. as described by Weir et al 1994, J.Immunol Methods <u>176</u>; 93-101) and will generally comprise

- (a) providing a polypeptide of the invention comprising an epitope bindable by a lymphocyte or macrophage or other cell receptor;
- (b) incubating a cell sample with said polypeptide under conditions which allow for a cellular immune response such as release of cytokines or other mediator to occur; and
 - (c) detecting the presence of said cytokine or mediator in the incubate.

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Polypeptides of the invention may be made by standard synthetic means well known in the art or recombinantly, as described below.

Polypeptides of the invention or fragments thereof labelled or unlabelled may also be used to identify and characterise different strains of Mptb, Mavs, other GS-containing pathogenic mycobacteria, or Mtb, and properties such as drug resistance or susceptibility.

The polypeptides of the invention may conveniently be packaged in the form of a test kit in a suitable container. In such kits the polypeptide may be bound to a solid support where the assay format for which the kit is designed requires such binding. The kit may also contain suitable reagents for treating the sample to be examined, control reagents, instructions, and the like.

The use of polypeptides of the invention in the diagnosis of inflammatory diseases such as Crohn's disease or sarcoidosis in humans or Johne's disease in animals form a preferred aspect of the invention. The polypeptides may also be used in the prognosis of these diseases. For example, the response of a human or animal subject in response to antibiotic or other therapies may be monitored by utilizing the diagnostic methods of the invention over the course of a period of treatment and following such treatment.

The use of *Mtb* polypeptides of the invention in the above-described methods form a further aspect of the invention, particularly for the detection, diagnosis or prognosis of *Mtb* infections.

Polypeptides of the invention may also be used in assay methods for identifying candidate chemical compounds which will be useful in inhibiting, binding to or disrupting the function of said polypeptides required for pathogenicity. In general, such assays involve bringing the polypeptide into contact with a candidate inhibitor compound and observing the ability of the compound to disrupt, bind to or interfer with the polypeptide.

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There are a number of ways in which the assay may be formatted. For example, those polypeptides which have an enzymatic function may be assayed using labelled substrates for the enzyme, and the amount of, or rate of, conversion of the substrate into a product measured, e.g by chromatograpy such as HPLC or by a colourimetric assay. Suitable labels include ³⁵S, ¹²⁵I, biotin or enzymes such as horse radish peroxidase.

For example, the gene product of ORF C is believed to have GDP-mannose dehydratase activty. Thus an assay for inhbitors of the gene product may utilise for example labelled GDP-mannose, GDP or mannose and the activity of the gene product followed. ORF D encodes a gene related to the synthesis and regulation of capuslar polysaccharides, which are often associated with invasiveness and pathogenicity. Labelled polysaccharide substrates may be used in assays of the ORF D gene product. The gene product of ORF F encodes a protein with putative glucosyl transferase activity and thus labelled amino sugars such as $\beta\textsc{-1}$ -3-N-acetylglucosamine may be used as substrates in assays.

Candidate chemical compounds which may be used may be natural or synthetic chemical compounds used in drug screening programmes. Extracts of plants which contain several characterised or uncharacterised components may also be used.

Alternatively, the a polypeptide of the invention may be screened against a panel of peptides, nucleic acids or other chemical functionalities which are generated by combinatorial chemistry. This will allow the definition of chemical entities which bind to polypeptides of the invention. Typically, the polypeptide of the invention will be brought into contact with a panel of compounds from a combinantorial library, with either the panel or the polypeptide being immobilized on a solid phase, under conditions suitable for the polypeptide to bind to the panel. The solid phase will then be washed under conditions in which only specific interactions between the polypeptide and individual members of the panel are retained, and those specific members may be utilized in further assays or used to design further panels of candidate compounds.

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For example, a number of assay methods to define peptide interaction with peptides are known. For example, W086/00991 describes a method for determining mimotopes which comprises making panels of catamer preparations, for example octamers of amino acids, at which one or more of the positions is defined and the remaining positions are randomly made up of other amino acids, determining which catamer binds to a protein of interest and re-screening the protein of interest against a further panel based on the most reactive catamer in which one or more additional designated positions are systematically varied. This may be repeated throughout a number of cycles and used to build up a sequence of a binding candidate compound of interest.

WO89/03430 describes screening methods which permit the preparation of specific mimotopes which mimic the immunological activity of a desired analyte. These mimotopes are identified by reacting a panel of individual peptides wherein said peptides are of systematically varying hydrophobicity, amphipathic characteristics and charge patterns, using an antibody against an antigen of interest. Thus in the present case antibodies against the a polypeptide of the inventoin may be employed and mimotope peptides from such panels may be identified.

C. Vectors.

Polynucleotides of the invention can be incorporated into a recombinant replicable vector. The vector may be used to replicate the nucleic acid in a compatible host cell. Thus in a further embodiment, the invention provides a method of making polynucleotides of the invention by introducing a polynucleotide of the invention into a replicable vector, introducing the vector into a compatible host cell, and growing the host cell under conditions which bring about replication of the vector. The vector may be recovered from the host cell. Suitable host cells are described below in connection with expression vectors.

D. Expression Vectors.

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Preferably, a polynucleotide of the invention in a vector is operably linked to a control sequence which is capable of providing for the expression of the coding sequence by the host cell, i.e. the vector is an expression vector. The term "operably linked" refers to a juxtaposition wherein the components described are in a relationship permitting them to function in their intended manner. A control sequence "operably linked" to a coding sequence is ligated in such a way that expression of the coding sequence is achieved under conditions compatible with the Such vectors may be transformed into a control sequences. suitable host cell as described above to provide for expression of a polypeptide of the invention. Thus, in a further aspect the invention provides a process for preparing polypeptides according to the invention which comprises cultivating a host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector as described above, under conditions to provide for expression by the vector of a coding sequence encoding the polypeptides, and recovering the expressed polypeptides.

A further embodiment of the invention provides vectors for the replication and expression of polynucleotides of the invention, or fragments thereof. The vectors may be for example, plasmid, virus or phage vectors provided with an origin of replication, a promoter for the expression of optionally polynucleotide and optionally a regulator of the promoter. vectors may contain one or more selectable marker genes, for example an ampicillin resistance gene in the case of a bacterial plasmid or a neomycin resistance gene for a mammalian vector. Vectors may be used in vitro, for example for the production of RNA or used to transfect or transform a host cell. The vector may also be adapted to be used in vivo, for example in a method of naked DNA vaccination or gene therapy. A further embodiment of the invention provides host cells transformed or transfected with the vectors for the replication and expression of polynucleotides of the invention, including the DNA of GS, the open reading frames thereof and other corresponding ORFs particularly ORFs B, C, E and F from Mtb. The cells will be chosen to be compatible with the said vector and may for example be bacterial, yeast, insect or mammalian.

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Expression vectors are widely available in the art and can be obtained commercially. Mammalian expression vectors may comprise a mammalian or viral promoter. Mammalian promoters include the metallothionien promoter. Viral promoters include promoters from adenovirus, the SV40 large T promoter and retroviral LTR promoters. Promoters compatible with insect cells include the polyhedrin promoter. Yeast promoters include the alcohol dehydrogenase promoter. Bacterial promoters include the β -galactosidase promoter.

10 The expression vectors may also comprise enhancers, and in the case of eukaryotic vectors polyadenylation signal sequence downstream of the coding sequence being expressed.

Polypeptides of the invention may be expressed in suitable host cells, for example bacterial, yeast, plant, insect and mammalian cells, and recovered using standard purification techniques including, for example affinity chromatography, HPLC or other chromatographic separation techniques.

Polynucleotides according to the invention may also be inserted into the vectors described above in an antisense orientation in order to provide for the production of antisense RNA. Antisense RNA or other antisense polynucleotides or ligands may also be produced by synthetic means. Such antisense polynucleotides may be used in a method of controlling the levels of the proteins encoded by the ORFs of the invention in a mycobacterial cell.

25 Polynucleotides of the invention may also be carried by vectors suitable for gene therapy methods. Such gene therapy methods include those designed to provide vaccination against diseases caused by pathogenic mycobacteria or to boost the immune response of a human or animal infected with a pathogenic mycobacteria.

30 For example, Ziegner et al, AIDS, 1995, 9:43-50 describes the use of a replication defective recombinant amphotropic retrovirus to boost the immune response in patients with HIV infection. Such a retrovirus may be modified to carry a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof of the invention and the

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retrovirus delivered to the cells of a human or animal subject in order to provide an immune response against said polypeptide. The retrovirus may be delivered directly to the patient or may be used to infecte cells ex-vivo, e.g. fibroblast cells, which are then introduced into the patient, optionally after being inactivated. The cells are desirably autologous or HLA-matched cells from the human or animal subject.

Gene therapy methods including methods for boosting an immune response to a particluar pathogen are disclosed generally in for example WO95/14091, the disclosure of which is incoporated herein by reference. Recombinant viral vectors include retroviral vectors, adenoviral vectors, adenoviral vectors, adenoviral vectors, adenoviral vectors, and alphavirus vectors. Alpha virus vectors are described in, for example, WO95/07994, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

Where direct administration of the recombinant viral vector is contemplated, either in the form of naked nucleic acid or in the form of packaged particles carrying the nucleic acid this may be done by any suitable means, for example oral administration or intravenous injection. From 10⁵ to 10⁸ c.f.u of virus represents a typical dose, which may be repeated for example weekly over a period of a few months. Administration of autologous or HLA-matched cells infected with the virus may be more convenient in some cases. This will generally be achieved by administering doses, for example from 10⁵ to 10⁸ cells per dose which may be repeated as described above.

The recombinant viral vector may further comprise nucleic acid capable of expressing an accessory molecule of the immune system designed to increase the immune response. Such a molecule may be for example and interferon, particularly interferon gamma, an interleukin, for example IL-1 α , IL-1 β or IL-2, or an HLA class I or II molecule. This may be particularly desirable where the vector is intended for use in the treatment of humans or animals already infected with a mycobacteria and it is desired to boost the immune response.

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E. Antibodies.

The invention also provides monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies to polypeptides of the invention or fragments thereof. The invention further provides a process for the production of monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies to polypeptides of the invention. Monoclonal antibodies may be prepared by conventional hybridoma technology using the polypeptides of the invention or peptide fragments thereof, as immunogens. Polyclonal antibodies may also be prepared by conventional means which comprise inoculating a host animal, for example a rat or a rabbit, with a polypeptide of the invention or peptide fragment thereof and recovering immune serum.

In order that such antibodies may be made, the invention also provides polypeptides of the invention or fragments thereof haptenised to another polypeptide for use as immunogens in animals or humans.

For the purposes of this invention, the term "antibody", unless specified to the contrary, includes fragments of whole antibodies which retain their binding activity for a polypeptide of the invention. Such fragments include Fv, F(ab') and $F(ab')_2$ fragments, as well as single chain antibodies. Furthermore, the antibodies and fragments thereof may be humanised antibodies, e.g. as described in EP-A-239400.

Antibodies may be used in methods of detecting polypeptides of the invention present in biological samples (where such samples include the human or animal body samples, and environmental samples, mentioned above) by a method which comprises:

- (a) providing an antibody of the invention;
- (b) incubating a biological sample with said antibody under conditions which allow for the formation of an antibody-antigen complex; and
- (c) determining whether antibody-antigen complex comprising said antibody is formed.

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Antibodies of the invention may be bound to a solid support for example an immunoassay well, microparticle, dipstick or biosensor and/or packaged into kits in a suitable container along with suitable reagents, controls, instructions and the like.

5 Antibodies of the invention may be used in the detection, diagnosis and prognosis of diseases as descirbed above in relation to polypeptides of the invention.

F. Compositions.

The present invention also provides compositions comprising a polynucleotide or polypeptide of the invention together with a carrier or diluent. Compositions of the invention also include compositions comprising a nucleic acid, particularly and expression vector, of the invention. Compositions further include those carrying a recombinant virus of the invention. Such compositions include pharmaceutical compositions in which case the carrier or diluent will be pharmaceutically acceptable.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or diluents include those used in formulations suitable for inhalation as well as oral, parenteral (e.g. intramuscular or intravenous or transcutaneous) administration. The formulations may conveniently be presented in unit dosage form and may be prepared by any of the methods well known in the art of pharmacy. Such methods include the step of bringing into association the active ingredient with the carrier which constitutes one or more accessory ingredients. In general the formulations are prepared by uniformly and intimately bringing into association the active ingredient with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product.

For example, formulations suitable for parenteral administration include aqueous and non-aqueous sterile injection solutions which may contain anti-oxidants, buffers, bacteriostats and solutes which render the formulation isotonic with the blood of the intended recipient, and aqueous and non-aqueous sterile suspensions which may include suspending agents and thickening

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agents, and liposomes or other microparticulate systems which are designed to target the polynucleotide or the polypeptide of the invention to blood components or one or more organs, or to target cells such as M cells of the intestine after oral administration.

5 G. Vaccines.

In another aspect, the invention provides novel vaccines for the prevention and treatment of infections caused by Mptb, Mavs, other GS-containing pathogenic mycobacteria and Mtb in animals The term "vaccine" as used herein means an agent used to stimulate the immune system of a vertebrate, particularly a warm blooded vertebrate including humans, so as to provide protection against future harm by an organism to which the vaccine is directed or to assist in the eradication of an organism in the treatment of established infection. The immune system will be stimulated by the production of cellular immunity desirably neutralizing antibodies, directed to epitopes found on or in a pathogenic mycobacterium which expresses any one of the ORFs of the invention. The antibody so produced may be any of the immunological classes, such as the immunoglobulins A, D, E, G or M. Vaccines which stimulate the production of IgA are interest since this is the principle immunoglobulin produced by the secretory system of warm-blooded animals, and the production of such antibodies will help prevent infection or colonization of the intestinal tract. However an IgM and IgG response will also be desirable for systemic infections such as Crohn's disease or tuberculosis.

Vaccines of the invention include polynucleotides of the invention or fragments thereof in suitable vectors and administered by injection of naked DNA using standard protocols. Polynucleotides of the invention or fragments thereof in suitable vectors for the expression of the polypeptides of the invention may be given by injection, inhalation or by mouth. Suitable vectors include M.bovis BCG, M.smegmatis or other mycobacteria, Corynebacteria, Salmonella or other agents according to established protocols.

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Polypeptides of the invention or fragments thereof in substantially isolated form may be used as vaccines by injection, inhalation, oral administration or by transcutaneous application according to standard protocols. Adjuvants (such as Iscoms or polylactide-coglycolide encapsulation), cytokines such as IL-12 and other immunomodulators may be used for the selective enhancement of the cell mediated or humoral immunological responses. Vaccination with polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention may be undertaken to increase the susceptibility of pathogenic mycobacteria to antimicrobial agents in vivo.

In instances wherein the polypeptide is correctly configured so as to provide the correct epitope, but is too small to be immunogenic, the polypeptide may be linked to a suitable carrier.

A number of techniques for obtaining such linkage are known in the art, including the formation of disulfide linkages using Nsuccinimidyl-3-(2-pyridylthio) propionate (SPDP) and succinimidyl 4-(N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC) obtained from Pierce Company, Rockford, Illinois, (if the peptide lacks a sulfhydryl group, this can be provided by addition of a cysteine residue). These reagents create a disulfide linkage between themselves and peptide cysteine residues on one protein and an amide linkage through the epsilon-amino on a lysine, or other free amino group in the other. A variety of such See, for example, disulfide/amide-forming agents are known. Immun Rev (1982) 62:185. Other bifunctional coupling agents form a thioether rather than a disulfide linkage. Many of these thioether-forming agents are commercially available and include reactive esters of 6-maleimidocaproic acid, 2-bromoacetic acid, 2-iodoacetic acid, 4-(N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylic The carboxyl group can be activated by acid, and the like. combining them with succinimide or 1-hydroxyl-2-nitro-4-sulfonic Additional methods of coupling antigens acid, sodium salt. employs the rotavirus/"binding peptide" system described in EPO Pub. No. 259,149, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. The foregoing list is not meant to be exhaustive, and modifications of the named compounds can clearly be used.

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Any carrier may be used which does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the host. Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolized macromolecules such as proteins; polysaccharides, such as latex functionalized Sepharose[®], agarose, cellulose, cellulose beads and the like; polymeric amino acids, such as polyglutamic acid, polylysine, polylactide-coglycolide and the like; amino acid copolymers; and inactive virus particles. Especially useful protein substrates are serum albumins, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, immunoglobulin molecules, thyroglobulin, ovalbumin, tetanus toxoid, and other proteins well known to those skilled in the art.

The immunogenicity of the epitopes may also be enhanced by preparing them in mammalian or yeast systems fused with or assembled with particle-forming proteins such as, for example, that associated with hepatitis B surface antigen. See, e.g., US-A-4,722,840. Constructs wherein the epitope is linked directly to the particle-forming protein coding sequences produce hybrids which are immunogenic with respect to the epitope. In addition, all of the vectors prepared include epitopes specific to HBV, having various degrees of immunogenicity, such as, for example, the pre-S peptide.

In addition, portions of the particle-forming protein coding sequence may be replaced with codons encoding an epitope of the invention. In this replacement, regions which are not required to mediate the aggregation of the units to form immunogenic particles in yeast or mammals can be deleted, thus eliminating additional HBV antigenic sites from competition with the epitope of the invention.

Vaccines may be prepared from one or more immunogenic polypeptides of the invention. These polypeptides may be expressed in various host cells (e.g., bacteria, yeast, insect, or mammalian cells), or alternatively may be isolated from viral preparations or made synthetically.

In addition to the above, it is also possible to prepare live vaccines of attenuated microorganisms which express one or more

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recombinant polypeptides of the invention. Suitable attenuated microorganisms are known in the art and include, for example, viruses (e.g., vaccinia virus), as well as bacteria.

preparation of vaccines which contain an immunogenic polypeptide(s) as active ingredients, is known to one skilled in Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables, or as suitably encapsulated oral preparations and either liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injestion or injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified, or the protein encapsulated in liposomes. The active immunogenic often mixed with excipients which are ingredients pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, and/or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccine. Examples of adjuvants which may be effective include but are not limited to: aluminum hydroxide, N-acetyl-muramyl-L-threonyl-D-isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acetylnor-muramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine (CGP 11637, referred to as nor-MDP), N-acetylmuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isoglutaminyl-L-alanine-2-(1'-2'-dipalmitoyl-sn-glycero-3-hydroxyphosphoryloxy)-ethylamine (CGP 19835A, referred to as MTP-PE), and RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, monophosphoryl lipid A, trehalose dimycolate and cell wall skeleton (MPL+TDM+CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween® 80 emulsion. The effectiveness of adjuvant may be determined by measuring the amount of antibodies directed against an immunogenic polypeptide containing antigenic sequence resulting from administration of this polypeptide in vaccines which are also comprised of the various adjuvants.

The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories, oral formulations or as

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enemas. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides; such suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of 0.5% to 10%, preferably 1% - 2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and the like. These compositions take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain 10% - 95% of active ingredient, preferably 25% - 70%.

The proteins may be formulated into the vaccine as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the acid addition salts (formed with free amino groups of the peptide) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids such as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, maleic, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups may also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, 2-ethylamino ethanol, histidine, procaine, and the like.

The vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the will as and in such amount formulation, dosage prophylactically and/or therapeutically effective. The quantity to be administered, which is generally in the range of $5\mu g$ to $250\mu g$, of antigen per dose, depends on the subject to be treated, capacity of the subject's immune system to synthesize antibodies, mode of administration and the degree of protection desired. Precise amounts of active ingredient required to be administered may depend on the judgement of the practitioner and may be peculiar to each subject.

The vaccine may be given in a single dose schedule, or preferably in a multiple dose schedule. A multiple dose schedule is one in which a primary course of vaccination may be with 1-10 separate doses, followed by other doses given at subsequent time intervals

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required to maintain and or reenforce the immune response, for example, at 1-4 months for a second dose, and if needed, a subsequent dose(s) after several months. The dosage regimen will also, at least in part, be determined by the need of the individual and be dependent upon the judgement of the practitioner.

In a further aspect of the invention, there is provided an attenuated vaccine comprising a normally pathogenic mycobacteria which harbours an attenuating mutation in any one of the genes encoding a polypeptide of the invention. The gene is selected from the group of ORFs A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, including the homologous ORFs B, C, E and F in Mtb.

The mycobacteria may be used in the form of killed bacteria or as a live attenuated vaccine. There are advantages to a live attenuated vaccine. The whole live organism is used, rather than dead cells or selected cell components which may exhibit modified or denatured antigens. Protein antigens in the outer membrane will maintain their tertiary and quaternary structures. Therefore the potential to elicit a good protective long term immunity should be higher.

The term "mutation" and the like refers to a genetic lesion in a gene which renders the gene non-functional. This may be at either the level of transcription or translation. The term thus envisages deletion of the entire gene or substantial portions thereof, and also point mutations in the coding sequence which result in truncated gene products unable to carry out the normal function of the gene.

A mutation introduced into a bacterium of the invention will generally be a non-reverting attenuating mutation. Non-reverting means that for practical purposes the probability of the mutated gene being restored to its normal function is small, for example less than 1 in 10^6 such as less than 1 in 10^9 or even less than 1 in 10^{12} .

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An attenuated mycobacteria of the invention may be in isolated form. This is usually desirable when the bacterium is to be used for the purposes of vaccination. The term "isolated" means that the bacterium is in a form in which it can be cultured, processed or otherwise used in a form in which it can be readily identified and in which it is substantially uncontaminated by other bacterial strains, for example non-attenuated parent strains or unrelated bacterial strains. The term "isolated bacterium" thus encompasses cultures of a bacterial mutant of the invention, for example in the form of colonies on a solid medium or in the form of a liquid culture, as well as frozen or dried preparations of the strains.

In a preferred aspect, the attenuated mycobacterium further comprises at least one additional mutation. This may be a mutation in a gene responsible for the production of products essential to bacterial growth which are absent in a human or For example, mutations to the gene for aspartate semi-aldehyde dehydrogenase (asd) have been proposed for the production of attenuated strains of Salmonella. The asd gene is described further in Gene (1993) 129; 123-128. A lesion in the \$-semialdehyde encoding the enzyme aspartate dehydrogenase would render the organism auxotrophic for the essential nutrient diaminopelic acid (DAP), which can be provided exogenously during bulk culture of the vaccine strain. this compound is an essential constituent of the cell wall for gram-negative and some gram-positive organisms and is absent from mammalian or other vertebrate tissues, mutants would undergo lysis after about three rounds of division in such tissues. Analogous mutations may be made to the attenuated mycobacteria of the invention.

In addition or in the alternative, the attenuated mycobacteria may carry a recA mutation. The recA mutation knocks out homologous recombination - the process which is exploited for the construction of the mutations. Once the recA mutation has been incorporated the strain will be unable to repair the constructed deletion mutations. Such a mutation will provide attenuated strains in which the possibility of homologous recombination to

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with DNA from wild-type strains has been minimized. RecA genes have been widely studied in the art and their sequences are available. Further modifications may be made for additional safety.

The invention further provides a process for preparing a vaccine composition comprising an attenuated bacterium according to the invention process comprises (a) inoculating a culture vessel containing a nutrient medium suitable for growth of said bacterium; (b) culturing said bacterium; (c) recovering said bacteria and (d) mixing said bacteria with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

Attenuated bacterial strains according to the invention may be constructed using recombinant DNA methodology which is known per se. In general, bacterial genes may be mutated by a process of targeted homologous recombination in which a DNA construct containing a mutated form of the gene is introduced into a host bacterium which it is desired to attenuate. The construct will recombine with the wild-type gene carried by the host and thus the mutated gene may be incorporated into the host genome to provide a bacterium of the present invention which may then be isolated.

The mutated gene may be obtained by introducing deletions into the gene, e.g by digesting with a restriction enzyme which cuts the coding sequence twice to excise a portion of the gene and then religating under conditions in which the excised portion is not reintroduced into the cut gene. Alternatively frame shift mutations may be introduced by cutting with a restriction enzyme which leaves overhanging 5' and 3' termini, filling in and/or trimming back the overhangs, and religating. Similar mutations may be made by site directed mutagenesis. These are only examples of the types of techniques which will readily be at the disposal of those of skill in the art.

Various assays are available to detect successful recombination. In the case of attenuations which mutate a target gene necessary for the production of an essential metabolite or catabolite

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compound, selection may be carried out by screening for bacteria unable to grow in the absence of such a compound. Bacteria may also be screened with antibodies or nucleic acids of the invention to determine the absence of production of a mutated gene product of the invention or to confirm that the genetic lesion introduced - e.g. a deletion - has been incorporated into the genome of the attenuated strain.

The concentration of the attenuated strain in the vaccine will be formulated to allow convenient unit dosage forms to be prepared. Concentrations of from about 10⁴ to 10⁹ bacteria per ml will generally be suitable, e.g. from about 10⁵ to 10⁸ such as about 10⁶ per ml. Live attenuated organisms may be administered subcutaneously or intramuscularly at up to 10⁸ organisms in one or more doses, e.g from around 10⁵ to 10⁸, e.g about 10⁶ or 10⁷ organisms in a single dose.

The vaccines of the invention may be administered to recipients to treat established disease or in order to protect them against diseases caused by the corresponding wild type mycobacteria, such as inflammatory diseases such as Crohn's disease or sarcoidosis in humans or Johne's disease in animals. The vaccine may be administered by any suitable route. In general, subcutaneous or intramuscular injection is most convenient, but oral, intranasal and colorectal administration may also be used.

The following Examples illustrates aspects of the invention.

25 EXAMPLE 1

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Tests for the presence of the GS identifier sequence were performed on $5\mu l$ bacterial DNA extracts (25 $\mu g/m l$ to 500 $\mu g/m l$) using polymerase chain reaction based on the oligonucleotide primers 5'-GATGCCGTGAGGAGGTAAAGCTGC-3' (Seq ID No. 40) and 5'-GATACGGCTCTTGAATCCTGCACG-3' (Seq ID No. 41) from within the identifier DNA sequences (Seq.ID Nos 1 and 2). PCR was performed for 40 cycles in the presence of 1.5 mM magnesium and an annealing temperature of 58°C. The presence or absence of the correct amplification product indicated the presence or absence

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of GS identifier sequence in the corresponding bacterium. identifier sequence is shown to be present in all the laboratory and field strains of Mptb and Mavs tested. This includes Mptb isolates 0025 (bovine CVL Weybridge), 0021 (caprine, Moredun), (bovine, Moredun), 0139 (human, Chiodini 1984), 0209, 0208, 0211, 0210, 0212, 0207, 0204, 0206 (bovine, Whipple 1990). All Mptb strains were IS900 positive. The Mavs strains include 0010 and 0012 (woodpigeon, Thorel) 0018 (armadillo, Portaels) and 0034, 0037, 0038, 0040 (AIDS, Hoffner). All Mavs strains were One pathogenic M.avium strain 0033 (AIDS, IS902 positive. Hoffner) also contained GS identifier sequence. GS identifier sequence is absent from other mycobacteria including other M.malmoense, M.szulgai, M.gordonae, M.chelonei, M.avium. M.fortuitum, M.phlei, as well as E.coli, S.areus, Nocardia sp, Streptococcus sp. Shigella sp. Pseudomonas sp.

Example 2:

To obtain the full sequence of GS in Mavs and Mptb we generated a genomic library of Mavs using the restriction endonuclease EcoRI and cloning into the vector pUC18. This achieved a representative library which was screened with 32P-labelled identifier sequence yielding a positive clone containing a 17kbp We constructed a restriction map of this insert and identified GS as fragments unique to Mavs and Mptb and not occurring in laboratory strains of M.avium. These fragments were sub-cloned into pUC18 and pGEM4Z. We identified GS contained within an 8kb region. The full nucleotide sequence was determined for GS on both DNA strands using primer walking and automated DNA sequencing. DNA sequence for GS in Mptb was obtained using overlapping PCR products generated using PwoDNA polymerase, a proofreading thermostable enzyme. The final DNA sequences were derived using the University of Wisconsin GCG gel assembly software package.

Example 3:

The DNA sequence of GS in Mavs and Mptb was found to be more than 99% homologous. The ORFs encoded in GS were identified using GeneRunner and DNAStar computer programmes. Eight ORFs were identified and designated GSA, GSB, GSC, GSD, GSE, GSF, GSG

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Database comparisons were carried out against the and GSH. GenEMBL Database release version 48.0 (9/96), using the BLAST and BLIXEM programmes. GSA and GSB encoded proteins of 13.5kDa and 30.7kDa respectively, both of unknown functions. GSC encoded a protein of 38.4kDa with a 65% homology to the amino acid sequence of rfbD of V.cholerae, a 62% amino acid sequence homology to gmd of E.coli and a 58% homology to gca of Ps.aeruginosa which are all GDP-D-mannose dehydratases. Equivalent gene products in H.influenzae, S. dysenteriae, Y.enterocolitica, N.gonorrhoea, K.pneumoniae and Salmonella enterica are all involved in '0'-antigen processing known to be linked to pathogenicity. GSD encoded a protein of 37.1kDa which showed 58% homology at the DNA level to wcaG from a gene involved in the synthesis and regulation of capsular polysaccharides, also related to pathogenicity. was found to have a > 30% amino acid homology to rfbT of V. cholerae, involved in the transport of specific LPS components across the cell membrane. In V.cholerae the gene product causes a seroconversion from the Inaba to the Ogawa 'epidemic' strain. GSF encoded a protein of 30.2kDa which was homologous in the range 25-40% at the amino acid level to several glucosyl transferases such as rfpA of K.pneumoniae, rfbB of K.pneumoniae, lgtD of H.influenzae, lsi of N.gonorrhoae. In E.coli an equivalent gene galE adds β -1-3 N-acetylglucosamine to galactose, the latter only found in 'O' and 'M' antigens which are also related to pathogenicity. GSH comprising the ORFs GSH, and GSH2 encodes a protein totalling about 60kDa which is a putative transposase with a 40 - 43% homology at the amino acid level to the equivalent gene product of IS21 in E.coli. This family of insertion sequences is broadly distributed amongst gram negative 30 bacteria and is responsible for mobility and transposition of genetic elements. An IS21- like element in B.fragilis is split either side of the β -lactamase gene controlling its activation and expression. We programmed an E.coli S30 cell-free extract with plasmid DNA containing the ORF GSH under the control of a 35 in the presence of a 35S-methionine, promoter demonstrated the translation of an abundant 60kDa protein. The proteins homologous to GS encoded in other organisms are in

general highly antigenic. Thus the proteins encoded by the ORFs

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in GS may be used in immunoassays of antibody or cell mediated diagnosing infections caused immuno-reactivity for mycobacteria, particularly Mptb, Mavs and Mtb. Enhancement of host immune recognition of GS encoded proteins by vaccination using naked specific DNA or recombinant GS proteins, may be used in the prevention and treatment of infections caused by Mptb, Mavs and Mtb in humans and animals. Mutation or deletion of all or some of the ORFs A to H in GS may be used to generate attenuated strains of Mptb, Mavs or Mtb with lower pathogenicity for use as living or killed vaccines in humans and animals. Such vaccines are particularly relevant to Johne's disease in animals, to diseases caused by Mptb in humans such as Crohn's disease, and to the management of tuberculosis especially where the disease is caused by multiple drug-resistant organisms.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

Seq. ID No.1

| | 5' - 1 | GATCCAACTA | AACCCGATGG | AACCCCGCGC | AAACTATIGG | ACGICICCGC | GCTACGCAGT |
|----|--------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 61 | TGGGTTGGCG | CCCGCGAATC | GCACTGAAAG | AGGGCATCGA | TGCAACGGTG | TCGTGGTACC |
| 5 | 121 | GCACAAATGC | CGATGCCGTG | ${\sf AGGAGGTAAA}$ | GCTGCGGGCC | GGCCGATGTT | ATCCCTCCGG |
| | 181 | CCGGACGGGT | AGGGCGACCT | GCCATCGAGT | GGTACGGCAG | TCGCCTGGCC | GGCGAGGCGC |
| | 241 | ATGGCCTATG | TGAGTATCCC | ATAGCCTGGC | TTGGCTCGCC | CCTACGCATT | ATCAGTTGAC |
| | 301 | CGCTTTCGCG | CCACGTCGCA | GGCTTGCGGC | AGCATCCCGT | TCAGGTCTCC | TCATGGTCCG |
| | 361 | GTGTGGCACG | ACCACGCAAG | CTCGAACCGA | CTCGTTTCCC | AATTTCGCAT | GCTAATATCG |
| 10 | 421 | CTCGATGGAT | TTTTTGCGCA | ACGCCGGCTT | GATGGCTCGT | AACGTTAGCA | CCGAGATGCT |
| | 481 | GCGCCACTCC | GAACGAAAGC | GCCTATTAGT | AAACCAAGTC | GAAGCATACG | GAGTCAACGT |
| | 541 | TGTTATTGAT | GTCGGTGCTA | ACTCCGGCCA | GTTCGGTAGC | GCTTTGCGTC | GTGCAGGATT |
| | 601 | CAAGAGCCGT | ATCGTTTCCT | TTGAACCTCT | TTCGGGGCCA | TTTGCGCAAC | TAACGCGCAA |
| | 661 | GTCGGCATCG | GATC -3' | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Seq. ID No.2

| 5'- 1 | GATCCGATGC | CGACTTGCGC | GTTAGTTGCG | CAAATGGCCC | CGAAAGAGGT | TCAAAGGAAA |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 61 | CGATACGGCT | CTTGAATCCT | GCACGACGCA | AAGCGCTACC | GAACTGGCCG | GAGTTAGCAC |
| 121 | CGACATCAAT | AACAACGTTG | ACTCCGTATG | CTTCGACTTG | GTTTACTAAT | AGGCGCTTTC |
| 181 | GTTCGGAGTG | GCGCAGCATC | TCGGTGCTAA | CGTTACGAGC | CATCAAGCCG | GCGTTGCGCA |
| 241 | AAAAATCCAT | CGAGCGATAT | TAGCATGCGA | AATTGGGAAA | CGAGTCGGTT | CGAGCTTGCG |
| 301 | TGGTCGTGCC | ACACCGGACC | ATGAGGAGAC | CTGAACGGGA | TGCTGCCGCA | AGCCTGCGAC |
| 361 | GTGGCGCGAA | AGCGGTCAAC | TGATAATGCG | TAGGGGCGAG | CCAAGCCAGG | CTATGGGATA |
| 421 | CTCACATAGG | CCATGCGCCT | CGCCGGCCAG | GCGACTGCCG | TACCACTCGA | TGGCAGGTCG |
| 481 | CCCTACCCGT | CCGGCCGGAG | GGATAACATC | GGCCGGCCCG | CAGCTTTACC | TCCTCACGGC |
| | ATCGGCATTT | | | | | |
| | CGGGCGCCAA | | | | | |
| | GGTTTAGTTG | | | | | |
| 00T | GGIIIAGIIG | GALC J | | | | |

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Seq. ID No.3

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| | | 1 | GAATTCTGGG | | | | |
|--------|-----------|------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| | | 51 | TGATCGCTGT | GATCTGGTCG | GCGGTGCCGA | CAGGAACCGT | CGACTTGTCG |
| | | 101 | ACGATCACCT | | | | |
| | 5 | 151 | GAAGACGTAC | GTCAGGTCCG | CCGCCCCGCT | TTCACCCATG | GGCGTCGGGA |
| | | 201 | CGGCGATGAA | | | | |
| | | 251 | GTGAAGTCAA | TCAGCCCGTT | CTCACGGTTC | CTCGCAATCA | ACTCCCAACC |
| | | 301 | CGGGCTCGAA | AATCGGGACA | CTGCCTGCGA | GGAGCAAATC | GATCTTGGCC |
| | | 351 | TGATCGATAT | CGACACAGAC | GACATCGTTG | CCGCTATCCG | CGAGACAGGC |
| | 10 | 401 | GCCCGTGACG | AGGCCTACAT | AGCCTGATCC | GACCACCGAA | ATTTTCAAGA |
| | | 451 | TGACCCCTTC | AAGTCCCCGA | TCGGTCGACG | ACCATACTGC | CGCAACTCTG |
| | | 501 | TACCCTCCGT | GGGTAATTCG | CATGTCGCGT | TCGTAAGGAG | CAGCCAGCGA |
| | | 551 | GTCGGGGACG | TTCGGTGAGA | GAGTCGCAGG | ACTACGAGGT | TGCCGGTGCG |
| | | 601 | ATACATCACA | GTGTTGCGTC | TGTCGGCAAC | GATGCAGCAA | GAACCCACGG |
| | 15 . | 651 | GGCAGCCCTG | AACTGCGCGC | ATGACCGGTC | CTTGTCCTGG | CACCTTTGAT |
| | - | 701 | CGGCCACCGC | | | | |
| 7 | | 751 | GCAGCGGGGA | | | | |
| ė L | | 801 | AACGATTTCG | | | | |
| i L | | 851 | TTCGCGCGCA | | | | |
| d B | 20 | 901 | GGATCGGGCG | | | | |
| | | 951 | ATATTGGCAA | | | | |
| | | 1001 | GCATTGCCCA | | | | |
| 2 | | 1051 | | ATCCAGATGC | | | |
| | | 1101 | | GTACGTGATT | | | |
| 3 | 25 | 1151 | | CAAACCACTT | | | |
| į. | 20 | 1201 | | AATTTCTGCT | | | |
| ŀ | | 1251 | | TCGCTGGTAG | | | |
| | | 1301 | | | | | AATACGGCCT |
| à | | 1351 | | | | | CGGGACCTGG |
| | 30 | 1401 | | | | | CGGCTCTGGG |
| | 30 | 1451 | | | | | GTGGGCTTAC |
| | | 1501 | | | | | CATTCAACGC |
| | | | | | | | AAGCAAAATT |
| | | 1551 | | | | | AGGCGCGCAG |
| | 35 | 1601 | | | | | CCGATCCCGG |
| | 33 | 1651 | | | | | AGAGTGAGAG |
| | | 1701 | | | | | GGAGTGACAA |
| | | 1751 | | | | | : ACGGGGCAGG |
| | | 1801 | | | | | CGAGGTTCAC |
| | 40 | 1851 | | | | | TCGATCACCT |
| | 40 | 1901 | | | | | CACTATGCAG |
| | | 1951 | | | | | TATCGACCCG |
| | | 2001 | | | | | TCAGCTTTGA |
| | | 2051 | | | | | ATCCGACTTC |
| | 45 | 2101 | | | | | A TCAGGCTTCC |
| | 45 | 2151 | | | | | AATCGACGCC |
| | | 2201 | | | | | |
| | | 2251 | | | | | TCGTACTGGA |
| | | 2301 | | | | | GAATGGCATC G TGACCCGAAA |
| | 50 | 2351 | | | | | A TCGGAGGTCT |
| | 50 | 2401 | | | | | C GCCCGAATAT |
| | | 2451 | | | | | |
| | | 2501 | GTCGAGGGGA | A TGIGGAGGA | I GIIGCAAGU | G CCIGARCEI | G ATGACTACGT |
| | | | | | | | |

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2551 CCTGGCGACA GGGCGTGGTT ACACCGTACG TGAGTTCGCT CAAGCTGCTT 2601 TTGACCATGT CGGGCTCGAC TGGCAAAAGC GCGTCAAGTT TGACGACCGC 2651 TATTTGCGTC CCACCGAGGT CGATTCGCTA GTAGGAGATG CCGACAAGGC 2701 GGCCCAGTCA CTCGGCTGGA AAGCTTCGGT TCATACTGGT GAACTCGCGC 2751 GCATCATGGT GGACGCGGAC ATCGCCGCGT TGGAGTGCGA TGGCACACCA 5 TGGATCGACA CGCCGATGTT GCCTGGTTGG GGCAGAGTAA GTTGACGACT 2801 2851 ACACCTGGGC CTCTGGACCG CGCAACGCCC GTGTATATCG CCGGTCATCG 2901 GGGGCTGGTC GGCTCAGCGC TCGTACGTAG ATTTGAGGCC GAGGGGTTCA CCAATCTCAT TGTGCGATCA CGCGATGAGA TTGATCTGAC GGACCGAGCC 2951 3001 GCAACGTTTG ATTTTGTGTC TGAGACAAGA CCACAGGTGA TCATCGATGC 10 3051 GGCCGCACGG GTCGGCGGCA TCATGGCGAA TAACACCTAT CCCGCGGACT 3101 TCTTGTCCGA AAACCTCCGA ATCCAGACCA ATTTGCTCGA CGCAGCTGTC 3151 GCCGTGCGTG TGCCGCGGCT CCTTTTCCTC GGTTCGTCAT GCATCTACCC 3201 GAAGTACGCT CCGCAACCTA TCCACGAGAG TGCTTTATTG ACTGGCCCTT 3251 TGGAGCCCAC CAACGACGCG TATGCGATCG CCAAGATCGC CGGTATCCTG 15 3301 CAAGTTCAGG CGGTTAGGCG CCAATATGGG CTGGCGTGGA TCTCTGCGAT 3351 GCCGACTAAC CTCTACGGAC CCGGCGACAA CTTCTCCCCG TCCGGGTCGC 3401 ATCTCTTGCC GGCGCTCATC CGTCGATATG AGGAAGCCAA AGCTGGTGGT 1.7 3451 GCAGAAGAGG TGACGAATTG GGGGACCGGT ACTCCGCGGC GCGAACTTCT 3501 GCATGTCGAC GATCTGGCGA GCGCATGCCT GTTCCTTTTG GAACATTTCG 3551 ATGGTCCGAA CCACGTCAAC GTGGGCACCG GCGTCGATCA CAGCATTAGC 3601 GAGATCGCAG ACATGGTCGC TACAGCGGTG GGCTACATCG GCGAAACACG IJŢ, 3651 TTGGGATCCA ACTAAACCCG ATGGAACCCC GCGCAAACTA TTGGACGTCT 3701 CCGCGCTACG CGAGTTGGGT TGGCGCCCGC GAATCGCACT GAAAGACGGC 3751 ATCGATGCAA CGGTGTCGTG GTACCGCACA AATGCCGATG CCGTGAGGAG D 25 3801 GTAAAGCTGC GGGTCGGCCG ATGTTATCCC TCCGGCCGGA CGGGTGGGGC Ç: 1 1 3851 GACCTGCCGT CGAGTGGTAC GGCAGTCGCC TGGCCGGCGA GGCGCGTGGC 3901 CTATGGGAGT ATCCAATAGC CTGGCTTGGC TCGCCCCTAC GCATTATCAG 3951 TTGACCGCTT TCGCGCCAGC TCGCAGGCTT GCGGCAGCAT CCCGTTCAGG Q1 4001 TCTCCTCATG GTCCGGTGTG GCACGACCAC GCAAGCTCGA ACCGACTCGT 4051 TTCCCAATTT CGCATGCTAA TATCGCTCGA TGGATTTTTT GCGCAACGCC 113 õi 4101 GGCTTGATGG CTCGTAACGT TAGTACCGAG ATGCTGCGCC ACTTCGAACG 4151 AAAGCGCCTA TTAGTAAACC AATTCAAAGC ATACGGAGTC AACGTTGTTA 4201 TTGATGTCGG TGCTAACTCC GGCCAGTTCG GTAGCGCTTT GCGTCGTGCA 4251 GGATTCAAGA GCCGTATCGT TTCCTTTGAA CCTCTTTCGG GGCCATTTGC 35 4301 GCAACTAACG CGCAAGTCGG CATCGGATCC ACTATGGGAG TGTCACCAGT 4351 ATGCCCTAGG CGACGCCGAT GAGACGATTA CCATCAATGT GGCAGGCAAT 4401 GCGGGGCAA GTAGTTCCGT GCTGCCGATG CTTAAAAGTC ATCAAGATGC 4451 CTTTCCTCCC GCGAATTATA TTGGCACCGA AGACGTTGCA ATACACCGCC TTGATTCGGT TGCATCAGAA TTTCTGAACC CTACCGATGT TACTTTCCTG 40 4501 4551 AAGATCGACG TACAGGGTTT CGAGAAGCAG GTTATCACGG GCAGTAAGTC 4601 AACGCTTAAC GAAAGCTGCG TCGGCATGCA ACTCGAACTT TCTTTTATTC 4651 CGTTGTACGA AGGTGACATG CTGATTCATG AAGCGCTTGA ACTTGTCTAT TCCCTAGGTT TCAGACTGAC GGGTTTGTTG CCCGGCTTTA CGGATCCGCG 4701 4751 CAATGGTCGA ATGCTTCAAG CTGACGGCAT TTTCTTCCGT GGGGACGATT 45 4801 GACATAAATG CTCCGTCGGC ACCCTGCCGG TATCCAAACG GGCGATCTGG TGAGCCGGCC TCCCGGGCAC CTAATCGACT ATCTAAATTG AGGCGGCCGC 4851 4901 GACGTGCGGC ACGAACAGGT GGCCGGCTGC TAGCGTTACA CACGTCATGA 4951 CTGCGCCAGT GTTCTCGATA ATTATCCCTA CCTTCAATGC AGCGGTGACG 5001 CTGCAAGCCT GCCTCGGAAG CATCGTCGGG CAGACCTACC GGGAAGTGGA 50 AGTGGTCCTT GTCGACGGCG GTTCGACCGA TCGGACCCTC GACATCGCGA 5101 ACAGTTTCCG CCCGGAACTC GGCTCGCGAC TGGTCGTTCA CAGCGGGCCC 5151 GATGATGGCC CCTACGACGC CATGAACCGC GGCGTCGGCG TGGCCACAGG

| | | 5201 | | CTTTTTTTAG | | | |
|---------------|----|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | 5251 | | GGTAGCCGCT | | | |
| | | 5301 | | ATGTTGTGAT | | | |
| | | 5351 | | GACCGCCTCC | | | |
| | 5 | 5401 | | CCGTGAGCTT | | | |
| | | 5451 | | GGGCGGACTG | | | |
| | | 5501 | | ACCCGCTACA | | | |
| | | 5551 | | CAGCATGAGG | | | |
| | | 5601 | CTGCCAATGT | ACTTCTGGGT | TGCAGGGTGG | GAGACTTGCA | GGCGCATGCT |
| | 10 | 5651 | | AAAGACAAGG | | | |
| | | 5701 | TGATAAGGGT | TAAGGCCGTC | TCCAAAGAAC | GAAGCGCAGA | ACCGTAGTCG |
| | | 5751 | CGGATCCACA | TTGGACTTCT | TTAACGCGTT | TGCGTCCTGA | TCCACCTTTC |
| | | 5801 | AAGCCCGTTC | CGCGTAACGC | GGCGCGCAGA | GAGTGGTCGC | ATATCGCATC |
| | | 5851 | ACTGTTCTCG | TGCCAGTGCT | TGGAAAGCGT | CGAGCACTCT | GGTTCGCGTT |
| | 15 | 5901 | CTTGACGTTC | GCGCCCGCTC | CTAGAGGTAG | CGTGTCACGT | GACTGAAGCC |
| | | 5951 | AATGAGTGCA | ACTCGGCGTC | GCGAAAGGTT | TCAGTCGCGG | TTGAGCAAGA |
| | | 6001 | CACCGCAAGA | CTACTGGAGT | GCGTGCACAA | GCGCCTCCAG | CTCGCGGCTG |
| | | 6051 | | CAAAGGGATT | | | |
| | | 6101 | | GGCTGGGACA | | | |
| er i | 20 | 6151 | | TAGAAGTCCC | | | |
| . 49 | | 6201 | | TTGGCTAATT | | | |
| Bee le | | 6251 | | TAGGACTCGC | | | |
| | | 6301 | | GAGGATGCTG | | | |
| | | 6351 | | CGAAGGGCCA | | | |
| 579 | 25 | 6401 | | GCCACGAGCC | | | |
| ¥ | 20 | 6451 | | GCCGATCTCG | | | |
| and my | | 6501 | | TCTTGCCGAC | | | |
| 41. | | 6551 | | TCGGCGGCGG | | | |
| <u>ļ.</u> | | 6601 | | CCCGCAGCCG | | | |
| | 30 | | | CCGCCAGGTT | | | |
| 41 | 30 | 6651 | | AACGTGGCTG | | | |
| \$2.5 20.5 | | 6701 6751 | | CTTGGTGACC | | | |
| | | 6801 | | CATCGCGGGC | | | |
| 1 | | 6851 | | GGTGTCCAGC | | | |
| | 35 | | | | | | CGCCGCGTCA |
| | 33 | 6901 | | CCAGCGGTGC | | | |
| | | 6951 | AGGI CAGCAC | AGGCCGTCCC | стестесте | TTGATCTTGT | AGGCCTCCAA |
| | | 7001 | | | | | TCGCCGGCGG |
| | | 7051 | | | | | GCGCACGTCG |
| | 40 | 7101 | | | | | CGTCAATCAA |
| | 40 | 7151 | | | | | TCGAGTTCGG |
| | | 7201 | | | | | GAACTGCTGC |
| | | 7251 | | | | | TTTTCGGGCG |
| | | | GCTTCGGTT | C CCAAIGCGC | GARICGIII | C CTCCTACTC | TCATCGAGGA |
| | 45 | 7351 | | | | | GATCACACCG |
| | 45 | 7401 | | | | | |
| | | 7451 | GTCGCAGGT | T CCAACAGGA | r cagggegee | A IGAICGACC | A CCACCGCCAC |
| | | 7501 | GGTGGCACC | G ACGAGCCGC | T GAGGCACCG | A GIAACGAGC | r GAGCCGTAAC |
| | | 7551 | GGATGCACG | A GAGGCCGTC | G ACCTTACGG | C GCACCGACC | C CGAGCCGATC |
| | | | | | | | T CGTCAACCAA |
| | 50 | | | | | | G GCATTGACCT |
| | | | | A TAGTTGCGC | C TGGGCGTTG | A GGGCACGTA | G GTCGACCTGC |
| | | 7751 | | | | | A GGTCGTCCTG |
| | | 7802 | L AGCGTAGCC | A CAGAGGTTC | T CCACGATGO | CTTCGATTG | C GGATCCGCAC |

7851 CGTGGCAGAA GTCCGGAACG AAGCCATAGT GGGACGCGAA TCGCACATAA
7901 TCCGGTGTTG GAACAACAAC ATTGGCGACG ACACCACCTT TGAGGCAGCC
7951 CATCCGGTCG GCCAGGATCT TGGCCGGAAC CCCACCGATC GCCTC

Seq. ID No.4

| 5 | 1 | TTCTACTGCC | TGACCTGAGC | AGCGCCGAGG | CGCGCAGCGC | GATCACTGCG | ACCTGAATGG |
|----------------|------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | CCAGGTGGAA | | | | | |
| | 121 | CACAACGAGA | GTGAGACCGC | CATGATGACG | AAATATCGGC | TGGGCGGAGT | CAACGCCGGA |
| | 181 | GTGACAAAAG | TGAGAACCCG | GTGAAGCGAG | CGCTTATAAC | AGGGATCACG | GGGCAGGATG |
| | 241 | GTTCCTACCT | CGCCGAGCTA | CTACTGAGCA | AGGGATACGA | GGTTCACGGG | CTCGTTCGTC |
| 10 | | GAGCTTCGAC | | | | | |
| | 361 | GCGCGCGCTT | GTTCTTGCAC | TATGCAGACC | TCACTGACGG | CACCCGGTTG | GTGACCCTGC |
| | 421 | TCAGCAGTAT | CGACCCGGAT | GAGGTCTACA | ACCTCGCAGC | GCAGTCCCAT | GTGCGCGTCA |
| | | GCTTTGACGA | | | | | |
| | | AAGCAGTCCG | | | | | |
| 15 | 601 | TCGGCGCATC | TCCGCCACCG | CAGAACGAAT | CGACGCCGTT | CTATCCCCGT | TCGCCATACG |
| , • | | GCGCGGCCAA | | | | | |
| | | TCGCAGTGAA | | | | | |
| | 781 | CCCGAAAGAT | CACGCGTGCC | GTGGCGCGCA | TCCGAGCTGG | CGTCCAATCG | GAGGTCTATA |
| | | TGGGCAACCT | | | | | |
| 20 | 901 | GGAGGATGTT | GCAAGCGCCT | GAACCTGATG | ACTACGTCCT | GGCGACAGGG | CGTGGTTACA |
| 20 | 961 | CCGTACGTGA | GTTCGCTCAA | GCTGCTTTTG | ACCACGTCGG | GCTCGACTGG | CAAAAGCACG |
| | 1021 | TCAAGTTTGA | CGACCGCTAT | TTGCGCCCCA | CCGAGGTCGA | TTCGCTAGTA | GGAGATGCCG |
| | 1081 | ACAGGGCGGC | CCAGTCACTC | GGCTGGAAAG | CTTCGGTTCA | TACTGGTGAA | CTCGCGCGCA |
| | | TCATGGTGGA | | | | | |
| 25 | 1201 | CGATGTTGCC | TGGTTGGGG | GGAGTAAGTI | GACGACTACA | CCTGGGCCTC | TGGACCGCGC |
| 20 | 1261 | AACGCCCGTG | TATATCGCCC | GTCATCGGGG | GCTGGTCGGC | TCAGCGCTCG | TACGTAGATT |
| | 1321 | TGAGGCCGAG | GGGTTCACCA | ATCTCATTGT | GCGATCACGC | GATGAGATTG | ATCTGACGGA |
| | 1381 | CCGAGCCGCA | ACGTTTGATT | TTGTGTCTGA | GACAAGACCA | CAGGTGATCA | TCGATGCGGC |
| | 1441 | L CGCACGGGTC | GGCGGCATC | TGGCGAATA | CACCTATCCC | GCGGACTTCT | TGTCCGAAAA |
| 30 | 1501 | L CCTCCGAATC | CAGACCAAT | TGCTCGACG | AGCTGTCGCC | GTGCGTGTGC | CGCGGCTCCT |
| | 156 | 1 TTTCCTCGG1 | TCGTCATGC | A TCTACCCGA | A GTACGCTCCC | CAACCTATCO | ACGAGAGTGC |
| | 162 | 1 TTTATTGACT | GGCCCTTTG | AGCCCACCAL | A CGACGCGTAT | r GCGATCGCCA | AGATCGCCGG |
| | | 1 TATCCTGCA | | | | | |
| | 174 | 1 GACTAACCTO | TACGGACCC | G GCGACAACT | r crccccgrc | GGGTCGCATC | TCTTGCCGGC |
| 35 | | | | | | | A CGAATTGGGG |
| | 186 | 1 GACCGGTAC | CCGCGGCGC | G AACTTCTGC | A TGTCGACGA | r cTGGCGAGCG | CATGCCTGTT |
| | 192 | 1 CCTTTTGGA | CATTTCGAT | G GTCCGAACC | A CGTCAACGT | G GGCACCGGC | TCGATCACAG |
| | 198 | 1 CATTAGCGAG | ATCGCAGAC | A TGGTCGCTA | C GGCGGTGGG | C TACATCGGCC | AAACACGTTG |
| | | | | | | | G CGCTACGCGA |
| 40 | 210 | 1 GTTGGGTTG | G CGCCCGCGA | A TCGCACTGA | A AGACGGCAT | C GATGCAACGO | G TGTCGTGGTA |
| | 216 | 1 CCGCACAAA | r GCCGATGCC | G TGAGGAGGT | A AAGCTGCGG | G CCGGCCGAT | TTATCCCTCC |
| | 222 | 1 GGCCGGACG | G GTAGGGCGA | C CTGCCATCG | A GTGGTACGG | C AGTCGCCTG | G CCGGCGAGGC |
| | 228 | 1 GCATGGCCT | A TGGGAGTAT | C CCATAGCCT | G GCTTGGCTC | G CCCCTACGC | A TTATCAGTTG |
| | 234 | 1 ACCGCTTTC | G CGCCAGCTC | G CAGGCTCGC | G GCAGCATCC | C GTTCAGGTC | T CCTCATGGTC |
| 45 | 240 | 1 CGGTGTGGC | A CGACCACGO | A AGCTCGAAC | C GACTCGTTT | C CCAATTTCG | C ATGCTAATAT |
| · - | 246 | 1 CGCTCGATG | G ATTTTTTGC | G CAACGCCGG | C TTGATGGCT | C GTAACGTTA | G CACCGAGATG |
| | 252 | 1 CTGCGCCAC | T TCGAACGAA | A GCGCCTATI | A GTAAACCAA | T TCAAAGCAT | A CGGAGTCAAC |
| | 258 | 31 GTTGTTATT | G ATGTCGGT | C TAACTCCGG | C CAGTTCGGT | A GCGCTTTGC | G TCGTGCAGGA |
| | 264 | 1 TTCAAGAGC | C GTATCGTT | C CTTTGAACO | T CTTTCGGGG | C CATTTGCGC | A ACTAACGCGC |
| 50 | 270 | 1 GAGTCGGCA | T CGGATCCA | CT ATGGGAGTO | T CACCAGTA | G CCCTAGGCG | A CGCCGATGAG |
| | | | | | | | |

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2761 ACGATTACCA TCAATGTGGC AGGCAATGCG GGGGCAAGTA GTTCCGTGCT GCCGATGCTT
                2821 AAAAGTCATC AAGATGCCTT TCCTCCCGCG AATTATATTG GCACCGAAGA CGTTGCAATA
                2881 CACCGCCTTG ATTCGGTTGC ATCAGAATTT CTGAACCCTA CCGATGTTAC TTTCCTGAAG
                2941 ATCGACGTAC AGGGTTTCGA GAAGCAGGTT ATCGCGGGCA GTAAGTCAAC GCTTAACGAA
                3001 AGCTGCGTCG GCATGCAACT CGAACTTTCT TTTATTCCGT TGTACGAAGG TGACATGCTG
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                 3061 ATTCATGAAG CGCTTGAACT TGTCTATTCC CTAGGTTTCA GACTGACGGG TTTGTTGCCC
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                 3361 TATCCCTACC TTCAATGCAG CGGTGACGCT GCAAGCCTGC CTCGGAAGCA TCGTCGGGCA
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                 3541 TGATGGCCCC TACGACGCCA TGAACCGCGG CGTCGGCGTA GCCACAGGCG AATGGGTACT
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3901 CCGCTACATG GACGTCGTGA TTTCCGAATA CAACGACATG ACCGGCTTCA GCATGAGGCA
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                 3961 GGGGACTGAT AAAGAGTTCA GAAAACGGCT GCCAATGTAC TTCTGGGTTG CAGGGTGGGA
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                 4021 GACTTGCAGG CGCATGCTGG CGTTTTTGAA AGACAAGGAG AATCGCCGTC TGGCCTTGCG
                 4081 TACGCGGTTG ATAAGGGTTA AGGCCGTCTC CAAAGAACGA AGCGCAGAAC CGTAGTCGCG
U
                 4141 GATCCACATT GGACTTCTTT AACGCGTTTG CGTCCTGATC CACCTTTCAA CCCCGTTCCG
L.
D
                 4201 CGTGACGCGG CGCGCAGAGA GTGGTCGCAT ATCGCGTCAC TGTTCTCGTG CCAGTGCTTG
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                 4261 GAAAGCGTCG AGCACTCTGG TTCGCGTTCT TGACGTTCGC GCCCGCCCCT AGAGGTAGCG
4321 TGTCACGTGA CTGAAGCCAA TGAGTGCAAC TCGGCGTCGC GAAAGGTTTC AGTCGCGGTT
                 4381 GAGCAAGACA CCGCAAGACT ACTGGAGTGC GTGCACAAGC GCCTCCAGCT CACGG
la la
Ü
Seq. ID No.5
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Seq. ID No.7

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Seq. ID No.8

Seq. ID No.9

1 gtgaagcgag cgcttataac agggatcacg gggcaggatg gttcctacct cgccgagcta 61 ctactgagca agggatacga ggttcacggg ctcgttcgtc gagcttcgac gtttaacacg 121 tegeggateg atcaceteta egitgaceca caccaacegg gegegegeti gitetigeac 30 181 tatgcagacc tcactgacgg cacccggttg gtgaccctgc tcagcagtat cgacccggat 241 gaggtctaca acctegeage geagteceat gtgegegtea getttgacga gecagtgeat 301 accggagaca ccaccggcat gggatcgatc cgacttctgg aagcagtccg cctttctcgg 361 gtggactgcc ggttctatca ggcttcctcg tcggagatgt tcggcgcatc tccgccaccg 421 cagaacgaat cgacgccgtt ctatccccgt tcgccatacg gcgcggccaa ggtcttctcg 35 481 tactggacga ctcgcaacta tcgagaggcg tacggattat tcgcagtgaa tggcatcttg 541 ttcaaccatg agtccccccg gcgcggcgag actttcgtga cccgaaagat cacgcgtgcc 601 gtggcgcgca tccgagctgg cgtccaatcg gaggtctata tgggcaacct cgatgcgatc 661 cgcgactggg gctacgcgcc cgaatatgtc gaggggatgt ggaggatgtt gcaagcgcct 721 gaacctgatg actacgtcct ggcgacaggg cgtggttaca ccgtacgtga gttcgctcaa 40 781 gctgcttttg accatgtcgg gctcgactgg caaaagcgcg tcaagtttga cgaccgctat 841 ttgcgtccca ccgaggtcga ttcgctagta ggagatgccg acaaggcggc ccagtcactc 901 ggctggaaag cttcggttca tactggtgaa ctcgcgcgca tcatggtgga cgcggacatc 961 gccgcgttgg agtgcgatgg cacaccatgg atcgacacgc cgatgttgcc tggttggggc 45 1021 agagtaagtt ga

Seq. ID No.10

1 V K R A L I T G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L S K G Y E V H G
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61 Y A D L T D G T R L V T L L S S I D P D E V Y N L A A Q S H
91 V R V S F D E P V H T G D T T G M G S I R L L E A V R L S R
121 V D C R F Y Q A S S S E M F G A S P P P Q N E S T P F Y P R
151 S P Y G A A K V F S Y W T T R N Y R E A Y G L F A V N G I L
181 F N H E S P R R G E T F V T R K I T R A V A R I R A G V Q S
211 E V Y M G N L D A I R D W G Y A P E Y V E G M W R M L Q A P
241 E P D D Y V L A T G R G Y T V R E F A Q A A F D H V G L D W
271 Q K R V K F D D R Y L R P T E V D S L V G D A D K A A Q S L
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331 I D T P M L P G W G R V S

Seq. ID No.11

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Seq. ID No.12

1 V K R A L I T G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L S K G Y E V H G

31 L V R R A S T F N T S R I D H L Y V D P H Q P G A R L F L H

61 Y A D L T D G T R L V T L L S S I D P D E V Y N L A A Q S H

91 V R V S F D E P V H T G D T T G M G S I R L L E A V R L S R

121 V D C R F Y Q A S S S E M F G A S P P P Q N E S T P F Y P R

151 S P Y G A A K V F S Y W T T R N Y R E A Y G L F A V N G I L

181 F N H E S P R R G E T F V T R K I T R A V A R I R A G V Q S

211 E V Y M G N L D A I R D W G Y A P E Y V E G M W R M L Q A P

241 E P D D Y L A T G R G Y T V R E F A Q A A F D H V G L D W

271 Q K H V K F D D R Y L R P T E V D S L V G D A D R A A Q S L

301 G W K A S V H T G E L A R I M V D A D I A A S E C D G T P W

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Seq. ID No.13

1 gtgcgatggc acaccatgga tcgacacgcc gatgttgcct ggttggggca gagtaagttg 61 acgactacac ctgggcctct ggaccgcgca acgcccgtgt atatcgccgg tcatcggggg 121 ctggtcggct cagcgctcgt acgtagattt gaggccgagg ggttcaccaa tctcattgtg 181 cgatcacgcg atgagattga tctgacggac cgagccgcaa cgtttgattt tgtgtctgag 241 acaagaccac aggtgatcat cgatgcggcc gcacgggtcg gcggcatcat ggcgaataac 301 acctateceg eggaettett gteegaaaac eteegaatee agaecaattt getegaegea 361 gctgtcgccg tgcgtgtgcc gcggctcctt ttcctcggtt cgtcatgcat ctacccgaag 421 tacgeteege aacetateea egagagtget ttattgaetg gecetttgga geceaceaac 481 gacgcgtatg cgatcgccaa gatcgccggt atcctgcaag ttcaggcggt taggcgccaa 541 tatgggctgg cgtggatctc tgcgatgccg actaacctct acggacccgg cgacaacttc 601 teccegteeg ggtegeatet ettgeeggeg etcateegte gatatgagga agecaaaget 661 ggtggtgcag aagaggtgac gaattggggg accggtactc cgcggcgcga acttctgcat 721 gtegacgate tggcgagege atgeetgtte ettttggaac atttegatgg teegaaccac 781 gtcaacgtgg gcaccggcgt cgatcacagc attagcgaga tcgcagacat ggtcgctaca 841 geggtggget acateggega aacaegttgg gatecaacta aaceegatgg aaceeegege 901 aaactattgg acgtctccgc gctacgcgag ttgggttggc gcccgcgaat cgcactgaaa 961 gacggcatcg atgcaacggt gtcgtggtac cgcacaaatg ccgatgccgt gaggaggtaa

Seq. ID No.14

PCT/GB96/03221

The first that the first first the first two man is thought for the first two man is the first first first that the first first first the first first

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Seq. ID No.15

1 gtgcgatggc acaccatgga tcgacacgcc gatgttgcct ggttggggcg gagtaagttg 61 acgactacac ctgggcctct ggaccgcgca acgcccgtgt atatcgccgg tcatcggggg 121 ctggtcggct cagcgctcgt acgtagattt gaggccgagg ggttcaccaa tctcattgtg 181 cgatcacgcg atgagattga tctgacggac cgagccgcaa cgtttgattt tgtgtctgag 241 acaagaccac aggtgatcat cgatgcggcc gcacgggtcg gcggcatcat ggcgaataac 301 acctateceg eggacttett gteegaaaac eteegaatee agaceaattt getegaegea 361 getgtegeeg tgegtgtgee geggeteett tteeteggtt egteatgeat etaceegaag 421 tacgeteege aacetateea egagagtget ttattgaetg gecetttgga geceaceaac 481 gacgcgtatg cgatcgccaa gatcgccggt atcctgcaag ttcaggcggt taggcgccaa 541 tatgggetgg cgtggatete tgcgatgeeg actaacetet acggaceegg cgacaactte 601 teccegteeg ggtegeatet ettgeeggeg etcateegte gatatgagga agecaaaget 661 ggtggtgcag aagaggtgac gaattggggg accggtactc cgcggcgcga acttctgcat 721 gtcgacgatc tggcgagcgc atgcctgttc cttttggaac atttcgatgg tccgaaccac 781 gtcaacgtgg gcaccggcgt cgatcacagc attagcgaga tcgcagacat ggtcgctacg 841 geggtggget acateggega aacaegttgg gatecaacta aaccegatgg aacceegege 901 aaactattgg acgtctccgc gctacgcgag ttgggttggc gcccgcgaat cgcactgaaa 961 gacggcatcg atgcaacggt gtcgtggtac cgcacaaatg ccgatgccgt gaggaggtaa

Seq. ID No.16

Seq. ID No.17

RTNADAVRR

1 atggattttt tgcgcaacgc cggcttgatg getcgtaacg ttagtaccga gatgctgcgc 61 cacttogaac gaaagogoot attagtaaac caattoaaag cataoggagt caacgttgtt 35 121 attgatgtcg gtgctaactc cggccagttc ggtagcgctt tgcgtcgtgc aggattcaag 181 ageogtateg titectitga acctetiteg gggecattig egcaactaac gegeaagteg 241 gcatcggatc cactatggga gtgtcaccag tatgccctag gcgacgccga tgagacgatt 301 accatcaatg tggcaggcaa tgcgggggca agtagttccg tgctgccgat gcttaaaagt 361 cateaagatg cettteetee egegaattat attggeaceg aagacgttge aatacacege 40 421 cttgattcgg ttgcatcaga atttctgaac cctaccgatg ttactttcct gaagatcgac 481 gtacagggtt tcgagaagca ggttatcacg ggcagtaagt caacgcttaa cgaaagctgc 541 gtcggcatgc aactcgaact ttcttttatt ccgttgtacg aaggtgacat gctgattcat 601 gaagegettg aacttgteta tteectaggt tteagaetga egggtttgtt geeeggettt 661 acggarccgc gcaatggtcg aargcttcaa gctgacggca ttttctrccg tggggacgat 45 721 tga

15

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Seq. ID No.18
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1 M D F L R N A G L M A R N V S T E M L R H F E R K R L L V N
31 Q F K A Y G V N V V I D V G A N S G Q F G S A L R R A G F K
61 S R I V S F E P L S G P F A Q L T R K S A S D P L W E C H Q
91 Y A L G D A D E T I T I N V A G N A G A S S S V L P M L K S
121 H Q D A F P P A N Y I G T E D V A I H R L D S V A S E F L N
151 P T D V T F L K I D V Q G F E K Q V I T G S K S T L N E S C
181 V G M Q L E L S F I P L Y E G D M L I H E A L E L V Y S L G
211 F R L T G L L P G F T D P R N G R M L Q A D G I F F R G D D

10 Seq. ID No.19

Seq. ID No.20

25

1 M D F L R N A G L M A R N V S T E M L R H F E R K R L L V N

31 Q F K A Y G V N V V I D V G A N S G Q F G S A L R R A G L H Q

91 Y A L G D A D E T I T I N V A G N A G A S S S V L P M L K S

121 H Q D A F P P A N Y I G T E D V A I H R L D S V A S E F L N

151 P T D V T F L K I D V Q G F E K Q V I A G S K S T L V Y S L G

121 F R L T G L L P G F T D P R N G R M L Q A D G I F F R G D D

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Seq. ID No.21

1 atgactgcgc cagtgttctc gataattatc cctaccttca atgcagcggt gacgctgcaa 61 gcctgcctcg gaagcatcgt cgggcagacc taccgggaag tggaagtggt ccttgtcgac 121 ggcggttcga ccgatcggac cctcgacatc gcgaacagtt tccgcccgga actcggctcg 181 cgactggtcg ttcacagcgg gcccgatgat ggcccctacg acgccatgaa ccgcggcgtc 5 241 ggcgtggcca caggcgaatg ggtacttttt ttaggcgccg acgacaccct ctacgaacca 301 accacgttgg cccaggtagc cgcttttctc ggcgaccatg cggcaagcca tcttgtctat 361 ggcgatgttg tgatgcgttc gacgaaaagc cggcatgccg gacctttcga cctcgaccgc 421 ctcctatttg agacgaattt gtgccaccaa tcgatctttt accgccgtga gcttttcgac 481 ggcateggcc cttacaacct gcgctaccga gtctgggcgg actgggactt caatattcgc 10 541 tgcttctcca accoggcgct gattacccgc tacatggacg tcgtgatttc cgaatacaac 601 gacatgaccg gcttcagcat gaggcagggg actgataaag agttcagaaa acggctgcca 661 atgtacttct gggttgcagg gtgggagact tgcaggcgca tgctggcgtt tttgaaagac 721 aaggagaatc gccgtctggc cttgcgtacg cggttgataa gggttaaggc cgtctccaaa 781 gaacgaagcg cagaaccgta g 15

Seq. ID No.22

1 MTAPVFSIIIPTFNAAVTLQACLGSIVGQT 31 YREVEVVLVDGGSTDRTLDIANSFRPELGS 61 RLVVHSGPDDGPYDAMNRGVGVATGEWVLF 91 LGADDTLYEPTTLAQVAAFLGDHAASHLVY 121 G D V V M R S T K S R H A G P F D L D R L L F E T N L C H Q 151 SIFYRRELFDGIGPYNLRYRVWADWDFNIR C F S N P A L I T R Y M D V V I S E Y N D M T G F S M R Q G 211 TDKEFRKRLPMYFWVAGWETCRRMLAFLKD 241 KENRRLALRTRLIRVKAVSKERSAEP

Seq. ID No.23

1 atgactgcgc cagtgttctc gataattatc cctaccttca atgcagcggt gacgctgcaa 61 gcctgcctcg gaagcatcgt cgggcagacc taccgggaag tggaagtggt ccttgtcgac 121 ggcggttcga ccgatcggac cctcgacatc gcgaacagtt tccgcccgga actcggctcg 181 cgactggtcg ttcacagcgg gcccgatgat ggcccctacg acgccatgaa ccgcggcgtc 241 ggcgtagcca caggcgaatg ggtacttttt ttaggcgccg acgacaccct ctacgaacca 301 accacgttgg cccaggtagc cgcttttctc ggcgaccatg cggcaagcca tcttgtctat 361 ggcgatgttg tgatgcgttc gacgaaaagc cggcatgccg gacctttcga cctcgaccgc 421 ctcctatttg agacgaattt gtgccaccaa tcgatctttt accgccgtga gcttttcgac 481 ggcatcggcc cttacaacct gcgctaccga gtctgggcgg actgggactt caatattcgc 35 541 tgcttctcca acccggcgct gattacccgc tacatggacg tcgtgatttc cgaatacaac 601 gacatgaccg gcttcagcat gaggcagggg actgataaag agttcagaaa acggctgcca 661 atgtacttct gggttgcagg gtgggagact tgcaggcgca tgctggcgtt tttgaaagac 721 aaggagaatc gccgtctggc cttgcgtacg cggttgataa gggttaaggc cgtctccaaa 40 781 gaacgaagcg cagaaccgta g

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Seq. ID No.24

1 M T A P V F S I I I P T F N A A V T L Q A C L G S I V G Q T

31 Y R E V E V V L V D G G S T D R T L D I A N S F R P E L G S

61 R L V V H S G P D D G P Y D A M N R G V G V A T G E W V L F

91 L G A D D T L Y E P T T L A Q V A A F L G D H A A S H L V Y

121 G D V V M R S T K S R H A G P F D L D R L L F E T N L C H Q

151 S I F Y R R E L F D G I G P Y N L R Y R V W A D W D F N I R

181 C F S N P A L I T R Y M D V V I S E Y N D M T G F S M R Q G

211 T D K E F R K R L P M Y F W V A G W E T C R R M L A F L K D

Seq. ID No.25

1 gtggccagca gaagtccca ctccgctgcg ggtggttggc taattcttgg cggctccctt
61 cttgtggtcg gcgtggcgca tccggtagga ctcgccggag gtgacgacga tgctggcgtg
121 gtgcagcagc cgatcgagga tgctggcgcg ggtggtgtgc tcggggcagga atcgcccca
181 ttgttcgaag ggccaatgcg aggcgatggc cagggagcgg cgctcgtage cggcagccac
241 gagccggaac aacagttgag tcccggtgtc gtcgagcggg gcgaagccga tctcgtccaa
301 gatgaccaga tccggcgga gcaggtgtc gatgatcttg ccgacggtgt tgtcggccag
361 gccgcggtag aggacctcga tcaggtcgc ggcggtgaag tagcggactt tgaatccggc
421 gtggacggca gcgtgcccg agccgatgag caggtgaag tagcggactt tgaatccggc
421 gtggacggca gcgtgcccg agccgatgag caggtgact ttgccggcag
421 gtggacggca acggttctgtt gtgcccgaat ccattccagg ctcgacaggt agtcgacgt
481 aatgaccgcc aggttctgtt gtgcccgaat ccattccagg ctcgacaggt tgaccgggaa
601 ggctgcggcc ttgagacggt tggcggtgtt ggaggcatcg cgggcagcga tctcggccac
661 aaccaacgtc cgcaggatct cctccggtgt ccagcgttg gtcttggcg
661 aaccaacgtc ttgcggcga ccgtggccag cttcaaccgc cgcagcgca cttgcaacac
721 ctcggcggcg ttgcggcca acggacgca ccaccggttg gcagcggtg cgtcaaggtc
781 agcagccagc ggtgctcgc aggacggtg caccggcttg gcagcgtgt tcatgaggcc
841 gtcccgtcgg tggtgttgat cttgtag

Seq. ID No.26

1 V A S R S P H S A A G G W L I L G G S L L V V G V A H P V G
31 L A G G D D D A G V V Q Q P I E D A G G G G V L G Q E S P P

30 61 L F E G P M R G D G Q G A A L V A G S H E P E Q Q L S P G V
91 V E R G E A D L V Q D D Q I R A E Q G V D D L A D G V V G Q

121 A A V E D L D Q V G G G E V A D F E S G V D G S V P A A D E

151 Q V T F A R T R W A N D R Q V L L C P N P F Q A R Q V V E R

181 G C G D R R S G D V E P V E G L G D R E G C G L E T V G G V

211 G G I A G S D L G L N Q R P Q D L L R C P A L R L G D L Q H

241 L G G V A A H R G Q L Q P P Q R R V K V S S Q R C R R G R C

271 H R L G S G G H E A V P S V V L I L

| | 1 | atgggctgcc | tcaaaggtgg | tgtcgtcgcc | aatgttgttg | ttccaacacc | ggattatgtg |
|----|------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 61 | cgattcgcg t | cccactatgg | cttcgttccg | gacttctgcc | acggtgcgga | tccgcaatcg |
| | 121 | aagggcatcg | tggagaacct | ctgtggctac | gctcaggacg | accttgcggt | gccgctgctg |
| 5 | 181 | accgaagctg | cgttagccgg | tgagcaggtc | gacctacgtg | ccctcaacgc | ccaggcgcaa |
| | 241 | ctatggtgcg | ccgaggtcaa | tgccacggtc | cactcggaga | tetgegeegt | gcccaacgat |
| | 301 | cgcttggttg | acgagcgcac | cgtcttgagg | gagctgccct | cgctgcggcc | gacgatcggc |
| | 361 | tcggggtcgg | tgcgccgtaa | ggtcgacggc | ctctcgtgca | tccgttacgg | ctcagctcgt |
| | 421 | tactcggtgc | ctcagcggct | cgtcggtgcc | accgtggcgg | tggtggtcga | tcatggcgcc |
| 10 | 481 | ctgatcctgt | tggaacctgc | gaccggtgtg | atcgtggccg | agcacgagct | cgtcagccca |
| | 541 | ggtgaggtgt | ccatcctcga | tgaacactac | gacggaccca | gacccgcacc | ctcgcgtggt |
| | 601 | cctcgcccga | aaacccaagc | agagaaacga | ttctgcgcat | tgggaaccga | agcgcagcag |
| | 661 | ttcctcgtcg | gtgctgctgc | gatcggcaac | acccgactga | aatccgaact | cgacattctg |
| | 721 | ctcggccttg | gegeegeeca | cggcgaacag | gctttgattg | acgcgctgcg | ccgggcggtt |
| 15 | 781 | gcgtttcgcc | ggttccgcgc | tgccgacgtg | cgctcgatcc | tggccgccgg | cgccggcacc |
| | 841 | ccacaacccc | gccccgccgg | cgacgcactc | gtgctcgatc | tgcccaccgt | cgagacccgc |
| | 901 | tcgttggagg | cctacaagat | caacaccacc | gacgggacgg | cctcatgacc | accgctgcca |
| | 961 | agccggtggc | accgtcctcg | gcggcaccgc | tggctgctga | ccttgacgcg | gcgctgcggc |
| | 1021 | ggttgaagct | ggccacggtg | cgccgcaacg | ccgccgaggt | gttgcaagtc | gccaagacgc |
| 20 | 1081 | aacgctggac | accggaggag | atcctgcgga | cgttggttga | ggccgagatc | getgeeegeg |
| | 1141 | atgcctccaa | caccgccaac | cgtctcaagg | ccgcagcctt | cccggtcacc | aagaccctcg |
| | 1201 | acgggttcga | cgtcaccgga | tcgtcgatca | ccgcagccac | gttcgactac | ctgtcgagcc |
| | 1261 | tggaatggat | tcgggcacaa | cagaacctgg | cggtcattgg | cccacctggt | acgggcaaaa |
| | 1321 | gtcacctgct | catcggctgc | gggcacgctg | ccgtccacgc | cggattcaaa | gtccgctact |
| 25 | 1381 | tcaccgccgc | cgacctgatc | gaggtcctct | accgcggcct | ggccgacaac | accgtcggca |
| | 1441 | agatcatcga | caccctgctc | cgcgcggatc | tggtcatctt | ggacgagatc | ggettegeee |
| | 1501 | cgctcgacga | caccgggact | caactgttgt | teeggetegt | ggctgccggc | tacgagcgcc |
| | 1561 | gctccctggc | catcgcctcg | cattggccct | tcgaacaatg | ggggcgattc | ctgcccgagc |
| | 1621 | acaccaccgc | cgccagcatc | ctcgatcggc | tgctgcacca | cgccagcatc | gtcgtcacct |
| 30 | 1681 | ccggcgagtc | ctaccggatg | cgccacgccg | accacaagaa | gggagccgcc | aagaattag |
| | | | | | | | |

Seq. ID No.28

Cold Rev. Bills 1974 (1974) 1974 (1974) 1975 (1974) 19

35

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| 1 | М | G | С | L | K | G | G | V | V | A | N | V | V | ٧ | Р | T | ₽ | D | Y | ٧ | R | F. | A | S | н | Y | G | F. | ٧ | P |
|-----|---|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|
| 31 | D | F | C | Н | G | A | D | P | Q | Ş | K | G | I | V | E | N | L | С | G | Y | A | Q | D | D | L | A | V | P | L | L |
| 61 | T | E | A | A | L | A | G | E | Q | ٧ | D | L | R | A | L | N | A | Q | A | Q | L | W | C | A | E | V | N | A | T | V |
| 91 | H | s | E | I | C | A | V | ₽ | N | D | R | L | ٧ | D | E | R | T | v | L | R | E | L | P | s | L | R | ₽ | T | I | G |
| 121 | S | G | S | V | R | R | K | V | D | G | L | s | C | I | R | Y | G | s | A | R | Y | Ş | V | P | Q | R | L | V | G | A |
| 151 | T | V | A | V | V | v | D | H | G | A | L | I | L | L | E | P | A | T | G | V | Ĭ | V | A | E | H | E | L | V | s | P |
| 181 | G | E | v | S | I | L | D | E | H | Y | D | G | P | R | P | A | P | S | R | G | P | R | P | K | Ţ | Q | A | E | K | R |
| 211 | F | C | A | L | G | T | E | A | Q | Q | F | L | V | G | A | A | A | I | G | N | T | R | L | ĸ | s | E | L | D | I | L |
| 241 | L | G | L | G | A | A | Н | G | E | Q | A | L | I | Đ | A | L | R | R | A | V | A | F | R | R | F | R | A | A | D | V |
| 271 | R | s | I | L | A | A | G | A | G | T | P | Q | P | R | P | A | G | D | A | L | V | L | D | L | P | T | V | E | T | R |
| 301 | g | ۲. | E. | Δ | v | ĸ | τ | N | ų, | T | ם | G | T | Δ | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Seq. ID No.29
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1 M T T A A K P V A P S S A A P L A A D L D A A L R R L K L A
31 T V R R N A A E V L Q V A K T Q R W T P E E I L R T L V E A
61 E I A A R D A S N T A N R L K A A A F P V T K T L D G F D V
91 T G S S I T A A T F D Y L S S L E W I R A Q Q N L A V I G P
121 P G T G K S H L L I G C G H A A V H A G F K V R Y F T A A D
151 L I E V L Y R G L A D N T V G K I I D T L L R A D L V I L D
181 E I G F A P L D D T G T Q L L F R L V A A G Y E R R S L A I
211 A S H W P F E Q W G R F L P E H T T A A S I L D R L L H H A
241 S I V V T S G E S Y R M R H A D H K K G A A K N

Seq. ID No.30

1 gtgacgtetg ctccgaccgt ctcggtgata acgatetegt teaacgacet cgacgggttg
61 cagcgaccgg tgaaaagtgt gcgggcgaa cgctaccggg gacgcatcga gcacatcgta
121 atcgacggtg gcagcggcga cgacgtggtg gcatacctgt ccggggtgga accaacggt
121 atcgacggtg gcagcggcga cgacggggg cggtaccgac cgatgaacca gggcatcgcg
121 cacgcatcgg gtgatetgtt gtggttettg cactccgccg atcgttttc cggggcccgac
121 cacgcatcgg gtgatetgtt gtggttettg cactccgccg atcgttttc cgggcccgac
121 cacgcatcgg gtgatetgtt ggggttettg cactccgccg atcgttttc cgggcccgac
121 ctcgggatgg atcgtcga ggcgctatcc ggcaagggac cggtgtccga attgtggggc
121 cgcaaattcc tggccggcaa gcaggttgtt ccgcatcaag catcgttett cggatcatcg
122 cgcaaattcc tggccggcaa gcaggttgtt ccgcatcaag catcgttett cggatcatcg
123 atattgcggg ccgcgctggt atgcgacctt gatttcggga tcgccgccga ccaggaattc
124 atattgcggg ccgcgctggt atgcgagccg gtcacgattc ggtgtgtgt gtgcgagttc
125 atgggcgacc ttcatcgccg ctacccgttc gggggaaggc gaatatcaca tgcctaccta
126 cgcggccggg agttctacgc ctacaacagt cgattctggg aaaacgtctt cacgcgaatg
127 cgcgacatag

Seq. ID No.31

1 M T S A P T V S V I T I S F N D L D G L Q R T V K S V R A Q
31 R Y R G R I E H I V I D G G S G D D V V A Y L S G C E P G F
61 A Y W Q S E P D G G R Y D A M N Q G I A H A S G D L L W F L
30 91 H S A D R F S G P D V V A Q A V E A L S G K G P V S E L W G
121 F G M D R L V G L D R V R G P I P F S L R K F L A G K Q V V
151 P H Q A S F F G S S L V A K I G G Y D L D F G I A A D Q E F
181 I L R A A L V C E P V T I R C V L C E F D T T G V G S H R E
211 P S A V F G D L R R M G D L H R R Y P F G G R R I S H A Y L
35 241 R G R E F Y A Y N S R F W E N V F T R M S K

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Seq. ID No.32
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1 gtgaagcgag cgctcatcac cggaatcacc ggccaggacg gctcgtatct cgccgaactg 61 ctgctggcca aggggtatga ggttcacggg ctcatccggc gcgcttcgac gttcaacacc 121 togoggatog atcaceteta egtegaceeg caccaacegg gegegegget gtttetgeac 181 tatggtgacc tgatcgacgg aacceggttg gtgaccetgc tgagcaccat cgaaccegac 241 gaggtgtaca acctggcggc gcagtcacac gtgcgggtga gcttcgacga acccgtgcac 301 accggtgaca ccaccggcat gggatccatg cgactgctgg aagccgttcg gctctctcgg 361 gtgcactgcc gcttctatca ggcgtcctcg tcggagatgt tcggcgcctc gccgccaccg 421 cagaacgage tgacgccgtt ctacccgcgg tcaccgtatg gcgccgccaa ggtctattcg 481 tactgggcga cccgcaatta tcgcgaagcg tacggattgt tcgccgttaa cggcatcttg 541 ttcaatcacg aatcaccgcg gcgcggtgag acgttcgtga cccgaaagat caccagggcc 601 gtggcacgca tcaaggccgg tatccagtcc gaggtctata tgggcaatct ggatgcggtc 661 cgcgactggg ggtacgcgcc cgaatacgtc gaaggcatgt ggcggatgct gcagaccgac 721 gagcccgacg acttcgtttt ggcgaccggg cgcggtttca ccgtgcgtga gttcgcgcgg 781 gccgcgttcg agcatgccgg tttggactgg cagcagtacg tgaaattcga ccaacgctat 841 etgeggeeca eegaggtgga ttegetgate ggegaegega ecaaggetge egaattgetg 901 ggctggaggg cttcggtgca caetgacgag ttggctcgga tcatggtcga cgcggacatg 961 geggegetgg agtgegaagg caageegtgg ategacaage egatgatege eggeeggaca 1021 tga

20 Seq. ID No.33

1 M K R A L I T G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L A K G Y E V H G G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L A K G Y E V H G G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L A K G Y E V H G G I H G I T G Q D G S Y L A E L L L A K G Y E V H G G I H G I H G I T G I

Seq. ID No.34

1 atgaggetgg cccgtcgcgc tcggaacatc ttgcgtcgca acggcatcga ggtgtcgcgc 35 61 tactttgccg aactggactg ggaacgcaat ttcttgcgcc aactgcaatc gcatcgggtc 181 ggcttcgcgg gccgcatcgt ctcgttcgag ccgctgcccg ggccctttgc cgtcttgcag 241 cgcagcgcct ccacggaccc gttgtgggaa tgccggcgct gtgcgctggg cgatgtcgat 301 ggaaccatct cgatcaacgt cgccggcaac gagggcgcca gcagttccgt cttgccgatg 40 361 ttgaaacgac atcaggacgc ctttccacca gccaactacg tgggcgccca acgggtgccg 421 atacategae tegatteegt ggetgeagae gttetgegge ceaacgatat tgegttettg 481 aagatcgacg ttcaaggatt cgagaagcag gtgatcgcgg gtggcgattc aacggtgcac 541 gaccqatqcq tcqqcatqca gctcqaqctq tctttccaqc cgttgtacqa ggqtgqcatq 601 ctcatecgcg aggcgctcga tctcgtggat tcgttgggct ttacgctctc gggattgcaa 45 661 cccggtttca ccgacccccg caacggtcga atgctgcagg ccgatggcat cttcttccgg 721 ggcagcgatt ga

Seq. ID No.35

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1 gtgaaatcgt tgaaactcgc tcgtttcatc gcgcgtagcg ccgccttcga ggtttcgcgc 61 cgctattctg agcgagacct gaagcaccag tttgtgaagc aactcaaatc gcgtcgggta 121 gatgtcgttt tcgatgtcgg cgccaactca ggacaatacg ccgccggcct ccgccgagca 181 gcatataagg gccgcattgt ctcgttcgaa ccgctatccg gaccgtttac gatcttggaa 241 agcaaagcgt caacggatce actttgggat tgccggcagc atgcgttggg cgattctgat 301 ggaacggtta cgatcaatat cgcaggaaac gccggtcaga gcagttccgt cttgcccatg 361 ctgaaaagcc atcagaacge ttttcccccg gcaaactatg tcggtaccca agaggcgtcc 421 aacaatcgac ttgattccgt ggcgccagaa tttctaggca tgaacggtt cgcttttctc 481 aaggtcgacg ttcaaggctt tgaaaagcag gtgctcgcc ggggcaaatc aaccatagat 541 gaccattgcg tcggcatgca actcgaactg tcctgtgcc ggggcaaatc aaccatagat 601 ctcattcctg aagccctcga tctcgtgtat tccttgggct tcacgttgac gggattgctg 661 ccttgttca ttgatgcaaa taatggtcga atgttgcagg ccgacggcat ctttttccgc 721 gaggacgatt ga

Seq. ID No.37

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Seq. ID No.38
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1 atggtgcaga cgaaacgata cgccggcttg accgcageta acacaaagaa agtcgccatg
61 gccgcaccaa tgttttcgat catcatccc accttgaacg tggctgcggt attgcctgcc
121 tgcctcgaca gcatcgcccg tcagacctgc ggtgacttcg agctggtact ggtcgacggc
181 ggctcgacgg acgaaaccct cgacatcgcc aacattttcg cccccaacct cggcgagcgg
241 ttgatcattc atcgcgacac cgaccagggc gtctacgacg ccatgaaccg cggcgtggac
301 ctggccaccg gaacgtggtt gctctttctg ggcgcggacg acagcctgta cgaggctgac
361 accctggcgc gggtggccgc cttcattggc gaacacgagc ccatgaaccg cgaccgtctg
421 gacgtgatca tgcgctcaac caatttccgc tggggtggcg ccttcgacct cgaccgtctg
481 ttgttcaagc gcaacatctg ccatcaggcg atcttctacc gccgcggact cttcggcacc
541 atcggtccct acaacctccg ctaccgggtc ctggccgact gggacttcaa tattcgctgc
601 ttttccaacc cagcgctcgt cacccgctac atgcacgtgg tcgttgcaag ctacaacgaa
661 tccggcggc tcagcaatac gatcgtcgac aaggagttt tgaagcggct gccgatgtcc
721 acgagactcg gcataaggct ggtcatagtt ctggtgcgca ggtggccaaa ggtgatcagc
781 agggccatgg taatgcgcac cgtcatttct tggcggcgc gacgttag

Seq. ID No.39

1 M V Q T K R Y A G L T A A N T K K V A M A A P M F S I I I P 31 T L N V A A V L P A C L D S I A R Q T C G D F E L V L V D G 61 G S T D E T L D I A N I F A P N L G E R L I I H R D T D Q G 91 V Y D A M N R G V D L A T G T W L L F L G A D D S L Y E A D 121 T L A R V A A F I G E H E P S D L V Y G D V I M R S T N F R 151 W G G A F D L D R L L F K R N I C H Q A I F Y R R G L F G T 181 I G P Y N L R Y R V L A D W D F N I R C F S N P A L V T R Y 211 M H V V V A S Y N E F G G L S N T I V D K E F L K R L P M S 241 T R L G I R L V I V L V R R W P K V I S R A M V M R T V I S 271 W R R R R

Seq 40:

GATGCCGTGAGGAGGTAAAGCTGC

Seq 41:

30 GATACGGCTCTTGAATCCTGCACG

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CLAIMS

- 1. A polypeptide in substantially isolated form which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 29, or a polypeptide substantially homologous thereto.
- 2. A polypeptide in substantially isolated form which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 29.
- 3. A polypeptide which comprises a fragment of a polypeptide defined in claim 1 or 2, said fragment comprising at least 12 amino acids and an epitope.
- 4. A polynucleotide in substantially isolated form which encodes a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3.
- 5. A polynucleotide in substantially isolated form which is capable of selectively hybridizing to Seq.ID.No: 3 or 4 or a fragment thereof.
- 6. A polynucleotide fragment according to claim 5 which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27, or a polynucleotide at least 90% homologous thereto.
- 7. A polynucleotide in substantially isolated form comprising a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27.
- 8. A polynucleotide probe which comprises a fragment of at least 15 nucleotides of a polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 4 to 7, optionally carrying a revealing label.

- 9. A recombinant vector carrying a polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 4 to 7.
- 10. An antibody capable of binding a polypeptide or fragment thereof as defined in any one of claims 1 to 3.
- 11. An antibody capable of binding a polypeptide or fragment thereof wherein the polypeptide is a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or is a peptide substantially homogolous thereto.
- 12. A test kit for detecting the presence or absence of a pathogenic mycobacterium in a sample which comprises a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4 to 8, a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3, a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, or an antibody according to, any one of claims 10 or 11.
- 13. A method of detecting the presence or absence of antibodies in an animal or human, against a pathogenic mycobacteria in a sample which comprises:
 - (a) providing a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, which comprises an epitope;
 - (b) incubating a biological sample with said polypeptide under conditions which allow for the formation of an antibody-antigen complex; and
 - (c) determining whether antibody-antigen complex comprising said polypeptide is formed.
- 14. A method of detecting the presence or absence of a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the

sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto in a biological sample which method which comprises:

- (a) providing an antibody according to any one of claims 10 and 11;
- (b) incubating a biological sample with said antibody under conditions which allow for the formation of an antibody-antigen complex; and
- (c) determining whether antibody-antigen complex comprising said antibody is formed.
- 15. A method of detecting the presence or absence of cell mediated immune reactivity in an animal or human, to a polypeptide according to claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, which method comprises
 - (a) providing a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, which comprises an epitope;
 - (b) incubating a cell sample with said polypeptide under conditions which allow for a cellular immune response such as release of cytokines or other mediator or reaction to occur; and
 - (c) detecting the presence of said cytokine or mediator or cellular response in the incubate.
- 16. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1 to 3 in a suitable carrier or diluent.
- 17. A composition according to claim 16 or a composition comprising a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto,

for use in the treatment or prevention of diseases caused by mycobacteria.

- 18. A method of treating or preventing mycobacterial disease in an animal or human caused by mycobacteria which express a polypeptide according to claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, which method comprises vaccinating or treating an animal or human with an effective amount of said polypeptide.
- 19. A method of treating or preventing mycobacterial diseases in animals or humans caused by mycobacteria containing the polynucleotide of Seq.ID.No: 3 or 4, which method comprises vaccinating or treating an animal or human with an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claims 4 to 7, a vector according to claim 9 or a polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto.
- 20. A method according to claims 18 or 19 for increasing the in vivo susceptibility of mycobacteria to antimicrobial drugs.
- 21. A normally pathogenic mycobacterium, whose pathogenicity is mediated in all or in part by the presence or the expression of a polypeptide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 3 or a polypeptide which comprises a sequence selected from the sequences of Seq.ID.No: 31, 33, 35, 37 and 39 or a polypeptide substantially homogolous thereto, which mycobacterium harbours an attenuating mutation in a gene encoding one of the said polypeptides.
- 22. A vaccine comprising a mycobacterium as claimed in claim 21.

23. A vaccine according to claim 22 wherein the mycobacteria is selected from Mavs, Mptb and Mtb.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

- (i) APPLICANT:
 - (A) NAME: St George's Hospital Medical School
 - (B) STREET: Cranmer Terrace
 - (C) CITY: London
 - (E) COUNTRY: United Kingdom
 - (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): SW17 ORE
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL POLYNUCLEOTIDES AND POLYPEPTIDES IN PATHOGENIC MYCOBACTERIA AND THEIR USE AS DIAGNOSTICS, VACCINES AND TARGETS FOR CHEMOTHERAPY
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 41
- (iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30 (EPO)
 - (v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: WO PCT/GB96/03221

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 674 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

| GATCCAACTA | AACCCGATGG | AACCCCGCGC | AAACTATTGG | ACGTCTCCGC | GCTACGCAGT | 60 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|
| TGGGTTGGCG | CCCGCGAATC | GCACTGAAAG | AGGGCATCGA | TGCAACGGTG | TCGTGGTACC | 120 |
| GCACAAATGC | CGATGCCGTG | AGGAGGTAAA | GCTGCGGGCC | GGCCGATGTT | ATCCCTCCGG | 180 |
| CCGGACGGGT | AGGGCGACCT | GCCATCGAGT | GGTACGGCAG | TCGCCTGGCC | GGCGAGGCGC | 240 |
| ATGGCCTATG | TGAGTATCCC | ATAGCCTGGC | TTGGCTCGCC | CCTACGCATT | ATCAGTTGAC | 300 |

CGCTTTCGCG CCACGTCGCA GGCTTGCGGC AGCATCCCGT TCAGGTCTCC TCATGGTCCG 360

GTGTGGCACG ACCACGCAAG CTCGAACCGA CTCGTTTCCC AATTTCGCAT GCTAATATCG 420

CTCGATGGAT TTTTTGCGCA ACGCCGGCTT GATGGCTCGT AACGTTAGCA CCGAGATGCT 480

GCGCCACTCC GAACGAAAGC GCCTATTAGT AAACCAAGTC GAAGCATACG GAGTCAACGT 540

TGTTATTGAT GTCGGTGCTA ACTCCGGCCA GTTCGGTAGC GCTTTGCGTC GTGCAGGATT 600

CAAGAGCCGT ATCGTTTCCT TTGAACCTCT TTCGGGGCCA TTTGCGCAAC TAACGCGCAA 660

GTCGGCATCG GATC 674

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 674 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

| 60 | TCAAAGGAAA | CGAAAGAGGT | CAAATGGCCC | GTTAGTTGCG | CGACTTGCGC | GATCCGATGC |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 120 | GAGTTAGCAC | GAACTGGCCG | AAGCGCTACC | GCACGACGCA | CTTGAATCCT | CGATACGGCT |
| 180 | AGGCGCTTTC | GTTTACTAAT | CTTCGACTTG | ACTCCGTATG | AACAACGTTG | CGACATCAAT |
| 240 | GCGTTGCGCA | CATCAAGCCG | CGTTACGAGC | TCGGTGCTAA | GCGCAGCATC | GTTCGGAGTG |
| 300 | CGAGCTTGCG | CGAGTCGGTT | AATTGGGAAA | TAGCATGCGA | CGAGCGATAT | AAAAATCCAT |
| 360 | AGCCTGCGAC | TGCTGCCGCA | CTGAACGGGA | ATGAGGAGAC | ACACCGGACC | TGGTCGTGCC |
| 420 | CTATGGGATA | CCAAGCCAGG | TAGGGGCGAG | TGATAATGCG | AGCGGTCAAC | GTGGCGCGAA |
| 480 | TGGCAGGTCG | TACCACTCGA | GCGACTGCCG | CGCCGGCCAG | CCATGCGCCT | CTCACATAGG |
| 540 | TCCTCACGGC | CAGCTTTACC | GGCCGGCCCG | GGATAACATC | CCGGCCGGAG | CCCTACCCGT |
| 600 | GTGCGATTCG | CCCTCTTTCA | TGCATCGATG | ACGACACCGT | GTGCGGTACC | ATCGGCATTT |
| 660 | GGTTCCATCG | GTTTGCGCGG | ACGTCCAATA | TAGCGCGGAG | CCCAACTGCG | CGGGCGCCAA |

GGTTTAGTTG GATC 674

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7995 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

| GAATTCTGGG | TTGGAGACGA | CGTCGAACTC | CTGGTCGGTC | TTGCTTCGAA | TGATCGCTGT | 60 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| GATCTGGTCG | GCGGTGCCGA | CAGGAACCGT | CGACTTGTCG | ACGATCACCT | TGTACCGGTC | 120 |
| GATGTATGAC | CCAATGTCGT | CCGCAACCGA | GAAGACGTAC | GTCAGGTCCG | CCGCCCCGCT | 180 |
| TTCACCCATG | GGCGTCGGGA | CGGCGATGAA | AATGACGTCC | GCGTGCTCGA | TTCCGCGTTG | 240 |
| CCGGTCGGTG | GTGAAGTCAA | TCAGCCCGTT | CTCACGGTTC | CTCGCAATCA | ACTCCCAACC | 300 |
| CGGGCTCGAA | AATCGGGACA | CTGCCTGCGA | GGAGCAAATC | GATCTTGGCC | TGATCGATAT | 360 |
| CGACACAGAC | GACATCGTTG | CCGCTATCCG | CGAGACAGGC | GCCCGTGACG | AGGCCTACAT | 420 |
| AGCCTGATCC | GACCACCGAA | ATTTTCAAGA | TGACCCCTTC | AAGTCCCCGA | TCGGTCGACG | 480 |
| ACCATACTGC | CGCAACTCTG | TACCCTCCGT | GGGTAATTCG | CATGTCGCGT | TCGTAAGGAG | 540 |
| CAGCCAGCGA | GTCGGGGACG | TTCGGTGAGA | GAGTCGCAGG | ACTACGAGGT | TGCCGGTGCG | 600 |
| ATACATCACA | GTGTTGCGTC | TGTCGGCAAC | GATGCAGCAA | GAACCCACGG | GGCAGCCCTG | 660 |
| AACTGCGCGC | ATGACCGGTC | CTTGTCCTGG | CACCTTTGAT | CGGCCACCGC | TTCCATGCGA | 720 |
| ACATGACCGG | AATCCATAGC | GCGTGGTCAA | GCAGCGGGGA | GGTAGACGTC | GGTGTCATCT | 780 |
| GCTCCAACCG | TGTCGGTGAT | AACGATTTCG | CTGAACGATC | TCGAGGGATT | GAAAAGCACC | 840 |
| GTGGAGAGCG | TTCGCGCGCA | GCGCTATGGG | GGGCGAATCG | AGCACATCGT | CATCGACGGT | 900 |
| GGATCGGGCG | ACGCCGTCGT | GGAGTATCTG | TCCGGCGATC | CTGGCTTTGC | ATATTGGCAA | 960 |
| TCTCAGCCCG | ACAACGGGAG | ATATGACGCG | ATGAATCAGG | GCATTGCCCA | TTCGTCGGGC | 1020 |

GACCTGTTGT GGTTTATGCA CTCCACGGAT CGTTTCTCCG ATCCAGATGC AGTCGCTTCC 1080 GTGGTGGAGG CGCTCTCGGG GCATGGACCA GTACGTGATT TGTGGGGTTA CGGGAAAAAC 1140 AACCTTGTCG GACTCGACGG CAAACCACTT TTCCCTCGGC CGTACGGCTA TATGCCGTTT 1200 AAGATGCGGA AATTTCTGCT CGGCGCGACG GTTGCGCATC AGGCGACATT CTTCGGCGCG 1260 TCGCTGGTAG CCAAGTTGGG CGGTTACGAT CTTGATTTTG GACTCGAGGC GGACCAGCTG 1320 TTCATCTACC GTGCCGCACT AATACGGCCT CCCGTCACGA TCGACCGCGT GGTTTGCGAC 1380 TTCGATGTCA CGGGACCTGG TTCAACCCAG CCCATCCGTG AGCACTATCG GACCCTGCGG 1440 CGGCTCTGGG ACCTGCATGG CGACTACCCG CTGGGTGGGC GCAGAGTGTC GTGGGCTTAC 1500 TTGCGTGTGA AGGAGTACTT GATTCGGGCC GACCTGGCCG CATTCAACGC GGTAAAGTTC 1560 TTGCGAGCGA AGTTCGCCAG AGCTTCGCGG AAGCAAAATT CATAGAAACC AACTTCTACT 1620 GCCTGACCTG AGCAGCGCCG AGGCGCGCAG CGCGATCAGT GCGACCTGAA CGGCCAGGTG 1680 GAAAGCGCCA CCGATCCCGG CACCGAGTGC CTGACGCTTC GGATCCCTTG CACCACAACG 1740 AGAGTGAGAG CGCCATGATG AGGAAATATC GGCTGGGCGG AGTCAACGCC GGAGTGACAA 1800 AAGTGAGAAC CCGGTGAAGC GAGCGCTTAT AACAGGGATC ACGGGGCAGG ATGGTTCCTA 1860 CCTCGCCGAG CTACTACTGA GCAAGGGATA CGAGGTTCAC GGGCTCGTTC GTCGAGCTTC 1920 GACGTTTAAC ACGTCGCGGA TCGATCACCT CTACGTTGAC CCACACCAAC CGGGCGCGCG 1980 CTTGTTCTTG CACTATGCAG ACCTCACTGA CGGCACCCGG TTGGTGACCC TGCTCAGCAG 2040 TATCGACCCG GATGAGGTCT ACAACCTCGC AGCGCAGTCC CATGTGCGCG TCAGCTTTGA 2100 CGAGCCAGTG CATACCGGAG ACACCACCGG CATGGGATCG ATCCGACTTC TGGAAGCAGT 2160 CCGCCTTTCT CGGGTGGACT GCCGGTTCTA TCAGGCTTCC TCGTCGGAGA TGTTCGGCGC 2220 ATCTCCGCCA CCGCAGAACG AATCGACGCC GTTCTATCCC CGTTCGCCAT ACGGCGCGGC 2280 CAAGGTCTTC TCGTACTGGA CGACTCGCAA CTATCGAGAG GCGTACGGAT TATTCGCAGT 2340 GAATGGCATC TTGTTCAACC ATGAGTCCCC CCGGCGCGGC GAGACTTTCG TGACCCGAAA 2400 GATCACGCGT GCCGTGGCGC GCATCCGAGC TGGCGTCCAA TCGGAGGTCT ATATGGGCAA 2460

CCTCGATGCG ATCCGCGACT GGGGCTACGC GCCCGAATAT GTCGAGGGGA TGTGGAGGAT 2520 GTTGCAAGCG CCTGAACCTG ATGACTACGT CCTGGCGACA GGGCGTGGTT ACACCGTACG 2580 TGAGTTCGCT CAAGCTGCTT TTGACCATGT CGGGCTCGAC TGGCAAAAGC GCGTCAAGTT 2640 TGACGACCGC TATTTGCGTC CCACCGAGGT CGATTCGCTA GTAGGAGATG CCGACAAGGC 2700 GGCCCAGTCA CTCGGCTGGA AAGCTTCGGT TCATACTGGT GAACTCGCGC GCATCATGGT 2760 GGACGCGGAC ATCGCCGCGT TGGAGTGCGA TGGCACACCA TGGATCGACA CGCCGATGTT 2820 GCCTGGTTGG GGCAGAGTAA GTTGACGACT ACACCTGGGC CTCTGGACCG CGCAACGCCC 2880 GTGTATATCG CCGGTCATCG GGGGCTGGTC GGCTCAGCGC TCGTACGTAG ATTTGAGGCC 2940 GAGGGGTTCA CCAATCTCAT TGTGCGATCA CGCGATGAGA TTGATCTGAC GGACCGAGCC 3000 GCAACGTTTG ATTTTGTGTC TGAGACAAGA CCACAGGTGA TCATCGATGC GGCCGCACGG 3060 GTCGGCGGCA TCATGGCGAA TAACACCTAT CCCGCGGACT TCTTGTCCGA AAACCTCCGA 3120 ATCCAGACCA ATTTGCTCGA CGCAGCTGTC GCCGTGCGTG TGCCGCGGCT CCTTTTCCTC 3180 GGTTCGTCAT GCATCTACCC GAAGTACGCT CCGCAACCTA TCCACGAGAG TGCTTTATTG 3240 ACTGGCCCTT TGGAGCCCAC CAACGACGCG TATGCGATCG CCAAGATCGC CGGTATCCTG 3300 CAAGTTCAGG CGGTTAGGCG CCAATATGGG CTGGCGTGGA TCTCTGCGAT GCCGACTAAC 3360 CTCTACGGAC CCGGCGACAA CTTCTCCCCG TCCGGGTCGC ATCTCTTGCC GGCGCTCATC 3420 3480 CGTCGATATG AGGAAGCCAA AGCTGGTGGT GCAGAAGAGG TGACGAATTG GGGGACCGGT ACTCCGCGGC GCGAACTTCT GCATGTCGAC GATCTGGCGA GCGCATGCCT GTTCCTTTTG 3540 GAACATTICG ATGGTCCGAA CCACGTCAAC GTGGGCACCG GCGTCGATCA CAGCATTAGC 3600 GAGATCGCAG ACATGGTCGC TACAGCGGTG GGCTACATCG GCGAAACACG TTGGGATCCA 3660 ACTAAACCCG ATGGAACCCC GCGCAAACTA TTGGACGTCT CCGCGCTACG CGAGTTGGGT 3720 TGGCGCCCGC GAATCGCACT GAAAGACGGC ATCGATGCAA CGGTGTCGTG GTACCGCACA 3780 AATGCCGATG CCGTGAGGAG GTAAAGCTGC GGGTCGGCCG ATGTTATCCC TCCGGCCGGA 3840 CGGGTGGGGC GACCTGCCGT CGAGTGGTAC GGCAGTCGCC TGGCCGGCGA GGCGCGTGGC 3900 CTATGGGAGT ATCCAATAGC CTGGCTTGGC TCGCCCCTAC GCATTATCAG TTGACCGCTT 3960 TCGCGCCAGC TCGCAGGCTT GCGGCAGCAT CCCGTTCAGG TCTCCTCATG GTCCGGTGTG 4020 GCACGACCAC GCAAGCTCGA ACCGACTCGT TTCCCAATTT CGCATGCTAA TATCGCTCGA 4080 TGGATTTTTT GCGCAACGCC GGCTTGATGG CTCGTAACGT TAGTACCGAG ATGCTGCGCC 4140 ACTTCGAACG AAAGCGCCTA TTAGTAAACC AATTCAAAGC ATACGGAGTC AACGTTGTTA 4200 TTGATGTCGG TGCTAACTCC GGCCAGTTCG GTAGCGCTTT GCGTCGTGCA GGATTCAAGA 4260 GCCGTATCGT TTCCTTTGAA CCTCTTTCGG GGCCATTTGC GCAACTAACG CGCAAGTCGG 4320 CATCGGATCC ACTATGGGAG TGTCACCAGT ATGCCCTAGG CGACGCCGAT GAGACGATTA 4380 CCATCAATGT GGCAGGCAAT GCGGGGGCAA GTAGTTCCGT GCTGCCGATG CTTAAAAGTC 4440 ATCAAGATGC CTTTCCTCCC GCGAATTATA TTGGCACCGA AGACGTTGCA ATACACCGCC 4500 TTGATTCGGT TGCATCAGAA TTTCTGAACC CTACCGATGT TACTTTCCTG AAGATCGACG 4560 TACAGGGTTT CGAGAAGCAG GTTATCACGG GCAGTAAGTC AACGCTTAAC GAAAGCTGCG 4620 TCGGCATGCA ACTCGAACTT TCTTTTATTC CGTTGTACGA AGGTGACATG CTGATTCATG 4680 AAGCGCTTGA ACTTGTCTAT TCCCTAGGTT TCAGACTGAC GGGTTTGTTG CCCGGCTTTA 4740 4800 CGGATCCGCG CAATGGTCGA ATGCTTCAAG CTGACGGCAT TTTCTTCCGT GGGGACGATT GACATAAATG CTCCGTCGGC ACCCTGCCGG TATCCAAACG GGCGATCTGG TGAGCCGGCC 4860 TCCCGGGCAC CTAATCGACT ATCTAAATTG AGGCGGCCGC GACGTGCGGC ACGAACAGGT 4920 GGCCGGCTGC TAGCGTTACA CACGTCATGA CTGCGCCAGT GTTCTCGATA ATTATCCCTA 4980 CCTTCAATGC AGCGGTGACG CTGCAAGCCT GCCTCGGAAG CATCGTCGGG CAGACCTACC 5040 GGGAAGTGGA AGTGGTCCTT GTCGACGGCG GTTCGACCGA TCGGACCCTC GACATCGCGA 5100 ACAGTTTCCG CCCGGAACTC GGCTCGCGAC TGGTCGTTCA CAGCGGGCCC GATGATGGCC 5160 CCTACGACGC CATGAACCGC GGCGTCGGCG TGGCCACAGG CGAATGGGTA CTTTTTTAG 5220 GCGCCGACGA CACCCTCTAC GAACCAACCA CGTTGGCCCA GGTAGCCGCT TTTCTCGGCG 5280 ACCATGCGGC AAGCCATCTT GTCTATGGCG ATGTTGTGAT GCGTTCGACG AAAAGCCGGC 5340 ATGCCGGACC TTTCGACCTC GACCGCCTCC TATTTGAGAC GAATTTGTGC CACCAATCGA 5400 TCTTTTACCG CCGTGAGCTT TTCGACGGCA TCGGCCCTTA CAACCTGCGC TACCGAGTCT 5460 GGGCGGACTG GGACTTCAAT ATTCGCTGCT TCTCCAACCC GGCGCTGATT ACCCGCTACA 5520 TGGACGTCGT GATTTCCGAA TACAACGACA TGACCGGCTT CAGCATGAGG CAGGGGACTG 5580 ATAAAGAGTT CAGAAAACGG CTGCCAATGT ACTTCTGGGT TGCAGGGTGG GAGACTTGCA 5640 GGCGCATGCT GGCGTTTTTG AAAGACAAGG AGAATCGCCG TCTGGCCTTG CGTACGCGGT 5700 TGATAAGGGT TAAGGCCGTC TCCAAAGAAC GAAGCGCAGA ACCGTAGTCG CGGATCCACA 5760 TTGGACTTCT TTAACGCGTT TGCGTCCTGA TCCACCTTTC AAGCCCGTTC CGCGTAACGC 5820 GGCGCGCAGA GAGTGGTCGC ATATCGCATC ACTGTTCTCG TGCCAGTGCT TGGAAAGCGT 5880 CGAGCACTCT GGTTCGCGTT CTTGACGTTC GCGCCCGCTC CTAGAGGTAG CGTGTCACGT 5940 GACTGAAGCC AATGAGTGCA ACTCGGCGTC GCGAAAGGTT TCAGTCGCGG TTGAGCAAGA 6000 CACCGCAAGA CTACTGGAGT GCGTGCACAA GCGCCTCCAG CTCGCGGCTG AAAGCGGATG 6060 CAAAGGGATT CGAAGCTTGA GCAACATGCG AAGGGGAGAA CGGCCTATGA GGCTGGGACA 6120 GGTTTTCGAT CCGCGCGCGA ATGCACTGTC AATGGCCAAG TAGAAGTCCC CGCTGGTGGC 6180 6240 CAGCAGAAGT CCCCACTCCG CTGCGGGTGG TTGGCTAATT CTTGGCGGCT CCCTTCTTGT 6300 GGTCGGCGTG GCGCATCCGG TAGGACTCGC CGGAGGTGAC GACGATGCTG GCGTGGTGCA GCAGCCGATC GAGGATGCTG GCGGCGGTGG TGTGCTCGGG CAGGAATCGC CCCCATTGTT 6360 CGAAGGGCCA ATGCGAGGCG ATGGCCAGGG AGCGGCGCTC GTAGCCGGCA GCCACGAGCC 6420 GGAACAACAG TTGAGTCCCG GTGTCGTCGA GCGGGGCGAA GCCGATCTCG TCCAAGATGA 6480 6540 CCAGATCCGC GCGGAGCAGG GTGTCGATGA TCTTGCCGAC GGTGTTGTCG GCCAGGCCGC GGTAGAGGAC CTCGATCAGG TCGGCGGCGG TGAAGTAGCG GACTTTGAAT CCGGCGTGGA 6600 CGGCAGCGTG CCCGCAGCCG ATGAGCAGGT GACTTTTGCC CGTACCAGGT GGGCCAATGA 6660 CCGCCAGGTT CTGTTGTGCC CGAATCCATT CCAGGCTCGA CAGGTAGTCG AACGTGGCTG 6720 CGGTGATCGA CGATCCGGTG ACGTCGAACC CGTCGAGGGT CTTGGTGACC GGGAAGGCTG 6780 CGGCCTTGAG ACGGTTGGCG GTGTTGGAGG CATCGCGGGC AGCGATCTCG GCCTCAACCA 6840 ACGTCCGCAG GATCTCCTCC GGTGTCCAGC GTTGCGTCTT GGCGACTTGC AACACCTCGG 6900 CGGCGTTGCG GCGCACCGTG GCCAGCTTCA ACCGCCGCAG CGCCGCGTCA AGGTCAGCAG 6960 CCAGCGGTGC CGCCGAGGAC GGTGCCACCG GCTTGGCAGC GGTGGTCATG AGGCCGTCCC 7020 GTCGGTGGTG TTGATCTTGT AGGCCTCCAA CGAGCGGGTC TCGACGGTGG GCAGATCGAG 7080 CACGAGTGCG TCGCCGGCGG GGCGGGGTTG TGGGGTGCCG GCGCCGGCGG CCAGGATCGA 7140 GCGCACGTCG GCAGCGCGGA ACCGGCGAAA CGCAACCGCC CGGCGCAGCG CGTCAATCAA 7200 AGCCTGTTCG CCGTGGGCGG CGCCAAGGCC GAGCAGAATG TCGAGTTCGG ATTTCAGTCG 7260 GGTGTTGCCG ATCGCAGCAG CACCGACGAG GAACTGCTGC GCTTCGGTTC CCAATGCGCA 7320 GAATCGTTTC TCTGCTTGGG TTTTCGGGCG AGGACCACGC GAGGGTGCGG GTCTGGGTCC 7380 GTCGTAGTGT TCATCGAGGA TGGACACCTC ACCTGGGCTG ACGAGCTCGT GCTCGGCCAC 7440 GATCACACCG GTCGCAGGTT CCAACAGGAT CAGGGCGCCA TGATCGACCA CCACCGCCAC 7500 GGTGGCACCG ACGAGCCGCT GAGGCACCGA GTAACGAGCT GAGCCGTAAC GGATGCACGA 7560 GAGGCCGTCG ACCTTACGGC GCACCGACCC CGAGCCGATC GTCGGCCGCA GCGAGGGCAG 7620 CTCCCTCAAG ACGGTGCGCT CGTCAACCAA GCGATCGTTG GGCACGGCGC AGATCTCCGA 7680 GTGGACCGTG GCATTGACCT CGGCGCACCA TAGTTGCGCC TGGGCGTTGA GGGCACGTAG 7740 GTCGACCTGC TCACCGGCTA ACGCAGCTTC GGTCAGCAGC GGCACCGCAA GGTCGTCCTG 7800 AGCGTAGCCA CAGAGGTTCT CCACGATGCC CTTCGATTGC GGATCCGCAC CGTGGCAGAA 7860 GTCCGGAACG AAGCCATAGT GGGACGCGAA TCGCACATAA TCCGGTGTTG GAACAACAAC 7920 ATTGGCGACG ACACCACCTT TGAGGCAGCC CATCCGGTCG GCCAGGATCT TGGCCGGAAC 7980 CCCACCGATC GCCTC 7995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 4435 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

AACGCCCGTG TATATCGCCG GTCATCGGGG GCTGGTCGGC TCAGCGCTCG TACGTAGATT 1320 TGAGGCCGAG GGGTTCACCA ATCTCATTGT GCGATCACGC GATGAGATTG ATCTGACGGA 1380 CCGAGCCGCA ACGTTTGATT TTGTGTCTGA GACAAGACCA CAGGTGATCA TCGATGCGGC 1440 CGCACGGGTC GGCGCATCA TGGCGAATAA CACCTATCCC GCGGACTTCT TGTCCGAAAA 1500 CCTCCGAATC CAGACCAATT TGCTCGACGC AGCTGTCGCC GTGCGTGTGC CGCGGCTCCT 1560 TTTCCTCGGT TCGTCATGCA TCTACCCGAA GTACGCTCCG CAACCTATCC ACGAGAGTGC 1620 TTTATTGACT GGCCCTTTGG AGCCCACCAA CGACGCGTAT GCGATCGCCA AGATCGCCGG 1680 TATCCTGCAA GTTCAGGCGG TTAGGCGCCA ATATGGGCTG GCGTGGATCT CTGCGATGCC 1740 GACTAACCTC TACGGACCCG GCGACAACTT CTCCCCGTCC GGGTCGCATC TCTTGCCGGC 1800 GCTCATCCGT CGATATGAGG AAGCCAAAGC TGGTGGTGCA GAAGAGGTGA CGAATTGGGG 1860 GACCGGTACT CCGCGGCGCG AACTTCTGCA TGTCGACGAT CTGGCGAGCG CATGCCTGTT 1920 CCTTTTGGAA CATTTCGATG GTCCGAACCA CGTCAACGTG GGCACCGGCG TCGATCACAG 1980 CATTAGCGAG ATCGCAGACA TGGTCGCTAC GGCGGTGGGC TACATCGGCG AAACACGTTG 2040 GGATCCAACT AAACCCGATG GAACCCCGCG CAAACTATTG GACGTCTCCG CGCTACGCGA 2100 GTTGGGTTGG CGCCCGCGAA TCGCACTGAA AGACGGCATC GATGCAACGG TGTCGTGGTA 2160 CCGCACAAAT GCCGATGCCG TGAGGAGGTA AAGCTGCGGG CCGGCCGATG TTATCCCTCC 2220 2280 GGCCGGACGG GTAGGGCGAC CTGCCATCGA GTGGTACGGC AGTCGCCTGG CCGGCGAGGC GCATGGCCTA TGGGAGTATC CCATAGCCTG GCTTGGCTCG CCCCTACGCA TTATCAGTTG 2340 ACCGCTTTCG CGCCAGCTCG CAGGCTCGCG GCAGCATCCC GTTCAGGTCT CCTCATGGTC 2400 CGGTGTGGCA CGACCACGCA AGCTCGAACC GACTCGTTTC CCAATTTCGC ATGCTAATAT 2460 CGCTCGATGG ATTTTTTGCG CAACGCCGGC TTGATGGCTC GTAACGTTAG CACCGAGATG 2520 CTGCGCCACT TCGAACGAAA GCGCCTATTA GTAAACCAAT TCAAAGCATA CGGAGTCAAC 2580 GTTGTTATTG ATGTCGGTGC TAACTCCGGC CAGTTCGGTA GCGCTTTGCG TCGTGCAGGA 2640 TTCAAGAGCC GTATCGTTTC CTTTGAACCT CTTTCGGGGC CATTTGCGCA ACTAACGCGC 2700 GAGTCGGCAT CGGATCCACT ATGGGAGTGT CACCAGTATG CCCTAGGCGA CGCCGATGAG 2760 ACGATTACCA TCAATGTGGC AGGCAATGCG GGGGCAAGTA GTTCCGTGCT GCCGATGCTT 2820 AAAAGTCATC AAGATGCCTT TCCTCCCGCG AATTATATTG GCACCGAAGA CGTTGCAATA 2880 CACCGCCTTG ATTCGGTTGC ATCAGAATTT CTGAACCCTA CCGATGTTAC TTTCCTGAAG 2940 ATCGACGTAC AGGGTTTCGA GAAGCAGGTT ATCGCGGGCA GTAAGTCAAC GCTTAACGAA 3000 AGCTGCGTCG GCATGCAACT CGAACTTTCT TTTATTCCGT TGTACGAAGG TGACATGCTG 3060 ATTCATGAAG CGCTTGAACT TGTCTATTCC CTAGGTTTCA GACTGACGGG TTTGTTGCCC 3120 GGATTTACGG ATCCGCGCAA TGGTCGAATG CTTCAAGCTG ACGGCATTTT CTTCCGTGGG 3180 GACGATTGAC ATAAATGCTT GCGTCGGCAC CCTGCCGGTA TCCAAACGGG CGATCTGGTG 3240 AGCCGGCCTC CCGGGCACCT AATCGACTAT CTAAATTGAG GCGGCCGCGA CGTGCGGCAC 3300 GAACAGGTGG CCGGCTGCTA GCGTTACACA CGTCATGACT GCGCCAGTGT TCTCGATAAT 3360 TATCCCTACC TTCAATGCAG CGGTGACGCT GCAAGCCTGC CTCGGAAGCA TCGTCGGGCA 3420 3480 GACCTACCGG GAAGTGGAAG TGGTCCTTGT CGACGGCGGT TCGACCGATC GGACCCTCGA CATCGCGAAC AGTTTCCGCC CGGAACTCGG CTCGCGACTG GTCGTTCACA GCGGGCCCGA 3540 TGATGGCCCC TACGACGCCA TGAACCGCGG CGTCGGCGTA GCCACAGGCG AATGGGTACT 3600 3660 TTTTTTAGGC GCCGACGACA CCCTCTACGA ACCAACCACG TTGGCCCAGG TAGCCGCTTT TCTCGGCGAC CATGCGGCAA GCCATCTTGT CTATGGCGAT GTTGTGATGC GTTCGACGAA 3720 AAGCCGGCAT GCCGGACCTT TCGACCTCGA CCGCCTCCTA TTTGAGACGA ATTTGTGCCA 3780 CCAATCGATC TTTTACCGCC GTGAGCTTTT CGACGGCATC GGCCCTTACA ACCTGCGCTA 3840 CCGAGTCTGG GCGGACTGGG ACTTCAATAT TCGCTGCTTC TCCAACCCGG CGCTGATTAC 3900 3960 CCGCTACATG GACGTCGTGA TTTCCGAATA CAACGACATG ACCGGCTTCA GCATGAGGCA GGGGACTGAT AAAGAGTTCA GAAAACGGCT GCCAATGTAC TTCTGGGTTG CAGGGTGGGA 4020 GACTTGCAGG CGCATGCTGG CGTTTTTGAA AGACAAGGAG AATCGCCGTC TGGCCTTGCG 4080 4140 TACGCGGTTG ATAAGGGTTA AGGCCGTCTC CAAAGAACGA AGCGCAGAAC CGTAGTCGCG

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

TTCTACTGCC TGACCTGAGC AGCGCCGAGG CGCGCAGCGC GATCACTGCG ACCTGAATGG 60 CCAGGTGGAA AGCGCCACCG ATCCCGGCAC CGAGTGCCTG ACGATTCGGA TCCCTTGCAC 120 CACAACGAGA GTGAGACCGC CATGATGACG AAATATCGGC TGGGCGGAGT CAACGCCGGA 180 GTGACAAAAG TGAGAACCCG GTGAAGCGAG CGCTTATAAC AGGGATCACG GGGCAGGATG 240 GTTCCTACCT CGCCGAGCTA CTACTGAGCA AGGGATACGA GGTTCACGGG CTCGTTCGTC 300 GAGCTTCGAC GTTTAACACG TCGCGGATCG ATCACCTCTA CGTTGACCCA CACCAACCGG 360 GCGCGCGCTT GTTCTTGCAC TATGCAGACC TCACTGACGG CACCCGGTTG GTGACCCTGC 420 TCAGCAGTAT CGACCCGGAT GAGGTCTACA ACCTCGCAGC GCAGTCCCAT GTGCGCGTCA 480 GCTTTGACGA GCCAGTGCAT ACCGGAGACA CCACCGGCAT GGGATCGATC CGACTTCTGG 540 AAGCAGTCCG CCTTTCTCGG GTGGACTGCC GGTTCTATCA GGCTTCCTCG TCGGAGATGT 600 TCGGCGCATC TCCGCCACCG CAGAACGAAT CGACGCCGTT CTATCCCCGT TCGCCATACG 660 GCGCGGCCAA GGTCTTCTCG TACTGGACGA CTCGCAACTA TCGAGAGGCG TACGGATTAT 720 TCGCAGTGAA TGGCATCTTG TTCAACCATG AGTCCCCCCG GCGCGGCGAG ACTTTCGTGA 780 CCCGAAAGAT CACGCGTGCC GTGGCGCGCA TCCGAGCTGG CTGCCAATCG GAGGTCTATA 840 TGGGCAACCT CGATGCGATC CGCGACTGGG GCTACGCGCC CGAATATGTC GAGGGGATGT 900 GGAGGATGTT GCAAGCGCCT GAACCTGATG ACTACGTCCT GGCGACAGGG CGTGGTTACA 960 CCGTACGTGA GTTCGCTCAA GCTGCTTTTG ACCACGTCGG GCTCGACTGG CAAAAGCACG 1020 TCAAGTTTGA CGACCGCTAT TTGCGCCCCA CCGAGGTCGA TTCGCTAGTA GGAGATGCCG 1080 ACAGGGCGC CCAGTCACTC GGCTGGAAAG CTTCGGTTCA TACTGGTGAA CTCGCGCGCA 1140 TCATGGTGGA CGCGGACATC GCCGCGTCGG AGTGCGATGG CACACCATGG ATCGACACGC 1200 CGATGTTGCC TGGTTGGGGC GGAGTAAGTT GACGACTACA CCTGGGCCTC TGGACCGCGC 1260

| GATCC | CACAT | T GG | GACTT | CTTT | AA(| CGCGT | TTTG | CGTC | CCTGA | ATC C | CACCT | TTCA | A CC | CCGT | TCCG | 4200 |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| CGTGA | CGCG | G CG | acgc# | \GAGA | GT(| GTC6 | GCAT | ATC | GCGTC | CAC T | GTTC | CTCGT | G CC | CAGTE | CTTG | 4260 |
| GAAAG | CGTC | CG AG | GCAC1 | rctge | i TTO | CGCGT | гтст | TGA | CGTTC | CGC G | CCCG | CCCC | CT AG | GAGGT | TAGCG | 4320 |
| TGTCA | ACGT6 | GA CT | ΓGAA(| GCCAA | A TG/ | AGTG(| CAAC | TCG | GCGTO | CGC (| GAAA6 | GTT | C A | GTCG(| CGGTT | 4380 |
| GAGCA | \AGA(| CA CO | CGCA | AGACT | Γ AC | TGGA | GTGC | GTG | CACA | AGC (| GCCT | CCAG | CT CA | ACGG | | 4435 |
| (2) | NFOF | RMAT] | ION I | FOR S | SEQ | ID NO | 0: 5 | : | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) | (A) (B) (C) |) LEI) TYI) STI | E CHANGTHE PE: 1 RANDI POLO | : 37 nucl EDNE | 8 ba eic SS: | se p acid both | airs | | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) | MOL | ECUL | E TY | PE: | DNA | (gen | omic |) | | | | | | | |
| | (ix) | (A | | : ME/K CATI | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | (xi) | SEQ | UENC | E DE | SCRI | PT10 | N: S | SEQ I | D NO | : 5: | | | | | | |
| ATG Met 1 | ATC Ile | GCT Ala | GTG Val | ATC Ile 5 | TGG Trp | TCG Ser | GCG Ala | GTG Val | CCG Pro 10 | ACA Thr | GGA Gly | ACC Thr | GTC Val | GAC Asp 15 | TTG Leu | 48 |
| TCG Ser | ACG Thr | ATC Ile | ACC Thr 20 | TTG Leu | TAC Tyr | CGG Arg | TCG Ser | ATG Met 25 | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | CCA Pro | ATG Met | TCG Ser 30 | TCC Ser | GCA Ala | 96 |
| ACC Thr | GAG Glu | AAG Lys 35 | ACG Thr | TAC Tyr | GTC Val | AGG Arg | TCC Ser 40 | GCC Ala | GCC Ala | CCG Pro | CTT Leu | TCA Ser 45 | CCC Pro | ATG Met | GGC Gly | 144 |
| GTC Val | GGG Gly 50 | ACG Thr | GCG Ala | ATG Met | AAA Lys | ATG Met 55 | Thr | TCC Ser | GCG Ala | TGC Cys | TCG Ser 60 | ATT Ile | CCG Pro | CGT Arg | TGC Cys | 192 |
| CGG Arg 65 | Ser | GTG Val | GTG Val | AAG Lys | TCA Ser 70 | Ile | AGC Ser | CCG Pro | TTC Phe | TCA Ser 75 | Arg | TTC Phe | CTC Leu | GCA Ala | ATC Ile 80 | 240 |
| AAC | тсс | CAA | CCC | GGG | СТС | GAA | . AAT | CGG | GAC | ACT | GCC | TGC | GAG | GAG | CAA | 288 |

Asn Ser Gln Pro Gly Leu Glu Asn Arg Asp Thr Ala Cys Glu Glu Gln

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| 85 | 90 | 95 |
|----|----|----|
| | | |

ATC GAT CTT GGC CTG ATC GAT ATC GAC ACA GAC GAC ATC GTT GCC GCT Ile Asp Leu Gly Leu Ile Asp Ile Asp Thr Asp Asp Ile Val Ala Ala 100 105 110

Val Ala Ala 110

ATC CGC GAG ACA GGC GCC CGT GAC GAG GCC TAC ATA GCC TGA

Ile Arg Glu Thr Gly Ala Arg Asp Glu Ala Tyr Ile Ala

115 120 125

378

336

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 125 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

Met Ile Ala Val Ile Trp Ser Ala Val Pro Thr Gly Thr Val Asp Leu
1 5 10 15

Ser Thr Ile Thr Leu Tyr Arg Ser Met Tyr Asp Pro Met Ser Ser Ala 20 25 30

Thr Glu Lys Thr Tyr Val Arg Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Ser Pro Met Gly 35 40 45

Val Gly Thr Ala Met Lys Met Thr Ser Ala Cys Ser Ile Pro Arg Cys
50 55 60

Arg Ser Val Val Lys Ser Ile Ser Pro Phe Ser Arg Phe Leu Ala Ile 65 70 75 80

Asn Ser Gln Pro Gly Leu Glu Asn Arg Asp Thr Ala Cys Glu Glu Gln 85 90 95

Ile Asp Leu Gly Leu Ile Asp Ile Asp Thr Asp Asp Ile Val Ala Ala 100 105 110

Ile Arg Glu Thr Gly Ala Arg Asp Glu Ala Tyr Ile Ala 115 120 125

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

| | | ((| 3) TY C) ST O) T(| rang | DEDNE | SS: | both | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------------|-----|--|--|-----|
| | (ii) | MOL | _E CUL | E TY | /PE: | DNA | (ger | nomic | :) | | | | | |
| | | (<i>)</i> | ATURE A) NA B) LO | ME/H DCAT | [ON:1 | 183 | | מרס ז | ID NO |) . 7 . | | | | |
| | TCA | тст | QUENC GCT Ala | CCA | ACC | GTG | TCG | GTG | ATA | ACG | ATT | | | 48 |
| | | | TTG Leu 145 | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| | | | GCA Ala 225 | | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| | | | CCA Pro | | | | | | | | | | | 432 |

(A) LENGTH: 834 base pairs

| CGG Arg | | | | | | | | 480 |
|-------------------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|-----|
| GGC Gly | | | | | | | | 528 |
| CTC Leu | | | | | | | | 576 |
| CCC Pro | | | | | | | | 624 |
| GGT Gly 335 | | | | | | | | 672 |
| TGG Trp | | | | | | | | 720 |
| GCT Ala | | | | | | | | 768 |
| TTC Phe | | | | | | | | 816 |
| AAG Lys | | TAG | | | | | | 834 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 277 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

- Val Ser Ser Ala Pro Thr Val Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Ser Leu Asn Asp 1 5 10 15
- Leu Glu Gly Leu Lys Ser Thr Val Glu Ser Val Arg Ala Gln Arg Tyr 20 25 30
- Gly Gly Arg Ile Glu His Ile Val Ile Asp Gly Gly Ser Gly Asp Ala 35 40 45
- Val Val Glu Tyr Leu Ser Gly Asp Pro Gly Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gln Ser 50 55 60
- Gin Pro Asp Asn Gly Arg Tyr Asp Ala Met Asn Gln Gly Ile Ala His 65 70 75 80
- Ser Ser Gly Asp Leu Leu Trp Phe Met His Ser Thr Asp Arg Phe Ser 85 90 95
- Asp Pro Asp Ala Val Ala Ser Val Val Glu Ala Leu Ser Gly His Gly
 100 105 110
- Pro Val Arg Asp Leu Trp Gly Tyr Gly Lys Asn Asn Leu Val Gly Leu 115 120 125
- Asp Gly Lys Pro Leu Phe Pro Arg Pro Tyr Gly Tyr Met Pro Phe Lys 130 135 140
- Met Arg Lys Phe Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Val Ala His Gln Ala Thr Phe 145 150 155 160
- Phe Gly Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Lys Leu Gly Gly Tyr Asp Leu Asp Phe 165 170 175
- Gly Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Leu Phe Ile Tyr Arg Ala Ala Leu Ile Arg 180 185 190
- Pro Pro Val Thr Ile Asp Arg Val Val Cys Asp Phe Asp Val Thr Gly
 195 200 205
- Pro Gly Ser Thr Gln Pro Ile Arg Glu His Tyr Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg 210 215 220
- Leu Trp Asp Leu His Gly Asp Tyr Pro Leu Gly Gly Arg Arg Val Ser 225 230 235 240
- Trp Ala Tyr Leu Arg Val Lys Glu Tyr Leu Ile Arg Ala Asp Leu Ala 245 250 255

| Ala | Phe | Asn | Ala 260 | Val | Lys | Phe | Leu | Arg 265 | Ala | Lys | Phe | Ala | Arg 270 | Ala | Ser | |
|-----|------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------|-------|-------|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Arg | Lys | Gln 275 | Asn | Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (2) | INF | ORMA ⁻ | TION | FOR | SEQ | ID I | vo: 9 | 9: | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) | () () () | A) LE 3) T' C) Si | CE CI ENGTI YPE: TRANI DPOLO | H: 10 nuci DEDNE | 032 l leic ESS: | oase acid both | pain d | rs | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) |) MOI | ECUI | LE T | PE: | DNA | (ger | nomi | c) | | | | | | | |
| | (ix) | (/ | | E: AME/H DCATI | | |)29 | | | | | | | | | |
| | (xi) | SE(| QUENC | CE DE | ESCR] | IPTI(| ON: 9 | SEQ : | ID NO | 0: 9: | : | | | | | |
| | | | | CTT Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | | | | ACG Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | | | | CCG Pro 330 | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| | | | | CGG Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| | | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |

| CCA Pro 375 | | | | | | | | 336 |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|-------------------|--------------|
| GAA Glu | | | | | | | | 384 |
| TCG Ser | | | | | | | | 432 |
| CCG Pro | | | | | | | | 480 |
| TGG Trp | | | | | | | | 5 2 8 |
| GGC Gly 455 | | | | | | | | 576 |
| ACC Thr | | | | | | | | 624 |
| TCG Ser | | | | | | | | 672 |
| GCG Ala | | | | | | | | 720 |
| CCT Pro | | | | | | | | 768 |
| TTC Phe 535 | | | | | | | | 816 |
| | | | | | | | TCG Ser 565 | 864 |

| | GTA Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------|
| | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| | GGT Gly 615 | | | | | | TGA | | | | | | | | | 1032 |
| (2) | INF(| ORMAT | TION | FOR | SEQ | ID N | 10: 1 | 10: | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | • | | | RACTE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (E | 3) TY | /PE: | amir | 13 an no ac | id | acio | is | | | | | | | |
| | | [] |)) T(|)POL(| GY: | line | ear | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | prot PTI(| | SEQ I | [D N (|): 10 |): | | | | | |
| Val 1 | Lys | Arg | Ala | Leu 5 | Ile | Thr | G1y | Ile | Thr 10 | Gly | Gln | Asp | Gly | Ser 15 | Tyr | |
| Leu | Ala | Glu | Leu 20 | Leu | Leu | Ser | Lys | Gly 25 | Tyr | Glu | Val | His | Gly 30 | Leu | Val | |
| Arg | Arg | Ala 35 | Ser | Thr | Phe | Asn | Thr 40 | Ser | Arg | Ile | Asp | His 45 | Leu | Tyr | Val | |
| Asp | Pro 50 | His | Gln | Pro | Gly | Ala 55 | Arg | Leu | Phe | Leu | His 60 | Tyr | Ala | Asp | Leu | |
| Thr 65 | Asp | Gly | Thr | Arg | Leu 70 | Val | Thr | Leu | Leu | Ser 75 | Ser | Ile | Asp | Pro | Asp 80 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Glu | Val | Tyr | Asn | Leu 85 | Ala | Ala | Gln | Ser | His 90 | Val | Arg | Val | Ser | Phe 95 | Asp | |

Leu Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Ser Arg Val Asp Cys Arg Phe Tyr Gln Ala 115 120 125

Ser Ser Ser Glu Met Phe Gly Ala Ser Pro Pro Pro Gln Asn Glu Ser 130 135 140

Thr Pro Phe Tyr Pro Arg Ser Pro Tyr Gly Ala Ala Lys Val Phe Ser 145 150 155 160

Tyr Trp Thr Thr Arg Asn Tyr Arg Glu Ala Tyr Gly Leu Phe Ala Val 165 170 175

Asn Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn His Glu Ser Pro Arg Arg Gly Glu Thr Phe 180 185 190

Val Thr Arg Lys Ile Thr Arg Ala Val Ala Arg Ile Arg Ala Gly Val 195 200 205

Gln Ser Glu Val Tyr Met Gly Asn Leu Asp Ala Ile Arg Asp Trp Gly 210 215 220

Tyr Ala Pro Glu Tyr Val Glu Gly Met Trp Arg Met Leu Gln Ala Pro 225 230 235 240

Glu Pro Asp Asp Tyr Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Arg Gly Tyr Thr Val Arg 245 250 255

Glu Phe Ala Gln Ala Ala Phe Asp His Val Gly Leu Asp Trp Gln Lys 260 265 270

Arg Val Lys Phe Asp Asp Arg Tyr Leu Arg Pro Thr Glu Val Asp Ser 275 280 285

Leu Val Gly Asp Ala Asp Lys Ala Ala Gln Ser Leu Gly Trp Lys Ala 290 295 300

Ser Val His Thr Gly Glu Leu Ala Arg Ile Met Val Asp Ala Asp Ile 305 310 315 320

Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Asp Gly Thr Pro Trp Ile Asp Thr Pro Met Leu 325 330 335

Pro Gly Trp Gly Arg Val Ser 340

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

| | (A) LENGTH: 1032 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: both |
|------|---|
| | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| (11) | MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) |
| (ix) | FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION:11029 |

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

| GTG Val | AAG Lys 345 | CGA Arg | GCG Ala | CTT Leu | ATA Ile | ACA Thr 350 | GGG Gly | ATC Ile | ACG Thr | GGG Gly | CAG G1n 355 | GAT Asp | GGT Gly | TCC Ser | TAC Tyr | 48 |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|
| CTC Leu 360 | GCC Ala | GAG Glu | CTA Leu | CTA Leu | CTG Leu 365 | AGC Ser | AAG Lys | GGA Gly | TAC Tyr | GAG Glu 370 | GTT Val | CAC His | GGG Gly | CTC Leu | GTT Val 375 | 96 |
| CGT Arg | CGA Arg | GCT Ala | TCG Ser | ACG Thr 380 | TTT Phe | AAC Asn | ACG Thr | TCG Ser | CGG Arg 385 | ATC Ile | GAT Asp | CAC His | CTC Leu | TAC Tyr 390 | GTT Val | 144 |
| GAC Asp | CCA Pro | CAC His | CAA G1n 395 | CCG Pro | GGC Gly | GCG Ala | CGC Arg | TTG Leu 400 | TTC Phe | TTG Leu | CAC His | TAT Tyr | GCA Ala 405 | GAC Asp | CTC Leu | 192 |
| ACT Thr | GAC Asp | GGC Gly 410 | Thr | CGG Arg | TTG Leu | GTG Val | ACC Thr 415 | CTG Leu | CTC Leu | AGC Ser | AGT Ser | ATC Ile 420 | GAC Asp | CCG Pro | GAT Asp | 240 |
| GAG G1u | GTC Val 425 | Tyr | AAC Asn | CTC Leu | GCA Ala | GCG Ala 430 | CAG Gln | TCC Ser | CAT His | GTG Val | CGC Arg 435 | GTC Val | AGC Ser | TTT Phe | GAC Asp | 288 |
| GAG Glu 440 | Pro | GTG Val | CAT His | ACC Thr | GGA Gly 445 | Asp | ACC Thr | ACC Thr | GGC Gly | ATG Met 450 | Gly | TCG Ser | ATC Ile | CGA Arg | CTT Leu 455 | 336 |
| CTG Leu | GAA Glu | GCA Ala | GTC Val | CGC Arg 460 | Leu | TCT Ser | CGG Arg | GTG Val | GAC Asp 465 | Cys | CGG Arg | i TTC i Phe | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln 470 | GCT Ala | 384 |
| тсс | тсе | тсе | G GAG | а АТС | i TTC | GGC | GCA | тст | CCG | G CCA | CC6 | G CAG | i AAC | GAA | TCG | 432 |

| Ser | Ser | Ser | G1u 475 | Met | Phe | Gly | Ala | Ser 480 | Pro | Pro | Pro | Gln | Asn 485 | Glu | Ser | |
|-----|-------------------|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|------|
| | CCG Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| | TGG Trp 505 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| | TCG Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| | CCT Pro 585 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| | TTC Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| | GTC Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| | GTA Val | | | Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| | GTT Val | | Thr | | | | | Arg | | | | | Ala | | _ | 960 |
| GCC | GCG | TCG | GAG | TGC | GAT | GGC | ACA | CCA | TGG | ATC | GAC | ACG | CCG | ATG | TTG | 1008 |

Ala Ala Ser Glu Cys Asp Gly Thr Pro Trp Ile Asp Thr Pro Met Leu 665 670 675

CCT GGT TGG GGC GGA GTA AGT TGA Pro Gly Trp Gly Gly Val Ser 680 685

1032

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 343 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

Val Lys Arg Ala Leu Ile Thr Gly Ile Thr Gly Gln Asp Gly Ser Tyr

1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Glu Leu Leu Ser Lys Gly Tyr Glu Val His Gly Leu Val 20 25 30

Arg Arg Ala Ser Thr Phe Asn Thr Ser Arg Ile Asp His Leu Tyr Val 35 40 45

Asp Pro His Gln Pro Gly Ala Arg Leu Phe Leu His Tyr Ala Asp Leu 50 55 60

Thr Asp Gly Thr Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Leu Ser Ser Ile Asp Pro Asp 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Tyr Asn Leu Ala Ala Gln Ser His Val Arg Val Ser Phe Asp 85 90 95

Glu Pro Val His Thr Gly Asp Thr Thr Gly Met Gly Ser Ile Arg Leu 100 105 110

Leu Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Ser Arg Val Asp Cys Arg Phe Tyr Gln Ala 115 120 125

Ser Ser Ser Glu Met Phe Gly Ala Ser Pro Pro Pro Gln Asn Glu Ser 130 135 140

Thr Pro Phe Tyr Pro Arg Ser Pro Tyr Gly Ala Ala Lys Val Phe Ser 145 150 155 160 Tyr Trp Thr Thr Arg Asn Tyr Arg Glu Ala Tyr Gly Leu Phe Ala Val 165 170 175

Asn Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn His Glu Ser Pro Arg Arg Gly Glu Thr Phe 180 185 190

Val Thr Arg Lys Ile Thr Arg Ala Val Ala Arg Ile Arg Ala Gly Val 195 200 205

Gln Ser Glu Val Tyr Met Gly Asn Leu Asp Ala Ile Arg Asp Trp Gly 210 215 220

Tyr Ala Pro Glu Tyr Val Glu Gly Met Trp Arg Met Leu Gln Ala Pro 225 230 235 240

Glu Pro Asp Asp Tyr Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Arg Gly Tyr Thr Val Arg
245 250 255

Glu Phe Ala Gln Ala Ala Phe Asp His Val Gly Leu Asp Trp Gln Lys 260 265 270

His Val Lys Phe Asp Asp Arg Tyr Leu Arg Pro Thr Glu Val Asp Ser 275 280 285

Leu Val Gly Asp Ala Asp Arg Ala Ala Gln Ser Leu Gly Trp Lys Ala 290 295 300

Ser Val His Thr Gly Glu Leu Ala Arg Ile Met Val Asp Ala Asp Ile 305 310 315 320

Ala Ala Ser Glu Cys Asp Gly Thr Pro Trp Ile Asp Thr Pro Met Leu 325 330 335

Pro Gly Trp Gly Gly Val Ser 340

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1020 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

| GCG Ala 505 | | | | | | | | 528 |
|---------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| AGG Arg | | | | | | | | 576 |
| TAC Tyr | | | | | | | | 624 |
| GCG Ala | | | | | | | | 672 |
| GTG Val | | | | | | | | 720 |
| GAC Asp 585 | | | | | | | | 768 |
| CCG Pro | | | | | | | | 816 |
| ATC Ile | | | | | | | | 864 |
| TGG Trp | | | | | | | | 912 |
| TCC Ser | | | | | | | | 960 |
| GGC G1 <i>y</i> 665 | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| AGG Arg | TAA * | | | | | | | 1020 |

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION:1..1020

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

| | TGG Trp | | | | | | | 48 |
|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----|
| | AAG Lys | | | | | | | 96 |
| | ATC Ile | | | | | | | 144 |
| | GAG Glu | | | | | | | 192 |
| | GAT Asp 410 | | | | | | | 240 |
| | CCA Pro | | | | | | | 288 |
| | AAT Asn | | | | | | | 336 |
| | ACC Thr | | | | | | | 384 |
| | TTC Phe | | | | | | | 432 |
| | CAC His 490 | | | | | | | 480 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 340 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:
- Val Arg Trp His Thr Met Asp Arg His Ala Asp Val Ala Trp Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15
- Gln Ser Lys Leu Thr Thr Pro Gly Pro Leu Asp Arg Ala Thr Pro 20 25 30
- Val Tyr Ile Ala Gly His Arg Gly Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Val Arg 35 40 45
- Arg Phe Glu Ala Glu Gly Phe Thr Asn Leu Ile Val Arg Ser Arg Asp 50 55 60
- Glu Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Arg Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Phe Val Ser Glu 65 70 75 80
- Thr Arg Pro Gln Val Ile Ile Asp Ala Ala Ala Arg Val Gly Ile 85 90 95
- Met Ala Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Ala Asp Phe Leu Ser Glu Asn Leu Arg 100 105 110
- Ile Gln Thr Asn Leu Leu Asp Ala Ala Val Ala Val Arg Val Pro Arg 115 120 125
- Leu Leu Phe Leu Gly Ser Ser Cys Ile Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ala Pro Gln 130 135 140
- Pro Ile His Glu Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Pro Leu Glu Pro Thr Asn 145 150 155 160
- Asp Ala Tyr Ala Ile Ala Lys Ile Ala Gly Ile Leu Gln Val Gln Ala 165 170 175
- Val Arg Arg Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala Trp Ile Ser Ala Met Pro Thr Asn 180 185 190
- Leu Tyr Gly Pro Gly Asp Asn Phe Ser Pro Ser Gly Ser His Leu Leu 195 200 205

| Pro | Ala | Leu | Ile | Arg | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Glu | Ala | Lys | Ala | Gly | Gly | Ala | Glu |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 210 | | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | |

Glu Val Thr Asn Trp Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro Arg Arg Glu Leu Leu His 225 230 235 240

Val Asp Asp Leu Ala Ser Ala Cys Leu Phe Leu Leu Glu His Phe Asp 245 250 255

Gly Pro Asn His Val Asn Val Gly Thr Gly Val Asp His Ser Ile Ser 260 265 270

Glu Ile Ala Asp Met Val Ala Thr Ala Val Gly Tyr Ile Gly Glu Thr 275 280 285

Arg Trp Asp Pro Thr Lys Pro Asp Gly Thr Pro Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp 290 295 300

Val Ser Ala Leu Arg Glu Leu Gly Trp Arg Pro Arg Ile Ala Leu Lys 305 310 315 320

Asp Gly Ile Asp Ala Thr Val Ser Trp Tyr Arg Thr Asn Ala Asp Ala 325 330 335

Val Arg Arg * 340

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1020 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1...1020
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

GTG CGA TGG CAC ACC ATG GAT CGA CAC GCC GAT GTT GCC TGG TTG GGG Val Arg Trp His Thr Met Asp Arg His Ala Asp Val Ala Trp Leu Gly 345 350 355

| CGG AG Arg Se | | | | | | | | | Ğ | 96 |
|-------------------------|-------|-----|--|--|--|--|-------|-------|----|----|
| GTG TA | | | | | | | | | 14 | 14 |
| AGA TT Arg Ph | e Glu | | | | | | | | 19 | 92 |
| GAG AT Glu Il 405 | | | | | | | | | 24 | 10 |
| ACA AG. Thr Ar | | | | | | | | | 28 | 38 |
| ATG GC Met Al | | | | | | | | | 33 | 36 |
| ATC CA Ile Gl | | Asn | | | | | | | 38 | 34 |
| CTC CT Leu Le 47 | u Phe | | | | | | | | 43 | 32 |
| CCT AT Pro Il 485 | | | | | | | _ | _ | 48 | 80 |
| GAC GC Asp Al | | | | | | | | | 57 | 28 |
| GTT AG Val Ar | | | | | | | | | 5: | 76 |
| CTC TA Leu Ty | | Pro | | | | | | | 6 | 24 |

| GCG Ala 550 | | | | | | | | 672 |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|------|------|
| GTG Val | | | | | | | | 720 |
| GAC Asp | | | | | | | | 768 |
| CCG Pro | | | | | | | | 816 |
| ATC Ile | | | | | | | | 864 |
| TGG Trp 630 | | | | | | | | 912 |
| TCC Ser | | | | | | | | 960 |
| GGC Gly | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| AGG Arg | TAA * 680 | | | | | | | 1020 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 340 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

Val Arg Trp His Thr Met Asp Arg His Ala Asp Val Ala Trp Leu Gly

1 10 15

Arg Ser Lys Leu Thr Thr Pro Gly Pro Leu Asp Arg Ala Thr Pro 20 25 30

Val Tyr Ile Ala Gly His Arg Gly Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Val Arg 35 40 45

Arg Phe Glu Ala Glu Gly Phe Thr Asn Leu Ile Val Arg Ser Arg Asp 50 55 60

Glu Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Arg Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Phe Val Ser Glu
65 70 75 80

Thr Arg Pro Gln Val Ile Ile Asp Ala Ala Ala Arg Val Gly Ile 85 90 95

Met Ala Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Ala Asp Phe Leu Ser Glu Asn Leu Arg 100 105 110

Ile Gln Thr Asn Leu Leu Asp Ala Ala Val Ala Val Arg Val Pro Arg 115 120 125

Leu Leu Phe Leu Gly Ser Ser Cys Ile Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ala Pro Gln 130 135 140

Pro Ile His Glu Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Pro Leu Glu Pro Thr Asn 145 150 155 160

Asp Ala Tyr Ala Ile Ala Lys Ile Ala Gly Ile Leu Gln Val Gln Ala 165 170 175

Val Arg Arg Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala Trp Ile Ser Ala Met Pro Thr Asn 180 185 190

Leu Tyr Gly Pro Gly Asp Asn Phe Ser Pro Ser Gly Ser His Leu Leu 195 200 205

Pro Ala Leu Ile Arg Arg Tyr Glu Glu Ala Lys Ala Gly Gly Ala Glu 210 215 220

Glu Val Thr Asn Trp Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro Arg Arg Glu Leu Leu His 225 230 235 240

Val Asp Asp Leu Ala Ser Ala Cys Leu Phe Leu Leu Glu His Phe Asp 245 250 255

| Gly | Pro | Asn | His 260 | Val | Asn | Val | Gly | Thr 265 | Gly | Val | Asp | His | Ser 270 | Ile | Ser | | |
|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|-----|
| Glu | Ile | Ala 275 | Asp | Met | Val | Ala | Thr 280 | Ala | Val | Gly | Tyr | Ile 285 | Gly | Glu | Thr | | |
| Arg | Trp 290 | Asp | Pro | Thr | Lys | Pro 295 | Asp | Gly | Thr | Pro | Arg 300 | Lys | Leu | Leu | Asp | | |
| Val 305 | Ser | Ala | Leu | Arg | Glu 310 | Leu | Gly | Trp | Arg | Pro 315 | Arg | Ile | Ala | Leu | Lys 320 | | |
| Asp | Gly | Ile | Asp | Ala 325 | Thr | Val | Ser | Trp | Tyr 330 | Arg | Thr | Asn | Ala | Asp 335 | Ala | | |
| Val | Arg | Arg | * 340 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (2) | INF | ORMAT | rion | FOR | SEQ | ID I | 10: 1 | 17: | | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) | (E | A) LE B) TY C) ST | ENGTH PE: FRAND | HARAC H: 72 nucl DEDNE DGY: | 23 ba leic SS: | ase p acid both | oairs d | \$ | | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) |) MOL | ECUL | E TY | PE: | DNA | (ger | nomid | 2) | | | | | | | | |
| | (ix) | - | A) NA | AME/H | (EY: [ON:] | | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (xi |) SE(| QUENC | CE DE | ESCR1 | PTI(| ON: S | SEQ I | ED NO | D: 17 | 7: | | | | | | |
| | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | | TAC Tyr 375 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | : | 144 |

| | | | | GCA Ala | | | | | 192 |
|---|---|--|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|-----|
| | | | | TTT Phe | | | | | 240 |
| | | | | CAC His | | | | | 288 |
| | | | | GCA Ala 445 | | | | | 336 |
| _ | _ | | | CAT His | | | | | 384 |
| | | | | GCA Ala | | | | | 432 |
| | | | | GAT Asp | | | | | 480 |
| | | | | ATC Ile | | | | | 528 |
| | | | | CTC Leu 525 | | | | | 576 |
| | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | 624 |
| | | | | TTG Leu | | | | | 672 |
| | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | 720 |

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 240 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

Met Asp Phe Leu Arg Asn Ala Gly Leu Met Ala Arg Asn Val Ser Thr $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$

Glu Met Leu Arg His Phe Glu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Val Asn Gln Phe 20 25 30

Lys Ala Tyr Gly Val Asn Val Val Ile Asp Val Gly Ala Asn Ser Gly
35 40 45

Gln Phe Gly Ser Ala Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Phe Lys Ser Arg Ile Val 50 55 60

Ser Phe Glu Pro Leu Ser Gly Pro Phe Ala Gln Leu Thr Arg Lys Ser 65 70 75 80

Ala Ser Asp Pro Leu Trp Glu Cys His Gln Tyr Ala Leu Gly Asp Ala 85 90 95

Asp Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Asn Val Ala Gly Asn Ala Gly Ala Ser Ser 100 105 110

Ser Val Leu Pro Met Leu Lys Ser His Gln Asp Ala Phe Pro Pro Ala 115 120 125

Asn Tyr Ile Gly Thr Glu Asp Val Ala Ile His Arg Leu Asp Ser Val 130 135 140

Ala Ser Glu Phe Leu Asn Pro Thr Asp Val Thr Phe Leu Lys Ile Asp 145 150 155 160

Val Gln Gly Phe Glu Lys Gln Val Ile Thr Gly Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu 165 170 175

Asn Glu Ser Cys Val Gly Met Gln Leu Glu Leu Ser Phe Ile Pro Leu 180 185 190

| | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | | | | |
|------------|------------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|---|-----|
| Leu | Gly 210 | Phe | Arg | Leu | Thr | Gly 215 | Leu | Leu | Pro | Gly | Phe 220 | Thr | Asp | Pro | Arg | | |
| Asn 225 | Gly | Arg | Met | Leu | G1n 230 | Ala | Asp | Gly | Ile | Phe 235 | Phe | Arg | Gly | Asp | Asp 240 | | |
| (2) | INFO | ORMAT | ΓΙΟΝ | FOR | SEQ | ID I | 10: | 19: | | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) | (E | A) LE B) TY C) S1 | ENGTH PE: FRAND | | 23 ba leic ESS: | ase p acid both | oairs d | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) |) MOL | ECUI | LE TY | /PE: | DNA | (ger | nomid | c) | | | | | | | | |
| | (ix) | | A) NA | AME/H | KEY: [ON:] | | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (xi) |) SE(| QUENC | CE DE | ESCR1 | [PTI(| ON: S | SEQ 1 | ID NO |): 19 | ∂: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | TTG Leu | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | | | | His | Phe | | Arg | AAG Lys 265 | Arg | Leu | | ۷al | | | | | 96 |
| | | | | | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | 1 | 144 |
| | | | | | | | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | 1 | 192 |
| | | | | | | | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | 2 | 240 |

Tyr Glu Gly Asp Met Leu Ile His Glu Ala Leu Glu Leu Val Tyr Ser

| | TCG Ser | | | | | | | | 288 |
|-----|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----|
| | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | 336 |
| | GTG Val | | | | | | | | 384 |
| | TAT Tyr 370 | | | | | | | | 432 |
| | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | 480 |
| | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | 528 |
| | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | 576 |
| | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | 624 |
| | GGT Gly 450 | | | | | | | | 672 |
| | GGT Gly | | | | | | | | 720 |
| TGA | | | | | | | | | 723 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 240 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:
- Met Asp Phe Leu Arg Asn Ala Gly Leu Met Ala Arg Asn Val Ser Thr 1 5 10 15
- Glu Met Leu Arg His Phe Glu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Val Asn Gln Phe 20 25 30
- Lys Ala Tyr Gly Val Asn Val Val Ile Asp Val Gly Ala Asn Ser Gly
 35 40 45
- Gln Phe Gly Ser Ala Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Phe Lys Ser Arg Ile Val
 50 55 60
- Ser Phe Glu Pro Leu Ser Gly Pro Phe Ala Gln Leu Thr Arg Glu Ser 65 70 75 80
- Ala Ser Asp Pro Leu Trp Glu Cys His Gln Tyr Ala Leu Gly Asp Ala 85 90 95
- Asp Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Asn Val Ala Gly Asn Ala Gly Ala Ser Ser 100 105 110
- Ser Val Leu Pro Met Leu Lys Ser His Gln Asp Ala Phe Pro Pro Ala 115 120 125
- Asn Tyr Ile Gly Thr Glu Asp Val Ala Ile His Arg Leu Asp Ser Val 130 135 140
- Ala Ser Glu Phe Leu Asn Pro Thr Asp Val Thr Phe Leu Lys Ile Asp 145 150 155 160
- Val Gln Gly Phe Glu Lys Gln Val Ile Ala Gly Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu 165 170 175
- Asn Glu Ser Cys Val Gly Met Gln Leu Glu Leu Ser Phe Ile Pro Leu 180 185 190
- Tyr Glu Gly Asp Met Leu Ile His Glu Ala Leu Glu Leu Val Tyr Ser 195 200 205
- Leu Gly Phe Arg Leu Thr Gly Leu Leu Pro Gly Phe Thr Asp Pro Arg 210 215 220

| 225 | | | | 230 | | | | | 235 | | | 240 | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------|-------|----|--|-----|-----|
| (2) | INFORMA | TION | FOR | SEQ | ID N | 10: 2 | 21: | | | | | | |
| | (1 | QUENCA) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO | NGTH PE: | 1: 80 nucl |)1 ba leic ESS: | ase p acid both | oairs 1 | 5 | | | | | |
| | (ii) MO | LECUL | E TY | /PE: | DNA | (ger | omio | c) | | | | | |
| | | ATURE A) NA B) L(| ME/k | | | 98 | | | | | | | |
| | (xi) SE | QUENC | CE DE | SCR1 | [PTI(| ON: S | SEQ ! | ID NO |): 21 | l: | | | |
| | ACT GCG Thr Ala | | - | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | ACG CTG Thr Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | GTG GAA Val Glu 275 | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | ATC GCG Ile Ala 290 | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| | AGC GGG Ser Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| | GTG GCC Val Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |

CTC TAC GAA CCA ACC ACG TTG GCC CAG GTA GCC GCT TTT CTC GGC GAC

Leu Tyr Glu Pro Thr Thr Leu Ala Gln Val Ala Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp

336

Asn Gly Arg Met Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly Ile Phe Phe Arg Gly Asp Asp

340 345 350

| | | | | | | | | | CGT Arg | | 384 |
|--|--|-------------------|-----|--|--|-----|-----|--|-------------------|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | CTA Leu | | 432 |
| | | | | | | | | | CTT Leu | | 480 |
| | | | | | | | | | GAC Asp | | 528 |
| | | | | | | | | | CGC Arg 430 | | 576 |
| | | | | | | | | | AGC Ser | | 624 |
| | | | | | | | | | TAC Tyr | | 672 |
| | | | | | | | | | TTG Leu | | 720 |
| | | | | | | | Arg | | AGG Arg | Lys | 768 |
| | | AAA Lys 500 | Glu | | | Pro | TAG | | | | 801 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 266 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

Met Thr Ala Pro Val Phe Ser Ile Ile Ile Pro Thr Phe Asn Ala Ala 1 5 10 15

Val Thr Leu Gln Ala Cys Leu Gly Ser Ile Val Gly Gln Thr Tyr Arg 20 25 30

Glu Val Glu Val Val Leu Val Asp Gly Gly Ser Thr Asp Arg Thr Leu 35 40 45

Asp Ile Ala Asn Ser Phe Arg Pro Glu Leu Gly Ser Arg Leu Val Val 50 55 60

His Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Gly Pro Tyr Asp Ala Met Asn Arg Gly Val
65 70 75 80

Gly Val Ala Thr Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Phe Leu Gly Ala Asp Asp Thr 85 90 95

Leu Tyr Glu Pro Thr Thr Leu Ala Gln Val Ala Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp 100 105 110

His Ala Ala Ser His Leu Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Arg Ser Thr 115 120 125

Lys Ser Arg His Ala Gly Pro Phe Asp Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Phe Glu 130 135 140

Thr Asn Leu Cys His Gln Ser Ile Phe Tyr Arg Arg Glu Leu Phe Asp 145 150 155 160

Gly Ile Gly Pro Tyr Asn Leu Arg Tyr Arg Val Trp Ala Asp Trp Asp 165 170 175

Phe Asn Ile Arg Cys Phe Ser Asn Pro Ala Leu Ile Thr Arg Tyr Met 180 185 190

Asp Val Val Ile Ser Glu Tyr Asn Asp Met Thr Gly Phe Ser Met Arg 195 200 205

Gln Gly Thr Asp Lys Glu Phe Arg Lys Arg Leu Pro Met Tyr Phe Trp 210 215 220

Val Ala Gly Trp Glu Thr Cys Arg Arg Met Leu Ala Phe Leu Lys Asp

| L | .ys | Glu | Asn | Arg | Arg 245 | Leu | Ala | Leu | Arg | Thr 250 | Arg | Leu | Ile | Arg | Val 255 | Lys | |
|---|-----|------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|
| A | la | Val | Ser | Lys 260 | Glu | Arg | Ser | Ala | Glu 265 | Pro | | | | | | | |
| (| 2) | INFO | ORMAT | TION | FOR | SEQ | ID N | 10: 2 | 23: | | | | | | | | |
| | | (i) | (E | A) LE B) TY C) ST | ENGTI (PE: (RANI | HARA(H: 80 nucl DEDNE DGY: | 01 ba leic ESS: | ase p acid both | oairs d | 5 | | | | | | | |
| | | (ii) |) MOI | ECUL | E TY | PE: | DNA | (ger | nomid | :) | | | | | | | |
| | | (ix) | - | A) NA | AME/H | (EY: [ON:1 | | 98 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (xi) |) SEC | QUENC | CE DE | SCRI | PTIC | on: S | SEQ I | D NO |): 23 | 3: | | | | | |
| | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | | | CTG Leu 285 | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 96 |
| _ | | | GAA G1u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| A | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 197 |
| | | | GGG Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |

GGC GTA GCC ACA GGC GAA TGG GTA CTT TTT TTA GGC GCC GAC GAC ACC

Gly Val Ala Thr Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Phe Leu Gly Ala Asp Asp Thr

CTC TAC GAA CCA ACC ACG TTG GCC CAG GTA GCC GCT TTT CTC GGC GAC Leu Tyr Glu Pro Thr Thr Leu Ala Gln Val Ala Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp CAT GCG GCA AGC CAT CTT GTC TAT GGC GAT GTT GTG ATG CGT TCG ACG His Ala Ala Ser His Leu Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Wat Arg Ser Thr AAA AGC CGG CAT GCC GGA CCT TTC GAC CTC GAC CGC CTC CTA TTT GAG Lys Ser Arg His Ala Gly Pro Phe Asp Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Phe Glu ACG AAT TTG TGC CAC CAA TCG ATC TTT TAC CGC CGT GAG CTT TTC GAC Thr Asn Leu Cys His Gln Ser Ile Phe Tyr Arg Arg Glu Leu Phe Asp GGC ATC GGC CCT TAC AAC CTG CGC TAC CGA GTC TGG GCG GAC TGG GAC Gly Ile Gly Pro Tyr Asn Leu Arg Tyr Arg Val Trp Ala Asp Trp Asp TTC AAT ATT CGC TGC TTC TCC AAC CCG GCG CTG ATT ACC CGC TAC ATG Phe Asn Ile Arg Cys Phe Ser Asn Pro Ala Leu Ile Thr Arg Tyr Met GAC GTC GTG ATT TCC GAA TAC AAC GAC ATG ACC GGC TTC AGC ATG AGG Asp Val Val Ile Ser Glu Tyr Asn Asp Met Thr Gly Phe Ser Met Arg CAG GGG ACT GAT AAA GAG TTC AGA AAA CGG CTG CCA ATG TAC TTC TGG Gln Gly Thr Asp Lys Glu Phe Arg Lys Arg Leu Pro Met Tyr Phe Trp GTT GCA GGG TGG GAG ACT TGC AGG CGC ATG CTG GCG TTT TTG AAA GAC Val Ala Gly Trp Glu Thr Cys Arg Arg Met Leu Ala Phe Leu Lys Asp AAG GAG AAT CGC CGT CTG GCC TTG CGT ACG CGG TTG ATA AGG GTT AAG Lys Glu Asn Arg Arg Leu Ala Leu Arg Thr Arg Leu Ile Arg Val Lys GCC GTC TCC AAA GAA CGA AGC GCA GAA CCG TAG Ala Val Ser Lys Glu Arg Ser Ala Glu Pro

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 266 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:
- Met Thr Ala Pro Val Phe Ser Ile Ile Ile Pro Thr Phe Asn Ala Ala 1 5 10 15
- Val Thr Leu Gln Ala Cys Leu Gly Ser Ile Val Gly Gln Thr Tyr Arg
 20 25 30
- Glu Val Glu Val Val Leu Val Asp Gly Gly Ser Thr Asp Arg Thr Leu
 35 40 45
- Asp Ile Ala Asn Ser Phe Arg Pro Glu Leu Gly Ser Arg Leu Val Val 50 55 60
- His Ser Gly Pro Asp Asp Gly Pro Tyr Asp Ala Met Asn Arg Gly Val 65 70 75 80
- Gly Val Ala Thr Gly Glu Trp Val Leu Phe Leu Gly Ala Asp Asp Thr 85 90 95
- Leu Tyr Glu Pro Thr Thr Leu Ala Gln Val Ala Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp 100 105 110
- His Ala Ala Ser His Leu Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Arg Ser Thr 115 120 125
- Lys Ser Arg His Ala Gly Pro Phe Asp Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Phe Glu 130 135 140
- Thr Asn Leu Cys His Gln Ser Ile Phe Tyr Arg Arg Glu Leu Phe Asp 145 150 155 160
- Gly Ile Gly Pro Tyr Asn Leu Arg Tyr Arg Val Trp Ala Asp Trp Asp 165 170 175
- Phe Asn Ile Arg Cys Phe Ser Asn Pro Ala Leu Ile Thr Arg Tyr Met 180 185 190
- Asp Val Val Ile Ser Glu Tyr Asn Asp Met Thr Gly Phe Ser Met Arg 195 200 205
- Gln Gly Thr Asp Lys Glu Phe Arg Lys Arg Leu Pro Met Tyr Phe Trp

| | 210 | | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|------------|-----|
| Val 225 | Ala | Gly | Trp | Glu | Thr 230 | Cys | Arg | Arg | Met | Leu 235 | Ala | Phe | Leu | Lys | Asp 240 | |
| Lys | Glu | Asn | Arg | Arg 245 | Leu | Ala | Leu | Arg | Thr 250 | Arg | Leu | Ile | Arg | Val 255 | Lys | |
| Ala | Val | Ser | Lys 260 | Glu | Arg | Ser | Ala | G1u 265 | Pro | | | | | | | |
| (2) | INFO |)RMAT | rion | F0R | SEQ | ID N | 10: 2 | 25: | | | | | | | | |
| | (i) | (/ E ((| A) LE B) TY C) ST | ENGTI PE: FRANI | HARAC H: 86 nucl DEDNE DGY: | 57 ba leic ESS: | ase p acid | oairs d | 5 | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) | MOL | -ECUI | E TY | YPE: | DNA | (ger | nomi | c) | | | | | | | |
| | (ix) | | A) NA | AME/I | KEY: ION:1 | | 54 | | | | | | | | | |
| | (xi) | SEC |)UEN(| CE DE | ESCRI | [PTIO | ON: S | SEQ : | ID NO |): 2 | 5: | | | | | |
| | | | | | CCC Pro | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | | | | | GTG Val | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | | | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | | | | | CTC Leu 320 | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| | | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |

| | | | | | TTG Leu | | | | | | | | | 2 | 288 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|---|-----|
| | | | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | 3 | 336 |
| | | | | | GTC Val | | | | | | | | | 3 | 384 |
| | | | | | GTA Val 400 | | | | | | | | | 2 | 132 |
| | | | | | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | | | 180 |
| | | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | ! | 528 |
| | | | | | TGC Cys | | | | | | | | | ! | 576 |
| | | | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | 1 | 624 |
| Gly | Val | Gly | Gly | Ile | GCG Ala 480 | Gly | Ser | Asp | Leu | Gly | Leu | | | ı | 672 |
| | | | | | TGT Cys | | | | | Leu | | | | | 720 |
| | | | | Ala | GCG Ala | | | | Gln | | | | | | 768 |
| | | | Val | | AGC Ser | | | Cys | | | | Cys | | | 816 |

CTT GGC AGC GGT GGT CAT GAG GCC GTC CCG TCG GTG GTG TTG ATC TTG Leu Gly Ser Gly Gly His Glu Ala Val Pro Ser Val Val Leu Ile Leu TAG (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 288 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26: Val Ala Ser Arg Ser Pro His Ser Ala Ala Gly Gly Trp Leu Ile Leu Gly Gly Ser Leu Leu Val Val Gly Val Ala His Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Gly Gly Asp Asp Asp Ala Gly Val Val Gln Gln Pro Ile Glu Asp Ala Gly Gly Gly Val Leu Gly Gln Glu Ser Pro Pro Leu Phe Glu Gly Pro Met Arg Gly Asp Gly Gln Gly Ala Ala Leu Val Ala Gly Ser His Glu Pro Glu Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Gly Val Val Glu Arg Gly Glu Ala Asp Leu Val Gln Asp Asp Gln Ile Arg Ala Glu Gln Gly Val Asp Asp Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Val Gly Gln Ala Ala Val Glu Asp Leu Asp Gln Val Gly Gly Glu Val Ala Asp Phe Glu Ser Gly Val Asp Gly Ser Val Pro Ala Ala Asp Glu Gln Val Thr Phe Ala Arg Thr Arg Trp Ala

Asn Asp Arg Gln Val Leu Leu Cys Pro Asn Pro Phe Gln Ala Arg Gln

Val Val Glu Arg Gly Cys Gly Asp Arg Arg Ser Gly Asp Val Glu Pro 180 185 190

- Val Glu Gly Leu Gly Asp Arg Glu Gly Cys Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly 195 200 205
- Gly Val Gly Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Gly Leu Asn Gln Arg Pro 210 215 220
- Gln Asp Leu Leu Arg Cys Pro Ala Leu Arg Leu Gly Asp Leu Gln His 225 230 235 240

Leu Gly Gly Val Ala Ala His Arg Gly Gln Leu Gln Pro Pro Gln Arg 245 250 255

Arg Val Lys Val Ser Ser Gln Arg Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Cys His Arg 260 265 270

Leu Gly Ser Gly Gly His Glu Ala Val Pro Ser Val Val Leu Ile Leu 275 280 285

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1739 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1...945
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 945..1736
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

CGATTCGCGT CCCACTATGG CTTCGTTCCG GACTTCTGCC ACGGTGCGGA TCCGCAATCG 120 AAGGGCATCG TGGAGAACCT CTGTGGCTAC GCTCAGGACG ACCTTGCGGT GCCGCTGCTG 180 ACCGAAGCTG CGTTAGCCGG TGAGCAGGTC GACCTACGTG CCCTCAACGC CCAGGCGCAA 240 CTATGGTGCG CCGAGGTCAA TGCCACGGTC CACTCGGAGA TCTGCGCCGT GCCCAACGAT 300 CGCTTGGTTG ACGAGCGCAC CGTCTTGAGG GAGCTGCCCT CGCTGCGGCC GACGATCGGC 360 TCGGGGTCGG TGCGCCGTAA GGTCGACGGC CTCTCGTGCA TCCGTTACGG CTCAGCTCGT 420 TACTCGGTGC CTCAGCGGCT CGTCGGTGCC ACCGTGGCGG TGGTGGTCGA TCATGGCGCC 480 CTGATCCTGT TGGAACCTGC GACCGGTGTG ATCGTGGCCG AGCACGAGCT CGTCAGCCCA 540 GGTGAGGTGT CCATCCTCGA TGAACACTAC GACGGACCCA GACCCGCACC CTCGCGTGGT 600 CCTCGCCCGA AAACCCAAGC AGAGAAACGA TTCTGCGCAT TGGGAACCGA AGCGCAGCAG 660 TTCCTCGTCG GTGCTGCTGC GATCGGCAAC ACCCGACTGA AATCCGAACT CGACATTCTG 720 CTCGGCCTTG GCGCCGCCCA CGGCGAACAG GCTTTGATTG ACGCGCTGCG CCGGGCGGTT 780 GCGTTTCGCC GGTTCCGCGC TGCCGACGTG CGCTCGATCC TGGCCGCCGG CGCCGGCACC 840 CCACAACCCC GCCCGCCGG CGACGCACTC GTGCTCGATC TGCCCACCGT CGAGACCCGC 900 960 AGCCGGTGGC ACCGTCCTCG GCGGCACCGC TGGCTGCTGA CCTTGACGCG GCGCTGCGGC 1020 GGTTGAAGCT GGCCACGGTG CGCCGCAACG CCGCCGAGGT GTTGCAAGTC GCCAAGACGC 1080 AACGCTGGAC ACCGGAGGAG ATCCTGCGGA CGTTGGTTGA GGCCGAGATC GCTGCCCGCG 1140 ATGCCTCCAA CACCGCCAAC CGTCTCAAGG CCGCAGCCTT CCCGGTCACC AAGACCCTCG 1200 ACGGGTTCGA CGTCACCGGA TCGTCGATCA CCGCAGCCAC GTTCGACTAC CTGTCGAGCC 1260 TGGAATGGAT TCGGGCACAA CAGAACCTGG CGGTCATTGG CCCACCTGGT ACGGGCAAAA 1320 GTCACCTGCT CATCGGCTGC GGGCACGCTG CCGTCCACGC CGGATTCAAA GTCCGCTACT 1380 TCACCGCCGC CGACCTGATC GAGGTCCTCT ACCGCGGCCT GGCCGACAAC ACCGTCGGCA 1440 AGATCATCGA CACCCTGCTC CGCGCGGATC TGGTCATCTT GGACGAGATC GGCTTCGCCC 1500 CGCTCGACGA CACCGGGACT CAACTGTTGT TCCGGCTCGT GGCTGCCGGC TACGAGCGCC 1560

GCTCCCTGGC CATCGCCTCG CATTGGCCCT TCGAACAATG GGGGCGATTC CTGCCCGAGC 1620

ACACCACCGC CGCCAGCATC CTCGATCGGC TGCTGCACCA CGCCAGCATC GTCGTCACCT 1680

CCGGCGAGTC CTACCGGATG CGCCACGCCG ACCACAGAA GGGAGCCGCC AAGAATTAG 1739

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 315 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

Met Gly Cys Leu Lys Gly Gly Val Val Ala Asn Val Val Pro Thr 1 5 10 15

Pro Asp Tyr Val Arg Phe Ala Ser His Tyr Gly Phe Val Pro Asp Phe 20 25 30

Cys His Gly Ala Asp Pro Gln Ser Lys Gly Ile Val Glu Asn Leu Cys 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ala Gln Asp Asp Leu Ala Val Pro Leu Leu Thr Glu Ala Ala 50 55 60

Leu Ala Gly Glu Gln Val Asp Leu Arg Ala Leu Asn Ala Gln Ala Gln 65 70 75 80

Leu Trp Cys Ala Glu Val Asn Ala Thr Val His Ser Glu Ile Cys Ala 85 90 95

Val Pro Asn Asp Arg Leu Val Asp Glu Arg Thr Val Leu Arg Glu Leu
100 105 110

Pro Ser Leu Arg Pro Thr Ile Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Arg Arg Lys Val 115 120 125

Asp Gly Leu Ser Cys Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ser Ala Arg Tyr Ser Val Pro 130 135 140

Gln Arg Leu Val Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Val Val Asp His Gly Ala 145 150 155 160 Leu Ile Leu Leu Glu Pro Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Val Ala Glu His Glu 165 170 175

Leu Val Ser Pro Gly Glu Val Ser Ile Leu Asp Glu His Tyr Asp Gly 180 185 190

Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Ser Arg Gly Pro Arg Pro Lys Thr Gln Ala Glu 195 200 205

Lys Arg Phe Cys Ala Leu Gly Thr Glu Ala Gln Gln Phe Leu Val Gly 210 215 220

Ala Ala Ile Gly Asn Thr Arg Leu Lys Ser Glu Leu Asp Ile Leu 225 230 235 240

Leu Gly Leu Gly Ala Ala His Gly Glu Gln Ala Leu Ile Asp Ala Leu 245 250 255

Arg Arg Ala Val Ala Phe Arg Arg Phe Arg Ala Ala Asp Val Arg Ser 260 265 270

Ile Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Pro Gln Pro Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp 275 280 285

Ala Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Thr Val Glu Thr Arg Ser Leu Glu Ala 290 295 300

Tyr Lys Ile Asn Thr Thr Asp Gly Thr Ala Ser 305 310 315

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 264 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

Met Thr Thr Ala Ala Lys Pro Val Ala Pro Ser Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu 1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Asp Leu Asp Ala Ala Leu Arg Arg Leu Lys Leu Ala Thr Val 20 25 30

Arg Arg Asn Ala Ala Glu Val Leu Gln Val Ala Lys Thr Gln Arg Trp

Thr Pro Glu Glu Ile Leu Arg Thr Leu Val Glu Ala Glu Ile Ala Ala 50 55 60

Arg Asp Ala Ser Asn Thr Ala Asn Arg Leu Lys Ala Ala Ala Phe Pro 65 70 75 80

Val Thr Lys Thr Leu Asp Gly Phe Asp Val Thr Gly Ser Ser Ile Thr 85 90 95

Ala Ala Thr Phe Asp Tyr Leu Ser Ser Leu Glu Trp Ile Arg Ala Gln 100 105 110

Gln Asn Leu Ala Val Ile Gly Pro Pro Gly Thr Gly Lys Ser His Leu 115 120 125

Leu Ile Gly Cys Gly His Ala Ala Val His Ala Gly Phe Lys Val Arg 130 135 140

Tyr Phe Thr Ala Ala Asp Leu Ile Glu Val Leu Tyr Arg Gly Leu Ala 145 150 155 160

Asp Asn Thr Val Gly Lys Ile Ile Asp Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Asp Leu 165 170 175

Val Ile Leu Asp Glu Ile Gly Phe Ala Pro Leu Asp Asp Thr Gly Thr 180 185 190

Gln Leu Leu Phe Arg Leu Val Ala Ala Gly Tyr Glu Arg Arg Ser Leu 195 200 205

Ala Ile Ala Ser His Trp Pro Phe Glu Gln Trp Gly Arg Phe Leu Pro 210 215 220

Glu His Thr Thr Ala Ala Ser Ile Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu His His Ala 225 230 235 240

Ser Ile Val Val Thr Ser Gly Glu Ser Tyr Arg Met Arg His Ala Asp 245 250 255

His Lys Lys Gly Ala Ala Lys Asn 260

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 789 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: both

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

GTGACGTCTG CTCCGACCGT CTCGGTGATA ACGATCTCGT TCAACGACCT CGACGGGTTG 60 CAGCGCACGG TGAAAAGTGT GCGGGCGCAA CGCTACCGGG GACGCATCGA GCACATCGTA 120 ATCGACGGTG GCAGCGGCGA CGACGTGGTG GCATACCTGT CCGGGTGTGA ACCAGGCTTC 180 GCGTATTGGC AGTCCGAGCC CGACGGCGGG CGGTACGACG CGATGAACCA GGGCATCGCG 240 CACGCATCGG GTGATCTGTT GTGGTTCTTG CACTCCGCCG ATCGTTTTTC CGGGCCCGAC 300 GTGGTAGCCC AGGCCGTGGA GGCGCTATCC GGCAAGGGAC CGGTGTCCGA ATTGTGGGGC 360 TTCGGGATGG ATCGTCTCGT CGGGCTCGAT CGGGTGCGCG GCCCGATACC TTTCAGCCTG 420 CGCAAATTCC TGGCCGGCAA GCAGGTTGTT CCGCATCAAG CATCGTTCTT CGGATCATCG 480 CTGGTGGCCA AGATCGGTGG CTACGACCTT GATTTCGGGA TCGCCGCCGA CCAGGAATTC 540 ATATTGCGGG CCGCGCTGGT ATGCGAGCCG GTCACGATTC GGTGTGTGCT GTGCGAGTTC 600 GACACCACGG GCGTCGGCTC GCACCGGGAA CCAAGCGCGG TCTTCGGTGA TCTGCGCCGC 660 ATGGGCGACC TTCATCGCCG CTACCCGTTC GGGGGAAGGC GAATATCACA TGCCTACCTA 720 CGCGGCCGGG AGTTCTACGC CTACAACAGT CGATTCTGGG AAAACGTCTT CACGCGAATG 780 **TCGAAATAG** 789

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 262 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

Met Thr Ser Ala Pro Thr Val Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Ser Phe Asn Asp 1 5 10

Leu Asp Gly Leu Gln Arg Thr Val Lys Ser Val Arg Ala Gln Arg Tyr
20 25 30

Arg Gly Arg Ile Glu His Ile Val Ile Asp Gly Gly Ser Gly Asp Asp 35 40 45

Val Val Ala Tyr Leu Ser Gly Cys Glu Pro Gly Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gln
50 55 60

Ser Glu Pro Asp Gly Gly Arg Tyr Asp Ala Met Asn Gln Gly Ile Ala 65 70 75 80

His Ala Ser Gly Asp Leu Leu Trp Phe Leu His Ser Ala Asp Arg Phe 85 90 95

Ser Gly Pro Asp Val Val Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Ala Leu Ser Gly Lys 100 105 110

Gly Pro Val Ser Glu Leu Trp Gly Phe Gly Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gly 115 120 125

Leu Asp Arg Val Arg Gly Pro Ile Pro Phe Ser Leu Arg Lys Phe Leu 130 135 140

Ala Gly Lys Gln Val Val Pro His Gln Ala Ser Phe Phe Gly Ser Ser 145 150 155 160

Leu Val Ala Lys Ile Gly Gly Tyr Asp Leu Asp Phe Gly Ile Ala Ala 165 170 175

Asp Gln Glu Phe Ile Leu Arg Ala Ala Leu Val Cys Glu Pro Val Thr 180 185 190

Ile Arg Cys Val Leu Cys Glu Phe Asp Thr Thr Gly Val Gly Ser His
195 200 205

Arg Glu Pro Ser Ala Val Phe Gly Asp Leu Arg Arg Met Gly Asp Leu 210 215 220

His Arg Arg Tyr Pro Phe Gly Gly Arg Arg Ile Ser His Ala Tyr Leu 225 230 235 240

Arg Gly Arg Glu Phe Tyr Ala Tyr Asn Ser Arg Phe Trp Glu Asn Val 245 250 255

| GCGGCGCTGG | AGTGCGAAGG | CAAGCCGTGG | ATCGACAAGC | CGATGATCGC | CGGCCGGACA | 1020 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| TGA | | | | | | 1023 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 340 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

Met Lys Arg Ala Leu Ile Thr Gly Ile Thr Gly Gln Asp Gly Ser Tyr

1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Glu Leu Leu Leu Ala Lys Gly Tyr Glu Val His Gly Leu Ile 20 25 30

Arg Arg Ala Ser Thr Phe Asn Thr Ser Arg Ile Asp His Leu Tyr Val 35 40 45

Asp Pro His Gln Pro Gly Ala Arg Leu Phe Leu His Tyr Gly Asp Leu 50 55 60

Ile Asp Gly Thr Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Leu Ser Thr Ile Glu Pro Asp 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Tyr Asn Leu Ala Ala Gln Ser His Val Arg Val Ser Phe Asp 85 90 95

Glu Pro Val His Thr Gly Asp Thr Thr Gly Met Gly Ser Met Arg Leu 100 105 110

Leu Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Ser Arg Val His Cys Arg Phe Tyr Gln Ala 115 120 125

Ser Ser Ser Glu Met Phe Gly Ala Ser Pro Pro Gln Asn Glu Leu 130 135 140

Thr Pro Phe Tyr Pro Arg Ser Pro Tyr Gly Ala Ala Lys Val Tyr Ser 145 150 155 160

Tyr Trp Ala Thr Arg Asn Tyr Arg Glu Ala Tyr Gly Leu Phe Ala Val 165 170 175 Asn Gly Ile Leu Phe Asn His Glu Ser Pro Arg Arg Gly Glu Thr Phe 180 185 190

Val Thr Arg Lys Ile Thr Arg Ala Val Ala Arg Ile Lys Ala Gly Ile 195 200 205

Gln Ser Glu Val Tyr Met Gly Asn Leu Asp Ala Val Arg Asp Trp Gly 210 215 220

Tyr Ala Pro Glu Tyr Val Glu Gly Met Trp Arg Met Leu Gln Thr Asp 225 230 235 240

Glu Pro Asp Asp Phe Val Leu Ala Thr Gly Arg Gly Phe Thr Val Arg 245 250 255

Glu Phe Ala Arg Ala Ala Phe Glu His Ala Gly Leu Asp Trp Gln Gln 260 265 270

Tyr Val Lys Phe Asp Gln Arg Tyr Leu Arg Pro Thr Glu Val Asp Ser 275 280 285

Leu Ile Gly Asp Ala Thr Lys Ala Ala Glu Leu Leu Gly Trp Arg Ala 290 295 300

Ser Val His Thr Asp Glu Leu Ala Arg Ile Met Val Asp Ala Asp Met 305 310 315 320

Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Glu Gly Lys Pro Trp Ile Asp Lys Pro Met Ile 325 330 335

Ala Gly Arg Thr 340

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 732 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION:1..729

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

| ATG Met | AGG Arg | CTG Leu | GCC Ala | CGT Arg 345 | CGC Arg | GCT Ala | CGG Arg | AAC Asn | ATC Ile 350 | TTG Leu | C G T Arg | C GC Arg | Asn | GGC Gly 355 | ATC Ile | 48 |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|
| GAG Glu | GTG Val | TC G Ser | CGC Arg 360 | TAC Tyr | TTT Phe | GCC Ala | GAA Glu | CT G Leu 365 | GAC Asp | T GG Trp | GAA Glu | CGC Arg | AAT Asn 370 | TTC Phe | TTG Leu | 96 |
| CGC Arg | CAA Gln | CTG Leu 375 | CAA Gln | TCG Ser | CAT His | CGG Arg | GTC Val 380 | AGT Ser | GCC Ala | GTG Val | CTC Leu | GAT Asp 385 | GTC Val | GGG Gly | GCC Ala | 144 |
| AAT Asn | TCG Ser 390 | GGG Gly | CAG Gln | TAC Tyr | GCC Ala | AGG Arg 395 | GGT Gly | CTG Leu | CGC Arg | GGC Gly | GCG Ala 400 | GGC Gly | TTC Phe | GCG Ala | GGC Gly | 192 |
| CGC Arg 405 | ATC Ile | GTC Val | TCG Ser | TTC Phe | GAG Glu 410 | CCG Pro | CT G Leu | CCC Pro | GGG Gly | CCC Pro 415 | TTT Phe | GCC Ala | GTC Val | TTG Leu | CAG G1n 420 | 240 |
| CGC Arg | AGC Ser | GCC Ala | TCC Ser | ACG Thr 425 | GAC Asp | CCG Pro | TTG Leu | TGG Trp | GAA Glu 430 | TGC Cys | CGG Arg | CGC Arg | TGT Cys | GCG Ala 435 | CTG Leu | 288 |
| GGC Gly | GAT Asp | GTC Val | GAT Asp 440 | GGA Gly | ACC Thr | ATC Ile | TCG Ser | ATC Ile 445 | Asn | GTC Val | GCC Ala | GGC Gly | AAC Asn 450 | GAG Glu | GGC Gly | 336 |
| GCC Ala | AGC Ser | AGT Ser 455 | Ser | GTC Val | TTG Leu | CCG Pro | ATG Met 460 | Leu | AAA Lys | CGA Arg | CAT His | CAG Gln 465 | GAC Asp | GCC Ala | TTT Phe | 384 |
| CCA Pro | CCA Pro 470 | Ala | : AAC . Asn | TAC Tyr | GTG Val | GGC Gly 475 | Ala | CAA G1n | CGG Arg | GTG Val | CCG Pro 480 | i ATA o Ile | CAT His | CGA Arg | CTC Leu | 432 |
| GAT Asp 485 | Ser | GTG Val | G GCT Ala | GCA Ala | GAC Asp 490 | Val | CTG Leu | CGG Arg | CCC Pro | AAC Asn 495 | Asp | ATT Ile | GCG Ala | TTC Phe | TTG Leu 500 | 480 |
| AAG Lys | ATC Ile | C GA(e Asp | C GTT | CAA Glr 505 | ı Gly | TTC Phe | GAG Glu | AAG Lys | G CAG Glr 510 | ı Val | AT(Ile | C GCG e Ala | GGT Gly | GGC Gly 515 | Asp | 528 |
| TCA Ser | ACC Thr | G GTO | G CAG | GA(S Asp | CGA Arg | TG(| GT(Val | C GG(I Gly | C ATO | G CAG | CTO Let | C GAG u Glu | CT0 | TCT Ser | TTC Phe | 576 |

| CAG Gln | CCG Pro | TTG Leu 535 | TAC Tyr | GAG Glu | GGT Gly | GGC Gly | ATG Met 540 | CTC Leu | ATC Ile | CGC Arg | GAG Glu | GCG Ala 545 | CTC Leu | GAT Asp | CTC Leu | 624 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|-----|
| GTG Val | GAT Asp 550 | TCG Ser | TTG Leu | GGC Gly | TTT Phe | ACG Thr 555 | CTC Leu | TCG Ser | GGA Gly | Leu | CAA Gln 560 | CCC Pro | GGT Gly | TTC Phe | ACC Thr | 672 |
| GAC Asp 565 | CCC Pro | CGC Arg | AAC Asn | GGT Gly | CGA Arg 570 | ATG Met | CTG Leu | CAG Gln | GCC Ala | GAT Asp 575 | GGC Gly | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | TTC Phe | CGG Arg 580 | 720 |
| | AGC Ser | GAT Asp | TGA | | | | | | | | | | | | | 732 |
| (2) | | (1 | SEQUI A) LI 3) T | ENCE ENGTI YPE: | CHA H: 2 | RACTI 43 ai no a | ERIS ^T mino cid | TICS | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 1(~ Y * | - 13 N | ear | | | | | | | | | |
| | |) MOI) SE | LECU | LE T | YPE: | | tein | SEQ | ID N |): 3! | 5: | | | | | |
| Met 1 | (xi Arg |) MOI) SE | LECU QUEN | LE T | YPE: ESCR | pro IPTI | tein ON: | | | | | Arg | Asn | Gly 15 | Ile | |
| 1 | (xi Arg |) MOI) SEI Leu | LECU QUEN Ala | LE T CE DI Arg 5 | YPE: ESCR Arg | pro IPTI Ala | tein ON: Arg | Asn | Ile 10 Asp | Leu | Arg | | | 15 Phe | Ile Leu | |
| 1 Glu | (xi Arg Val |) MOI) SEG Leu Ser | LECU QUEN Ala Arg 20 Gln | LE T CE D Arg 5 Tyr | YPE: ESCR Arg Phe | pro IPTI Ala Ala | tein ON: Arg Glu | Asn Leu 25 Ser | Ile 10 Asp | Leu Trp | Arg Glu | Arg | Asn 30 | Phe | | |
| 1 Glu Arg | (xi Arg Val |) MOI) SE Leu Ser Leu 35 | LECU QUEN Ala Arg 20 Gln | LE T CE D Arg 5 Tyr | YPE: ESCR Arg Phe | pro IPTI Ala Ala Arg | tein ON: Arg Glu Val 40 | Asn Leu 25 Ser | Ile 10 Asp | Leu Trp Val | Arg Glu Leu | Arg Asp 45 | Asn 30 Val | Phe Gly | Leu | |
| 1 Glu Arg Asr | (xi Arg Val Glr Ser 50 | Ser Leu 35 Gly | Ala Arg 20 Gln | Arg 5 Tyr Ser | YPE: ESCR Arg Phe His | pro IPTI Ala Ala Arg 55 | tein ON: Arg Glu Val 40 | Asn Leu 25 Ser | Ile 10 Asp Ala Arg | Trp Val Gly | Arg Glu Leu Ala 60 | Arg Asp 45 Gly | Asn 30 Val | Phe Gly | Leu | |

Gly Asp Val Asp Gly Thr Ile Ser Ile Asn Val Ala Gly Asn Glu Gly

525

520

530

Ala Ser Ser Val Leu Pro Met Leu Lys Arg His Gln Asp Ala Phe 115 120 125

Pro Pro Ala Asn Tyr Val Gly Ala Gln Arg Val Pro Ile His Arg Leu 130 135 140

Asp Ser Val Ala Ala Asp Val Leu Arg Pro Asn Asp Ile Ala Phe Leu 145 150 155 160

Lys Ile Asp Val Gln Gly Phe Glu Lys Gln Val Ile Ala Gly Gly Asp 165 170 175

Ser Thr Val His Asp Arg Cys Val Gly Met Gln Leu Glu Leu Ser Phe 180 185 190

Gln Pro Leu Tyr Glu Gly Gly Met Leu Ile Arg Glu Ala Leu Asp Leu 195 200 205

Val Asp Ser Leu Gly Phe Thr Leu Ser Gly Leu Gln Pro Gly Phe Thr 210 215 220

Asp Pro Arg Asn Gly Arg Met Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly Ile Phe Phe Arg 225 230 235 240

Gly Ser Asp

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 732 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..729
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36:

| Val | Lys 245 | Ser | Leu | Lys | Leu | Ala 250 | Arg | Phe | Ile | Ala | Arg 255 | Ser | Ala | Ala | Phe | |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-----|
| | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| | AAA Lys 325 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| GGC Gly 340 | GAT Asp | TCT Ser | GAT Asp | GGA Gly | ACG Thr 345 | GTT Val | ACG Thr | ATC Ile | AAT Asn | ATC Ile 350 | GCA Ala | GGA Gly | AAC Asn | GCC Ala | GGT Gly 355 | 336 |
| | AGC Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| | CCG Pro | | | | | | | | Glu | | | | | | | 432 |
| | TCC Ser | | Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| | GTC Val 405 | | | | | | Glu | | | | | Ala | | | AAA Lys | 528 |
| | Thr | | | | | Cys | | | | | Leu | | | | TTC Phe 435 | 576 |
| CTG | CCG | TTG | TAC | GAA | GGT | GGC | ATG | CTC | : ATT | ССТ | GAA | GCC | СТС | GAT | СТС | 624 |

| Leu | Pro | Leu | Tyr | G1u 440 | Gly | Gly | Met | Leu | Ile 445 | Pro | G1 u | Ala | Leu | Asp 45 0 | Leu | |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----|
| | | TCC Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| | | AAT Asn 470 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| | GAC Asp 485 | GAT Asp | TGA | | | | | | | | | | | | | 732 |
| (2) | INFO | ORMAT | TION | FOR | SEQ | ID N | 10: 3 | 37 : | | | | | | | | |
| | + | (E | \) 3) T' | ENGTH (PE: | CHAF d: 24 amir DGY: | 13 an no ao | nino cid | | | | | | | | | |
| | |) MOI) SE(| | | | - | | SEQ : | ID NO | O: 37 | 7: | | | | | |
| Val 1 | Lys | Ser | Leu | Lys 5 | Leu | Ala | Arg | Phe | Ile 10 | Ala | Arg | Ser | Ala | Ala 15 | Phe | |
| Glu | Val | Ser | Arg 20 | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Glu | Arg 25 | Asp | Leu | Lys | His | Gln 30 | Phe | Val | |
| Lys | G1n | Leu 35 | Lys | Ser | Arg | Arg | Val 40 | Asp | Val | Val | Phe | Asp 45 | Va1 | Gly | Ala | |
| Asn | Ser 50 | Gly | Gln | Tyr | Ala | Ala 55 | Gly | Leu | Arg | Arg | A1a 60 | Ala | Tyr | Lys | Gly | |
| Arg 65 | Ile | Val | Ser | Phe | G1u 70 | Pro | Leu | Ser | Gly | Pro 75 | Phe | Thr | Ile | Leu | Glu 80 | |
| Ser | Lys | Ala | Ser | Thr 85 | Asp | Pro | Leu | Trp | Asp 90 | Cys | Arg | Gln | His | Ala 95 | | |
| Gly | Asp | Ser | Asp 100 | | Thr | Val | Thr | Ile 105 | Asn | Ile | Ala | Gly | Asn 110 | | Gly | |
| Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser | Va1 | Leu | Pro | Met | Leu | Lys | Ser | His | Gln | Asn | Ala | Phe | |

Pro Pro Ala Asn Tyr Val Gly Thr Gln Glu Ala Ser Ile His Arg Leu 130 135 140

Asp Ser Val Ala Pro Glu Phe Leu Gly Met Asn Gly Val Ala Phe Leu 145 150 155 160

Lys Val Asp Val Gln Gly Phe Glu Lys Gln Val Leu Ala Gly Gly Lys 165 170 175

Ser Thr Ile Asp Asp His Cys Val Gly Met Gln Leu Glu Leu Ser Phe 180 185 190

Leu Pro Leu Tyr Glu Gly Gly Met Leu Ile Pro Glu Ala Leu Asp Leu 195 200 205

Val Tyr Ser Leu Gly Phe Thr Leu Thr Gly Leu Leu Pro Cys Phe Ile 210 215 220

Asp Ala Asn Asn Gly Arg Met Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly Ile Phe Phe Arg 225 230 235 240

Glu Asp Asp

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 828 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION:1..825
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38:

ATG GTG CAG ACG AAA CGA TAC GCC GGC TTG ACC GCA GCT AAC ACA AAG Met Val Gln Thr Lys Arg Tyr Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Asn Thr Lys 245 250 255

| | | | | | | | | | | | | ATC Ile | | | | 96 |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | ATC Ile | Ala | | | 144 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | GGC Gly | | | | 192 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | CTC Leu 320 | | | | 240 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | GAC Asp | | | | 288 |
| CGC Arg 340 | GGC Gly | GTG Val | GAC Asp | CTG Leu | GCC Ala 345 | ACC Thr | GGA Gly | ACG Thr | T GG Trp | TTG Leu 350 | CTC Leu | TTT Phe | CTG Leu | GGC Gly | GCG Ala 355 | 336 |
| GAC Asp | GAC Asp | AGC Ser | CTG Leu | TAC Tyr 360 | GAG Glu | GCT Ala | GAC Asp | ACC Thr | CTG Leu 365 | GCG Ala | CGG Arg | GTG Val | GCC Ala | GCC Ala 370 | TTC Phe | 384 |
| ATT Ile | GGC Gly | GAA G1u | CAC His 375 | GAG Glu | CCC Pro | AGC Ser | GAT Asp | CTG Leu 380 | Val | TAT Tyr | GGC Gly | GAC Asp | GTG Val 385 | ATC Ile | ATG Met | 432 |
| CGC Arg | TCA Ser | ACC Thr 390 | Asn | TTC Phe | CGC Arg | TGG Trp | GGT Gly 3 9 5 | Gly | GCC Ala | TTC Phe | GAC Asp | CTC Leu 400 | GAC Asp | CGT Arg | CTG Leu | 480 |
| | | Lys | | | | | His | | | | | Tyr | | | GGA Gly | 528 |
| CTC Leu 420 | . Phe | GGC Gly | ACC Thr | ATC Ile | GGT Gly 425 | Pro | TAC Tyr | : AAC · Asn | CTC Leu | CGC Arg 430 | Tyr | CGG Arg | GTC Val | CTG Leu | GCC Ala 435 | 576 |
| GAC Asp | TG0 Trp | GAC Asp | TTC Phe | AAT Asr 440 | Ile | CGC Arg | : TGC Cys | : TT T : Phe | TC0 Ser 445 | Asr | CCA Pro | A GCG Ala | CTC Leu | GTC Val 450 | ACC Thr | 624 |

| CGC Arg | TAC Tyr | ATG Met | CAC His 455 | GTG Val | GTC Val | GTT Val | GCA Ala | AGC Ser 460 | Tyr | AAC Asn | GAA Glu | TTC Phe | GGC Gly 465 | GGG Gly | CTC Leu | | 672 |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|---|-----|
| AGC Ser | AAT Asn | ACG Thr 470 | ATC Ile | GTC Val | GAC Asp | AAG Lys | GAG G1u 475 | TTT Phe | TTG Leu | AAG Lys | CGG Arg | CTG Leu 480 | CCG Pro | ATG Met | TCC Ser | | 720 |
| ACG Thr | AGA Arg 485 | CTC Leu | GGC Gly | ATA Ile | AGG Arg | CTG Leu 490 | GTC Val | ATA Ile | GTT Val | CTG Leu | GTG Val 495 | CGC Arg | AGG Arg | TGG Trp | CCA Pro | ; | 768 |
| AAG Lys 500 | GTG Val | ATC Ile | AGC Ser | AGG Arg | GCC Ala 505 | ATG Met | GTA Val | ATG Met | CGC Arg | ACC Thr 510 | GTC Val | ATT Ile | TCT Ser | TGG Trp | CGG Arg 515 | 8 | 316 |
| | CGA Arg | CGT Arg | TAG | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | 328 |
| (2) | INFO | RMAT | ION | FOR | SEQ | ID N | 0: 3 | 9: | | | | | | | | | |

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 275 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39:

Met Val Gln Thr Lys Arg Tyr Ala Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Asn Thr Lys 1 5 10 15

Lys Val Ala Met Ala Ala Pro Met Phe Ser Ile Ile Ile Pro Thr Leu 20 25 30

Asn Val Ala Ala Val Leu Pro Ala Cys Leu Asp Ser Ile Ala Arg Gln
35 40 45

Thr Cys Gly Asp Phe Glu Leu Val Leu Val Asp Gly Gly Ser Thr Asp 50 55 60

Glu Thr Leu Asp Ile Ala Asn Ile Phe Ala Pro Asn Leu Gly Glu Arg 65 70 75 80

Leu Ile Ile His Arg Asp Thr Asp Gln Gly Val Tyr Asp Ala Met Asn 85 90 95

Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Ala Thr Gly Thr Trp Leu Leu Phe Leu Gly Ala 100 105 110

Asp Asp Ser Leu Tyr Glu Ala Asp Thr Leu Ala Arg Val Ala Ala Phe 115 120 125

Ile Gly Glu His Glu Pro Ser Asp Leu Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Ile Met 130 135 140

Arg Ser Thr Asn Phe Arg Trp Gly Gly Ala Phe Asp Leu Asp Arg Leu 145 150 155 160

Leu Phe Lys Arg Asn Ile Cys His Gln Ala Ile Phe Tyr Arg Arg Gly
165 170 175

Leu Phe Gly Thr Ile Gly Pro Tyr Asn Leu Arg Tyr Arg Val Leu Ala 180 185 190

Asp Trp Asp Phe Asn Ile Arg Cys Phe Ser Asn Pro Ala Leu Val Thr 195 200 205

Arg Tyr Met His Val Val Ala Ser Tyr Asn Glu Phe Gly Gly Leu 210 215 220

Ser Asn Thr Ile Val Asp Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Arg Leu Pro Met Ser 225 230 235 240

Thr Arg Leu Gly Ile Arg Leu Val Ile Val Leu Val Arg Arg Trp Pro 245 250 255

Lys Val Ile Ser Arg Ala Met Val Met Arg Thr Val Ile Ser Trp Arg 260 265 270

Arg Arg Arg 275

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40:

| (2) | INFORMATION | FOR | SE0 | ID | NO: | 41 |
|-----|-------------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|
|-----|-------------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|

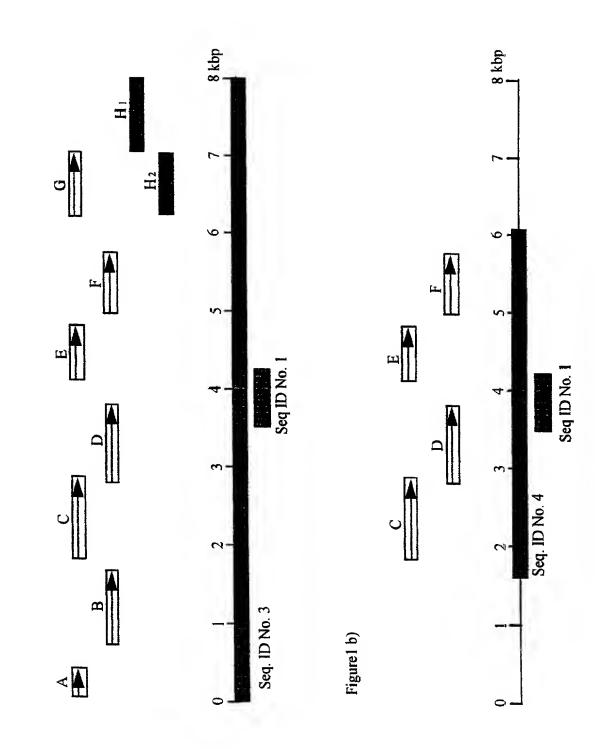
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: both
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41:

GATACGGCTC TTGAATCCTG CACG

24



Figure 1 a)



117-230 N.70283B DMG/IJB/ap

(Zip Code)

VIC 3219

FOR ADDITIONAL INVENTORS, check box 🗵 and attach sheet with same information and signature and date for each.

RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63) DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

NOVEL POLYNUCLEOTIDES AND POLYPEPTIDES IN PATHOGENIC MYCOBACTERIA AND THEIR USE AS DIAGNOSTICS, VACCINES AND

TARGETS FOR CHEMOTHERAPY the specification of which (check applicable box(s)) is attached hereto was filed on 19 June 1998 as U.S. Application Serial No. (To Be Assigned) (Atty Dkt. No. 117-260) was filed as PCT International application No. 23 December 1996 PCT/GB96/03221 Ø on and (if applicable to U.S. or PCT application) was amended on 22 December 1997 I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1,56, I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119/365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed or, if no priority is claimed, before the filing date of this application: Priority Foreign Application(s): Application Number Day/Month/Year Filed Great Britain 9526178.0 21 December 1995 I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below. Date/Month/Year Filed Application Number 14. Iffereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120/365 of all prior United States and PCT International applications listed above or below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in such prior applications in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 ប៊ីភ្លឺ, C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior applications and the national or PCT international filling date of this application: Rrior U.S./PCT Application(s): Status: patented Application Serial No. Day/Month/Year Filed pending, abandoned PCT/GB96/03221 23 December 1996 Thereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. And I hereby appoint NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 1100 North Glebe Rd., 8th Floor, Arlington, VA 22201-4714, telephone number (703) 816-4000 (to whom all communications are to be directed), and the following attorneys thereof (of the same address) individually and collectively my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office donnected therewith and with the resulting patent: Arthur R. Crawford, 25327; Larry S. Nixon, 25640; Robert A. Vanderhya, 27076; James T. Hosmer, 30184; Robert W. Faris, 31352; Richard G. Besha, 22770; Mark E. Nusbaum, 32348; Michael J. Keenan, 32106; Bryan H. Davidson, 30251; Stanley C. Spooner, 27393; Leonard C. Mitchard, 29009; Duane M. Byers, 33363; Jeffry H. Nelson, 30481; John R. Lastova, 33149; H. Warren Burnam, Jr. 29366; Thomas E. Byrne, 32205; Mary J. Wilson, 32955; J. Scott Davidson, 33489; Alan M. Kagen, 36178, William J. Griffin, 31260; Robert A. Molan, 29834; B. J. Sadoff, 36663; James D. Berquist, 34776; Updeep S Gill, 37334. 10 Inventor's Signature: HERMON-TAYLOR inventor. Jóba (last) (citizenship) (first) United Kingdom (state/country) Residence. (city) London St. George's Hospital Medical School, Dept. Of Surgery, Cranmer Terrace, London, United Kingdom Post Office Address: SW17 ORE (Zip Code) 8 1998 Date: Uv Inventor's Signature Australian DORAN Tim_ inventor: (citizenship) (last) (first) MI Australia Whillington (state/country) Residence: (city) Post Office Address: 1/8 Oxford Street, Whilington, Australia

RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63)

Nixon & Vanderhye P.C. (12/95)

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

| Page | 2 | A A | i LO I AI LIII i Ai | (// | | 1 |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|--------------------------|
| 3. h | Inventor's Signature. | | | MM | Date: | 14/8/98 |
| 3. <i>[Y</i> | Inventor | Douglas | | MILLAR | | British |
| | | (first) | MI | (last) (state/country) Aus | ralia | (oitizenship) |
| | Residence. (city) Post Office Address: | North Ryde Csiro Division of Blomole | cular Engineering | | | la |
| | (Zip Code) | NSW 2113 | 3 | | | |
| d. | 1 | 1/6 | | Tisiand. | Date: | 5/8/98 |
| 4. 4 | Unventor's Signature: , inventor: | Mark | | TIZARD. | Date: - | British |
| F 1 | , myemor. | (first) | 2 MI | (last) | | (citizenship) |
| 1:2 | ुँः Residence: (city) | London (19) |) | | ed Kingdon | |
| i | Post Office Address: | St. George's Hospital Med SW17 0RE | lical School, Dept. | Of Surgery, Cranmer | errace, Lor | idon, United Kingdom |
| | (Zip Code) | · // / | 7 12 | | | 01 700 |
| 5. | ()\Inventor's Signature: | 0/1/0 | raph | | Date: | 24.7.98 |
| 9 | Inventor: | Mark. | MI | LOUGHLIN (last) | • | British (cltizenship) |
| | Residence, (city) | London (-D) | | (state/country) Unit | ed Kingdon | n . |
| | Post Office Address: | St. George's Hospital Med | lical School, Dept. | Of Surgery, Cranmer 1 | errace, Lor | idon, United Kingdom |
| | (Zip Code) | SW17 ORE | | | | |
| | Anventor's Signature: | · Nazur | | Suma | Date: | 14th July 1998 |
| 6 | Inventor: | Nazira Nazira | | SUMAR | | British |
| | | (first) | MI | - (last) | - 1 1/2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | (citizenship) |
| 77-1 | Residence. (city) | St. George's Hospital Med | tical Cobool Dont | (state/country) <u>Unit</u> | ed Kingdor | ndon. United Kingdom |
| -17 | Post Office Address: (Zip Code) | SW17 ORE | icai scriodi, bept. | Of Surgery, Citation | dirado, ED | |
| ļa i | (LIP 2000) | | du | | | 27/7/98 |
| | Inventor's Signature: | \sim $/u$ | vi ve | FORD | Date: | British |
| 111 | Inventor: | John (first) \(\cap \) | Mi | (last) | • | (citizenship) |
| | Residence: (city) | London (- | | (state/country) Uni | ed Kingdor | 11 |
| 1 | Post Office Address: | St. George's Hospital Med | tical School, Dept | . Of Surgery, Cranmer | Terrace, Lo | ndon, United Kingdom |
| 1.3 | (Zıp Code) | SW17 ORE | | | | |
| 8.1 | Inventor's Signature: | | | | Date: | |
| | Inventor: | | | | | (citizenship) |
| | O salida ana dalah | (first) | MI | (last) (state/country) | | (Citizenamp) |
| 71 | Residence: (city) Post Office Address: | | | (************************************** | | |
| 20 € | (Zip Code) | | | | | |
| _ | 1 | | | | Date: | |
| 9. | Inventor's Signature: Inventor: | | | | | |
| | | (first) | MI | (last) | | (citizenship) |
| | Residence: (city) | | | (state/country) | | |
| | Post Office Address: (Zip Code) | | | | | |
| | (£1) COUE) | | | | | |
| 10. | Inventor's Signature: | | | | Date: | |
| | Inventor; | (first) | MI | (last) | | (citizenship) |
| | Residence: (city) | | | (state/country) | | |
| | Post Office Address. | | | | | |
| | (Zip Code) | | | | | |
| 11. | Inventor's Signature: | | | | Date: | |
| | Inventor: | | h #1 | (last) | | (citizenship) |
| | Residence: (city) | (first) | MI | (state/country) | | Commonwell |
| | Post Office Address: | | | | | |
| | (Zip Code) | | | | | |
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